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				EAS / Local Traffic Reciprocal Compensation Election					
	New			FCC ISP Ordered Rate			Notes		
				Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
				Wholesale Discount Percentage Recurring Charges		Wholesale Discount Percentage Nonrecurring Charges			
6.0	**Resale**								
	6.1	**Wholesale Discount Rates**							
	6.1.1	Basic Exchange Residence Line Service		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.2	Basic Exchange Business Line Service / PBX		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.3	IntraLATA Toll		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.4	Package / Special Services (e.g., Centrex, ISDN, DSS, Frame Relay Service, ACS)		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.5	Listings, CO Features Information Services		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.6	Private Line		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.1.7	Volume Packaged Services		8.15%		8.15%	A		A
	6.1.8	Public Access Line (PAL) Service		16.15%		16.15%	A		A
	6.2	**Customer Transfer Charge (CTC)**							
	6.2.1	CTC for POTS Service							
		6.2.1.1	Residential / Business						
			6.2.1.1.1 First Line						
			6.2.1.1.1.1	First Line (Manual)			$16.77			C
			6.2.1.1.1.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
			6.2.1.1.1.3	First Line (Mechanized)			$0.70			C
			6.2.1.1.2 Each Additional							
			6.2.1.1.2.1	Each Additional Line (Manual)			$2.80			C
			6.2.1.1.2.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
			6.2.1.1.2.3	Each Additional Line (Mechanized)			$0.14			C
	6.2.2	CTC for Private Line Transport Services							
		6.2.2.1	First Circuit				$34.67			C
		6.2.2.2	Each Additional Circuit, per Circuit, same CSR				$34.67			C
	6.2.3	CTC for Advanced Communications Services, per Circuit					$53.11			C
7.0	**Interconnection**								
	7.1	**Entrance Facilities**							
	7.1.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
	7.1.2	DS1		$94.48			$137.41	C		C
	7.1.3	DS3		$405.48			$282.26	C		C
	7.2	**LIS EICT**							
	7.2.1	Per DS1		$0.00			$0.00	B		B
	7.2.2	Per DS3		$0.00			$0.00	B		B
	7.3	**Direct Trunked Transport**							
	7.3.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
	7.3.2	DS1, per Trunk *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*							
		7.3.2.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$65.36	$1.99		C	C	
		7.3.2.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$65.36	$1.99		C	C	
		7.3.2.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$65.36	$1.99		C	C	
		7.3.2.4	Over 50 Miles	$61.69	$2.50		C	C	
	7.3.3	DS3, per Trunk *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*							
		7.3.3.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
		7.3.3.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
		7.3.3.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
		7.3.3.4	Over 50 Miles	$420.31	$24.40		C	C	
	7.4	**Multiplexing**							
	7.4.1	DS1 to DS0		$259.64			$211.37	C		C
	7.4.2	DS3 to DS1		$300.52			$268.37	C		C
	7.5	**Trunk Nonrecurring Charges**							
	7.5.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
	7.5.2	DS1 Interface							
		7.5.2.1	First Trunk				$159.53			C
		7.5.2.2	Each Additional Trunk				$4.68			C

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				Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
	7.5.3	DS3 Interface							
		7.5.3.1	First Trunk			$165.90			C
		7.5.3.2	Each Additional Trunk			$9.35			C
7.6	**Exchange Service (EAS/Local) Traffic**								
	7.6.1	End Office Call Termination, per Minute of Use		$0.001482			C		
	7.6.2	Tandem Switched Transport, per Minute of Use		$0.002100			C		
	7.6.3	Tandem Transmission, per Minute of Use *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*							
		7.6.3.1	0 to 8 Miles	$0.000362	$0.0000177		C	C	
		7.6.3.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$0.000362	$0.0000177		C	C	
		7.6.3.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$0.000362	$0.0000177		C	C	
		7.6.3.4	Over 50 Miles	$0.000355	$0.0000103		C	C	
7.7	**Local Traffic - FCC - ISP Rate Caps**								
	7.7.1	MOU as of June 14, 2003, rates in effect until further FCC action		$0.0007			4		
7.8	**Miscellaneous Charges**								
	7.8.1	Expedite Charge (LIS Trunks)				Qwest's North Dakota Access Service Catalog			
	7.8.2	Cancellation Charge (LIS Trunks)				Qwest's North Dakota Access Service Catalog			
	7.8.3	Additional Testing (LIS Trunks)				Qwest's North Dakota Access Service Catalog			
	7.8.4	Construction Charges		ICB		ICB	C, 3		C, 3
7.9	**Transit Traffic**								
	7.9.1	Local Transit, per Minute Of Use		$0.0045			2		
	7.9.2	IntraLATA Toll Transit, per Minute of Use		$0.0045			2		
	7.9.3	Intentionally Left Blank							
	7.9.4	Category 11 Mechanized Record Charge, per Record		$0.0025			C		
8.0	**Collocation**								
8.1	**All Collocation**								
	8.1.1	Planning and Engineering							
		8.1.1.1	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.1.1.2	Cable Augment Quote Preparation Fee			$1,488.56			C
	8.1.2	Entrance Facility							
		8.1.2.1	Standard Shared, per Fiber	$6.02		$659.96	C		C
		8.1.2.2	Cross Connect, per Fiber	$6.18		$774.12	C		C
		8.1.2.3	Express, per Cable	$96.45		$9,641.86	C		C
	8.1.3	Cable Splicing							
		8.1.3.1	Fiber, per Set-Up			$506.81			C
		8.1.3.2	Per Fiber Spliced			$38.24			C
	8.1.4	Power Usage							
		8.1.4.1	-48 Volt DC Power, per Ampere, per Month						
			8.1.4.1.1 Power Plant						
			8.1.4.1.1.1 Less Than 60 Amps	$12.51			C		
			8.1.4.1.1.2 Greater Than or Equal To 60 Amps	$9.75			C		
			8.1.4.1.2 Power Usage						
			8.1.4.1.2.1 Less Than or Equal To 60 Amps	$1.98			C		
			8.1.4.1.2.2 Greater Than 60 Amps	$3.97			C		
	8.1.5	AC Power Feed							
		8.1.5.1	Backup AC Power Feed, per Amp, per Month						

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				Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
		8.1.5.1.1	120 V	$20.12			C		
		8.1.5.1.2	208 V, Single Phase	$34.87			C		
		8.1.5.1.3	208 V, Three Phase	$60.32			C		
		8.1.5.1.4	240 V, Single Phase	$40.23			C		
		8.1.5.1.5	240 V, Three Phase	$69.60			C		
		8.1.5.1.6	480 V, Three Phase	$139.20			C		
	8.1.5.2	Backup AC Power Feed, per Foot, per Month							
		8.1.5.2.1	20 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0119		$8.04	C		C
		8.1.5.2.2	20 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0148		$9.97	C		C
		8.1.5.2.3	30 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0128		$8.67	C		C
		8.1.5.2.4	30 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0176		$11.91	C		C
		8.1.5.2.5	40 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0151		$10.20	C		C
		8.1.5.2.6	40 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0208		$14.04	C		C
		8.1.5.2.7	50 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0179		$12.10	C		C
		8.1.5.2.8	50 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0250		$16.89	C		C
		8.1.5.2.9	60 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0203		$13.68	C		C
		8.1.5.2.10	60 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0288		$19.44	C		C
		8.1.5.2.11	100 Amp, Single Phase	$0.0251		$16.94	C		C
		8.1.5.2.12	100 Amp, Three Phase	$0.0392		$26.45	C		C
8.1.6	Inspector Labor, per Half Hour								
	8.1.6.1	Regular Hours Rate				$34.37			C
	8.1.6.2	After Hours Rate, minimum 3 Hours				$44.70			C
8.1.7	Channel Regeneration								
	8.1.7.1	DS1		$0.00		$0.00	C		C
	8.1.7.2	DS3		$0.00		$0.00	C		C
8.1.8	Collocation Terminations								
	8.1.8.1	Shared Access							
		8.1.8.1.1	DS0						
			8.1.8.1.1.1 Cable Placement, per 100 Pair Block	$0.1980		$225.69	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.2 Cable Placement, per Termination	$0.0079		$9.03	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.3 Cable, per 100 Pair Block	$0.2931		$334.21	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.4 Cable, per Termination	$0.0059		$6.68	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.5 Blocks, per 100 Pair Block	$0.5075		$578.65	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.6 Blocks, per Termination	$0.0102		$11.57	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.7 Block Placement, per 100 Pair Block	$0.2083		$237.53	C		C
			8.1.8.1.1.8 Block Placement, per Termination	$0.0042		$4.75	C		C
		8.1.8.1.2	DS1						
			8.1.8.1.2.1 Cable Placement, per 28 DS1s	$0.5802		$391.80	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.2 Cable Placement, per Termination	$0.0624		$42.13	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.3 Cable, per 28 DS1s	$0.5713		$385.79	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.4 Cable, per Termination	$0.0614		$41.48	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.5 Panel, per 28 DS1s	$0.3918		$264.56	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.6 Panel, per Termination	$0.0470		$31.77	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.7 Placement Panel, per 28 DS1s	$0.1195		$80.69	C		C
			8.1.8.1.2.8 Placement Panel, per Termination	$0.0128		$8.68	C		C
		8.1.8.1.3	DS3						
			8.1.8.1.3.1 Cable Placement, per Termination	$0.2147		$144.97	C		C
			8.1.8.1.3.2 Cable, per Termination	$0.3689		$249.13	C		C
			8.1.8.1.3.3 Panel / Connector, per Termination	$0.3750		$253.21	C		C
			8.1.8.1.3.4 Panel / Connector Placement, per Termination	$0.0289		$19.49	C		C
		8.1.8.1.4	Fiber Termination						
			8.1.8.1.4.1 Terminations, per 12 Fibers	$28.32		$1,637.87	C		C
			8.1.8.1.4.2 Cable Racking for Fiber Terminations, Dedicated, per 12 Fibers	$2.30		$1,551.41	C		C
			8.1.8.1.4.3 Connector, Each Additional, if Applicable	$0.66		$445.37	C		C
			8.1.8.1.4.4 Cable Racking, Shared, per 12 Fibers	$27.96			C		
		8.1.8.1.5	Direct Connect			ICB			C, 3
8.1.9	Security Charges								
	8.1.9.1	Access Card, per Employee, per Card		$0.93			C		
	8.1.9.2	Card Access, per Employee, per Central Office		$9.05			C		
8.1.10	Composite Clock / Central Office Synchronization								
	8.1.10.1	Synchronization - Composite Clock, per Port		$8.48			C		
8.1.11	Intentionally Left Blank								

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
8.1.12	Space Availability Charge				$365.21			C
8.1.13	Collocation Space Reservation Fee				Charge will be 25% of Nonrecurring Fee			
8.1.14	Collocation Space Option Administration Fee				$1,198.04			C
8.1.15	Collocation Space Option Fee, per Square Foot		$2.00			C		
8.1.16	Joint Inventory Visit Fee, per Visit				$1,610.12			1
8.1.17	Intentionally Left Blank							
8.1.18	Intentionally Left Blank							
8.1.19	Intentionally Left Blank							
8.1.20	Splitter Collocation							
	8.1.20.1	Tie Cable Reclassification			ICB			C, 3
	8.1.20.2	Splitter Shelf Charge	$4.96		$541.39	C		C
	8.1.20.3	Engineering			$1,429.90			C
	8.1.20.4	Splitter TIE Cable Connections						
		8.1.20.4.1 Splitter in the Common Area - Data to 410 Block	$4.31		$2,909.32	C		C
		8.1.20.4.2 Splitter in the Common Area - Data Direct to CLEC	$4.57		$3,084.48	C		C
		8.1.20.4.3 Splitter on the IDF - Data to 410 Block	$1.34		$903.30	C		C
		8.1.20.4.4 Splitter on the IDF - Data Direct to CLEC	$2.60		$1,756.45	C		C
		8.1.20.4.5 Splitter on the MDF - Data to 410 Block	$1.38		$932.51	C		C
		8.1.20.4.6 Splitter on the MDF - Data Direct to CLEC	$3.08		$2,079.88	C		C
	8.1.20.5	Splitter Charge			ICB			3
8.2	**Virtual Collocation**							
8.2.1	Planning and Engineering							
	8.2.1.1	Quote Preparation Fee, per Collocation			$4,539.46			C, 6
8.2.2	Maintenance Labor, per Half Hour							
	8.2.2.1	Regular Hours Rate			$31.39			C
	8.2.2.2	After Hours Rate			$42.20			C
8.2.3	Training Labor, per Half Hour							
	8.2.3.1	Regular Hours Rate			$31.39			C
8.2.4	Bay Space							
	8.2.4.1	Equipment Bay, per Shelf	$4.37			C		
8.2.5	Engineering Labor, per Half Hour							
	8.2.5.1	Regular Hours Rate			$35.64			C
	8.2.5.2	After Hours Rate			$46.85			C
8.2.6	Installation Labor, per Half Hour							
	8.2.6.1	Regular Hours Rate			$34.37			C
	8.2.6.2	After Hours Rate			$44.70			C
8.2.7	Rent							
	8.2.7.1	Floor Space Lease, per Square Foot	$3.02			C		
8.2.8	Intentionally Left Blank							
8.2.9	-48 Volt DC Power Cable							
	8.2.9.1	20 Amp Feed	$6.42		$4,334.96	C		C
	8.2.9.2	30 Amp Feed	$7.31		$4,935.66	C		C
	8.2.9.3	40 Amp Feed	$8.83		$5,961.10	C		C
	8.2.9.4	60 Amp Feed	$15.63		$10,557.33	C		C
	8.2.9.5	100 Amp Feed	$26.37		$17,806.34	C		C
	8.2.9.6	200 Amp Feed	$49.09		$33,146.31	C		C
	8.2.9.7	300 Amp Feed	$77.19		$52,120.67	C		C
	8.2.9.8	400 Amp Feed	$109.60		$74,004.44	C		C

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				Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
8.3	**Cageless Physical Collocation**								
	8.3.1	Planning and Engineering							
		8.3.1.1	Quote Preparation Fee, per Collocation Ordered			$4,539.46			C, 6
	8.3.2	Space Construction and Site Preparation							
		8.3.2.1	Site Preparation			ICB			C, 3
		8.3.2.2	2 Bays	$31.31		$21,147.27	C		C
		8.3.2.3	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.3.2.4	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.3.2.5	Each Additional Bay, per Bay	$3.72		$2,512.64	C		C
		8.3.2.6	Adjustment for Single Bay, Change to Standard Design	($3.72)		($2,512.98)	C		C
		8.3.2.7	DC Power Cable						
			8.3.2.7.1 -48 Volt DC Power Cable						
			8.3.2.7.1.1 20 Amp Feed	$6.42		$4,334.96	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.2 30 Amp Feed	$7.31		$4,935.66	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.3 40 Amp Feed	$8.83		$5,961.10	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.4 60 Amp Feed	$15.63		$10,557.33	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.5 100 Amp Feed	$26.37		$17,806.34	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.6 200 Amp Feed	$49.09		$33,146.31	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.7 300 Amp Feed	$77.19		$52,120.67	C		C
			8.3.2.7.1.8 400 Amp Feed	$109.60		$74,004.44	C		C
	8.3.3	Floor Space Lease, per Square Foot		$3.02			C		
8.4	**Caged Physical Collocation**								
	8.4.1	Planning and Engineering							
		8.4.1.1	Quote Preparation Fee, per Collocation			$4,539.46			C, 6
	8.4.2	Space Construction and Site Preparation							
		8.4.2.1	Site Preparation Fee			ICB			C, 3
		8.4.2.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.4.2.3	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.4.2.4	Space Construction						
			8.4.2.4.1 Cage: Up to 100 Sq. Ft.	$54.43		$36,755.70	C		C
			8.4.2.4.2 Cage: 101 to 200 Sq. Ft.	$48.32		$32,629.55	C		C
			8.4.2.4.3 Cage: 201 to 300 Sq. Ft.	$59.60		$40,246.31	C		C
			8.4.2.4.4 Cage: 301 to 400 Sq. Ft.	$62.44		$42,159.89	C		C
		8.4.2.5	Intentionally Left Blank						
		8.4.2.6	DC Power Cable						
			8.4.2.6.1 -48 Volt DC Power Cable						
			8.4.2.6.1.1 20 Amp Feed	$6.42		$4,334.96	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.2 30 Amp Feed	$7.31		$4,935.66	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.3 40 Amp Feed	$8.83		$5,961.10	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.4 60 Amp Feed	$15.63		$10,557.33	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.5 100 Amp Feed	$26.37		$17,806.34	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.6 200 Amp Feed	$49.09		$33,146.31	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.7 300 Amp Feed	$77.19		$52,120.67	C		C
			8.4.2.6.1.8 400 Amp Feed	$109.60		$74,004.44	C		C
	8.4.3	Space Construction - Fencing Credit							
		8.4.3.1	Cage: Up to 100 Sq. Ft.	($8.18)		($5,521.00)	C		C
		8.4.3.2	Cage: 101 to 200 Sq. Ft.	($10.19)		($6,883.87)	C		C
		8.4.3.3	Cage: 201 to 300 Sq. Ft.	($11.45)		($7,732.18)	C		C
		8.4.3.4	Cage: 301 to 400 Sq. Ft.	($12.65)		($8,538.78)	C		C
	8.4.4	Floor Space Lease, per Square Foot		$3.02			C		
	8.4.5	Intentionally Left Blank							
	8.4.6	Intentionally Left Blank							
	8.4.7	Intentionally Left Blank							
	8.4.8	Grounding							
		8.4.8.1	2 / 0 AWG, per Foot	$0.0137		$9.26	C		C
		8.4.8.2	1 / 0 AWG, per Foot	$0.0241		$16.30	C		C
		8.4.8.3	4 / 0 AWG, per Foot	$0.0284		$19.18	C		C
		8.4.8.4	350 kcmil, per Foot	$0.0367		$24.75	C		C
		8.4.8.5	500 kcmil, per Foot	$0.0424		$28.65	C		C

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
	8.4.8.6	750 kcmil, per Foot	$0.0647		$43.67	C		C
8.5	**Adjacent Collocation**				ICB			C, 3
8.6	**Remote Collocation**							
	8.6.1	Physical & Virtual Remote Collocation						
	8.6.1.1	Space, per Standard Mounting Unit	$0.44		$719.98	C		C
	8.6.1.2	FDI Terminations, per 25 Pair	$0.26		$524.62	C		C
	8.6.1.3	Power Usage						
		8.6.1.3.1 Less Than or Equal To 60 Amps, per Amp (uses rates from 8.1.4.1.2.1)	$1.98			C		
	8.6.1.4	Quote Preparation Fee			$1,151.71			C
	8.6.2	Adjacent Remote Collocation						
	8.6.2.1	Adjacent Remote Collocation (New)			Under Development			
	8.6.2.2	Adjacent Remote Collocation (Existing)			Under Development			
	8.6.3	Additional Virtual Remote Collocation Elements						
	8.6.3.1	Flat Charge, per Job			$40.40			C
	8.6.3.2	Engineering Labor, per Half Hour			$35.99			C
	8.6.3.3	Maintenance Labor, per Half Hour			$33.43			C
	8.6.3.4	Installation Labor, per Half Hour			$33.43			C
	8.6.3.5	Training, per Half Hour			$33.43			C
8.7	**CLEC-to-CLEC**							
	8.7.1	Design, Engineering & Installation, Mechanized - No Cables						
	8.7.1.1	Fiber Flat Charge			$1,334.85			C
	8.7.1.2	Flat Charge			$687.23			C
	8.7.2	Cable Racking						
	8.7.2.1	DS0, per Foot, per Cable	$0.15606			C		
	8.7.2.2	DS1, per Foot, per Cable	$0.16909			C		
	8.7.2.3	DS3, per Foot, per Cable	$0.13891			C		
	8.7.2.4	Fiber, per Foot, per Fiber	$1.26758			C		
	8.7.3	Virtual Connections (if Applicable - Connections Only; No Cables)						
	8.7.3.1	DS0, per 100 Connections			$210.31			C
	8.7.3.2	DS1, per 28 Connections			$99.04			C
	8.7.3.3	DS3, per 1 Connection			$6.38			C
	8.7.3.4	Fiber Connections						
		8.7.3.4.1 Fiber, per Set-Up			$506.81			C
		8.7.3.4.2 Per Fiber Spliced			$38.24			C
	8.7.4	Cable Hole, if Applicable			$483.48			C
	8.7.5	CLEC to CLEC Cross-Connection			$204.36			C
8.8	**Interconnection Distribution Frame (ICDF) Collocation**							
	8.8.1	Quote Preparation Fee (uses rates from 8.1.1.2)			$1,488.56			C, 3
	8.8.2	DS0 Circuit, per 200 Legs	$21.13		$2,148.69	1		1
	8.8.3	DS1 Circuit, per Two Legs	$1.52		$365.41	1		1
	8.8.4	DS3 Circuit, per Two Legs	$10.60		$1,168.92	1		1
	8.8.5	Fiber Circuit, per Two Legs	$2.65		$234.31	1		1
8.9	**Application to Request Cancellation**				QPF, Prorated Job Costs			C
8.10	**Microwave Entrance Facility**				Under Development			
8.11	**Intentionally Left Blank**							
8.12	**Facility Connected (FC) Collocation**							
	8.12.1	FC Collocation Quote Preparation Fee, per Request			ICB			3
	8.12.2	FC Collocation Engineering Fee, per Job			ICB			3
	8.12.3	FC Collocation Copper Entrance Facility Charge, per 100 Pair	ICB		ICB	3		3
	8.12.4	FC Collocation Fiber Entrance Facility Charge, per Cable, minimum 12 Strands (uses rates from 8.1.2.1)	$6.02		$659.96	C		C
	8.12.5	FC Collocation Termination Block with Protectors Charge, per 100 Pairs	ICB		ICB	3		3
	8.12.6	FC Collocation Termination Panel Charge, per 12 Strands	ICB		ICB	3		3
	8.12.7	FC Collocation DS1 Voltage Isolation, per Pair	ICB		ICB	3		3

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				Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
8.13	**DC Power Reduction**								
	8.13.1	Quote Preparation Fee				$761.34			C
	8.13.2	Power Reduction Less Than 60 Amps				$534.95			C
	8.13.3	Power Reduction Equal To 60 Amps				$764.81			C
	8.13.4	Power Reduction Greater Than 60 Amps				$968.64			C
	8.13.5	Power On / Off				$671.96			C
	8.13.6	Battery Distribution Fuse Board (BDFB) Rent		$68.21			C		
8.14	**Collocation Transfer of Responsibility**								
	8.14.1	Interconnection Facility Options - Wireline and Wireless Local Interconnection Service Trunks							
		8.14.1.1	Per Trunk Group			$33.26			1
		8.14.1.2	Per Facility Circuit			$33.26			1
	8.14.2	Transfer of Responsibility Assessment Fee				$1,058.00			1
	8.14.3	Network System Administration Fee				$1,663.00			1
	8.14.4	Unbundled Loop, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.5	Subloop and Shared Distribution Loop, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.6	Shared Loop and Line Splitting, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.7	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.8	Enhanced Extended Loop / Loop Mux Combination, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.9	Loop Splitting, per Circuit				$33.26			1
	8.14.10	Unbundled Dark Fiber, per Circuit				$33.26			1
8.15	**Collocation Available Inventory**								
	8.15.1	Standard Sites							
		8.15.1.1	Removal of Terminations						
			8.15.1.1.1 DS0, per 100 Terminations			ICB			3
			8.15.1.1.2 DS1, per Termination			ICB			3
			8.15.1.1.3 DS3, per Termination			ICB			3
			8.15.1.1.4 OCN, per 12 Fibers			ICB			3
		8.15.1.2	Quote Preparation Fee (QPF)						
			8.15.1.2.1 Cageless (uses rate from 8.3.1.1)			$4,539.46			C, 6
			8.15.1.2.2 Caged (uses rate from 8.4.1.1)			$4,539.46			C, 6
	8.15.2	Special Sites							
		8.15.2.1	Special Site Assessment Fee			$1,058.00			1
		8.15.2.2	Network Systems Assessment Fee			$1,663.00			1
		8.15.2.3	Site Survey Fee			$150.00			1
	8.15.3	Re-usable Elements				ICB			3
8.16	**Collocation Decommissioning (uses rates from 9.20)**								
	8.16.1	Additional Labor Other - Basic				$26.18			C
	8.16.2	Additional Labor Other - Overtime				$34.96			C
	8.16.3	Additional Labor Other - Premium				$43.76			C
	8.16.4	Additional Dispatch				ICB			C, 3
8.17	**Joint Testing**								
	8.17.1	Set-Up Fee (price contains a One Hour Set Up Fee)				$40.96			1
	8.17.2	Test Time Fee, per Half Hour				$20.48			1
9.0	**Unbundled Network Elements (UNEs)**								
9.1	**Interconnection Tie Pairs (ITP) - Per Termination**								
	9.1.1	DS0							
		9.1.1.1	2-Wire	$0.00			C		
		9.1.1.2	4-Wire	$0.79			C		
	9.1.2	DS1		$1.47			C		
	9.1.3	DS3		$17.46			C		
9.2	**Unbundled Loops**								
	9.2.1	Analog Loops				See 9.2.4			
		9.2.1.1	2-Wire Voice Grade Loop						
			9.2.1.1.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
			9.2.1.1.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
			9.2.1.1.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
		9.2.1.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
		9.2.1.3	4-Wire Voice Grade Loop						
			9.2.1.3.1 Zone 1	$28.54			C		
			9.2.1.3.2 Zone 2	$48.11			C		
			9.2.1.3.3 Zone 3	$108.99			C		

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	TRO	TRO Per Mile	NRO
	9.2.1.4	Intentionally Left Blank						
	9.2.1.5	Unbundled Loop Grooming (2-Wire)	$0.00			C		
	9.2.1.6	Unbundled Loop Grooming (4-Wire)	$0.00			C		
9.2.2	Nonloaded Loops				See 9.2.4			
	9.2.2.1	2-Wire Nonloaded Loop						
		9.2.2.1.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
		9.2.2.1.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
		9.2.2.1.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
	9.2.2.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
	9.2.2.3	4-Wire Nonloaded Loop						
		9.2.2.3.1 Zone 1	$28.54			C		
		9.2.2.3.2 Zone 2	$48.11			C		
		9.2.2.3.3 Zone 3	$108.99			C		
	9.2.2.4	Cable Unloading / Bridge Tap Removal			No Charge at This Time			C
9.2.3	Digital Capable Loops							
	9.2.3.1	Basic Rate ISDN / xDSL-I Capable / ADSL Compatible Loop			See 9.2.4			
		9.2.3.1.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
		9.2.3.1.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
		9.2.3.1.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
	9.2.3.2	Intentionally Left Blank						
	9.2.3.3	DS1 Capable Loop			See 9.2.5			
		9.2.3.3.1 Zone 1	$74.88			C		
		9.2.3.3.2 Zone 2	$78.63			C		
		9.2.3.3.3 Zone 3	$83.57			C		
	9.2.3.4	DS3 Capable Loop			See 9.2.6			
		9.2.3.4.1 Zone 1	$748.54			C		
		9.2.3.4.2 Zone 2	$953.76			C		
		9.2.3.4.3 Zone 3	$1,009.89			C		
	9.2.3.5	Intentionally Left Blank						
	9.2.3.6	2-Wire Extension Technology	$4.75			C		
	9.2.3.7	2-Wire Extension Technology Grooming	$1.61			C		
9.2.4	Loop Installation Charges for 2 & 4-Wire Analog / Nonloaded, ISDN BRI Capable, xDSL-I Capable, and ADSL Compatible Loop where conditioning is not required.		See 9.2.1 & 9.2.2					
	9.2.4.1	Basic Installation						
		9.2.4.1.1 First			$55.27			C
		9.2.4.1.2 Each Additional			$48.77			C
	9.2.4.2	Basic Installation with Performance Testing						
		9.2.4.2.1 First			$142.10			C
		9.2.4.2.2 Each Additional			$86.24			C
	9.2.4.3	Coordinated Installation with Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation						
		9.2.4.3.1 First			$171.87			C
		9.2.4.3.2 Each Additional			$94.09			C
	9.2.4.4	Coordinated Installation without Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation						
		9.2.4.4.1 First			$59.81			C
		9.2.4.4.2 Each Additional			$53.32			C
	9.2.4.5	Basic Installation with Cooperative Testing						
		9.2.4.5.1 First			$142.10			C
		9.2.4.5.2 Each Additional			$94.09			C
9.2.5	DS1 Loop Installation Charges		See 9.2.3.3					
	9.2.5.1	Basic Installation						
		9.2.5.1.1 First			$124.61			C
		9.2.5.1.2 Each Additional			$78.01			C

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
9.2.5.2	Basic Installation with Performance Testing							
	9.2.5.2.1	First			$207.62			C
	9.2.5.2.2	Each Additional			$146.05			C
9.2.5.3	Coordinated Installation with Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation							
	9.2.5.3.1	First			$248.42			C
	9.2.5.3.2	Each Additional			$146.04			C
9.2.5.4	Coordinated Installation without Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation							
	9.2.5.4.1	First			$115.22			C
	9.2.5.4.2	Each Additional			$83.36			C
9.2.5.5	Basic Installation with Cooperative Testing							
	9.2.5.5.1	First			$212.82			C
	9.2.5.5.2	Each Additional			$146.40			C
9.2.6	DS3 Loop Installation Charges		See 9.2.3.4					
9.2.6.1	Basic Installation							
	9.2.6.1.1	First			$124.61			C
	9.2.6.1.2	Each Additional			$78.01			C
9.2.6.2	Basic Installation with Performance Testing							
	9.2.6.2.1	First			$207.61			C
	9.2.6.2.2	Each Additional			$146.05			C
9.2.6.3	Coordinated Installation with Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation							
	9.2.6.3.1	First			$248.42			C
	9.2.6.3.2	Each Additional			$146.05			C
9.2.6.4	Coordinated Installation without Cooperative Testing / Project Coordinated Installation							
	9.2.6.4.1	First			$173.22			C
	9.2.6.4.2	Each Additional			$122.68			C
9.2.6.5	Basic Installation with Cooperative Testing							
	9.2.6.5.1	First			$212.82			C
	9.2.6.5.2	Each Additional			$146.40			C
9.2.7	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.2.8	Private Line / Special Access to Unbundled Loop Conversion (as is)				$37.47			C
9.3	**Subloop**							
9.3.1	2-Wire Distribution Loop (Applies to both Analog and Nonloaded Loops)							8
	9.3.1.1	First Loop			$64.83			C
	9.3.1.2	Each Additional			$17.69			C
9.3.1.3	First & Each Additional 2-Wire Distribution Loop							
	9.3.1.3.1	Zone 1	$9.60			C		
	9.3.1.3.2	Zone 2	$15.44			C		
	9.3.1.3.3	Zone 3	$20.88			C		
9.3.2	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.3	Intra Building Cable		$0.53			C		
	9.3.3.1	No Dispatch, First			$35.85			C
	9.3.3.2	No Dispatch, Each Additional			$14.93			C
	9.3.3.3	Dispatch, First			$75.58			C
	9.3.3.4	Dispatch, Each Additional			$25.14			C
9.3.4	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.5	MTE Terminal Subloop Access							
	9.3.5.1	Subloop MTE - POI Site Inventory, per Request			$113.17			C
	9.3.5.2	MTE - POI Rearrangement of Facilities			ICB			C, 3
	9.3.5.3	MTE - POI Construction of New SPOI	ICB			C, 3		
9.3.6	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.7	Field Connection Point (FCP)							
	9.3.7.1	Feasibility Fee / Quote Preparation Fee			$1,107.09			C
	9.3.7.2	FCP Set-up, per Request	$2.26		$3,232.73	1		1
	9.3.7.3	FCP Splicing, per 25 Pairs	$0.01		$13.63	1		1
	9.3.7.4	FCP Reclassification			$427.17			C
9.3.8	Intentionally Left Blank							

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC, Per Mile	NRC
9.3.9	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.10	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.11	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.3.12	Construction Fee		ICB		ICB	C, 3		C, 3
9.4	**Shared Services**							
9.4.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.4.2	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.4.3	Loop Splitting (uses Shared Loop rate)		$5.00			C		
	9.4.3.1	Basic Installation Charge for Loop Splitting			$34.24			C
9.4.4	OSS, per Line, per Month		$3.33			C		
9.5	**Network Interface Device (NID)**		$0.00		$52.98	C		C, 13
9.6	**Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)**							
9.6.1	DS0 UDIT *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*				$173.02			C
	9.6.1.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	
	9.6.1.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	
	9.6.1.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$26.09	$0.11		C	C	
	9.6.1.4	Over 50 Miles	$25.60	$0.11		C	C	
9.6.2	DS1 UDIT *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*				$208.29			C
	9.6.2.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$34.12	$3.25		C	C	
	9.6.2.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$34.95	$3.28		C	C	
	9.6.2.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$36.80	$1.86		C	C	
	9.6.2.4	Over 50 Miles	$35.44	$0.79		C	C	
9.6.3	DS3 UDIT *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*				$208.29			C
	9.6.3.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.6.3.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.6.3.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.6.3.4	Over 50 Miles	$420.30	$24.40		C	C	
9.6.4	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.5	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.6	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.7	UDIT DS0 Channel Performance							
	9.6.7.1	DS0 Low Side Channelization	$12.56			C		
9.6.8	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.9	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.10	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.6.11	UDIT Rearrangement							
	9.6.11.1	DS0 Single Office			$183.55			C
	9.6.11.2	DS0 Dual Office			$248.25			C
	9.6.11.3	High Capacity Single Office			$248.25			C
	9.6.11.4	High Capacity Dual Office			$277.03			C
9.6.12	Private Line / Special Access to UDIT Conversion (as is)				$129.94			1
9.7	**Unbundled Dark Fiber (UDF)**							
9.7.1	Initial Records Inquiry (IRI)							
	9.7.1.1	Simple			$160.33			C
	9.7.1.2	Complex			$190.29			C
9.7.2	Field Verification and Quote Preparation (FVQP)				$929.54			C
9.7.3	Engineering Verification				$304.32			C
9.7.4	UDF Single Strand							
	9.7.4.1	UDF - Interoffice Facilities (UDF-IOF) Single Strand						
		9.7.4.1.1 Order Charge, per First Strand / Route / Order			$432.07			C

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				Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
		9.7.4.1.2	Order Charge, Each Additional Strand / Route / Order			$172.68			C
		9.7.4.1.3	Fiber Transport, per Strand / Mile	$47.56			C		
		9.7.4.1.4	Termination, Fixed, per Strand / Office / Termination	$4.88			C		
		9.7.4.1.5	Fiber Cross-Connect (Minimum of 2 Cross-Connects apply), per Strand	$2.62		$12.73	C		C
	9.7.5	UDF - per Pair							
	9.7.5.1	UDF Interoffice Facilities (UDF-IOF) - per Pair							
		9.7.5.1.1	Order Charge, per First Pair / Route / Order			$432.07			C
		9.7.5.1.2	Order Charge, Each Additional Pair /-Route / Order			$172.68			C
		9.7.5.1.3	Fiber Transport, per Pair / Mile	$61.83			C		
		9.7.5.1.4	Termination, Fixed, per Pair / Office / Termination	$10.44			C		
		9.7.5.1.5	Fiber Cross-Connect (Minimum of 2 Cross-Connects apply), per Pair	$5.24		$12.73	C		C
	9.7.6	Dark Fiber Splice				$656.12			C
	9.7.7	UDF MTE Subloop		ICB		ICB	3		3
9.8	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.9	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.10	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.11	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.12	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.13	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.14	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.15	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.16	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.17	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.18	**Intentionally Left Blank**								
9.19	**Construction Charges**								
	9.19.1	CLEC Requested UNE Construction (CRUNEC)							
		9.19.1.1	Unbundled Dark Fiber Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
		9.19.1.2	Subloop Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
		9.19.1.3	Unbundled Loop Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
		9.19.1.4	Loop Mux Combo Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
		9.19.1.5	EEL Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
		9.19.1.6	UDIT Quote Preparation Fee			$1,706.60			1
	9.19.2	Construction of Network Capacity, Facilities or Space for Access to or use of UNEs		ICB		ICB	C, 3		C, 3
9.20	**Miscellaneous Charges**								
	9.20.1	Additional Engineering, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
		9.20.1.1	Additional Engineering - Basic			$30.03			C
		9.20.1.2	Additional Engineering - Overtime			$37.14			C
	9.20.2	Additional Labor Installation, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
		9.20.2.1	Additional Labor Installation - Overtime			$8.54			C
		9.20.2.2	Additional Labor Installation - Premium			$17.08			C
	9.20.3	Additional Labor Other, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
		9.20.3.1	Additional Labor Other - (Optional Testing) Basic			$26.18			C
		9.20.3.2	Additional Labor Other - (Optional Testing) Overtime			$34.96			C
		9.20.3.3	Additional Labor Other - (Optional Testing) Premium			$43.76			C
	9.20.4	Testing and Maintenance, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
		9.20.4.1	Testing and Maintenance - Basic			$27.81			C
		9.20.4.2	Testing and Maintenance - Overtime			$37.14			C
		9.20.4.3	Testing and Maintenance - Premium			$46.48			C
	9.20.5	Maintenance of Service, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
		9.20.5.1	Maintenance of Service - Basic			$26.18			C
		9.20.5.2	Maintenance of Service - Overtime			$34.96			C
		9.20.5.3	Maintenance of Service - Premium			$43.76			C

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			Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
9.20.6	Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
9.20.6.1	Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing - Basic				$27.81			C
9.20.6.2	Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing - Overtime				$37.14			C
9.20.6.3	Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing - Premium				$46.48			C
9.20.7	Nonscheduled Cooperative Testing, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
9.20.7.1	Nonscheduled Cooperative Testing - Basic				$27.81			C
9.20.7.2	Nonscheduled Cooperative Testing - Overtime				$37.14			C
9.20.7.3	Nonscheduled Cooperative Testing - Premium				$46.48			C
9.20.8	Nonscheduled Manual Testing, per Half Hour or fraction thereof							
9.20.8.1	Nonscheduled Manual Testing - Basic				$27.81			C
9.20.8.2	Nonscheduled Manual Testing - Overtime				$37.14			C
9.20.8.3	Nonscheduled Manual Testing - Premium				$46.48			C
9.20.9	Cooperative Scheduled Testing							
9.20.9.1	Cooperative Scheduled Testing - Loss		$0.08			C, 5		
9.20.9.2	Cooperative Scheduled Testing - C-Message Noise		$0.08			C, 5		
9.20.9.3	Cooperative Scheduled Testing - Balance		$0.33			C, 5		
9.20.9.4	Cooperative Scheduled Testing - Gain Slope		$0.08			C, 5		
9.20.9.5	Cooperative Scheduled Testing - C-Notched Noise		$0.08			C, 5		
9.20.10	Manual Scheduled Testing							
9.20.10.1	Manual Scheduled Testing - Loss		$0.17			C, 5		
9.20.10.2	Manual Scheduled Testing - C-Message Noise		$0.17			C, 5		
9.20.10.3	Manual Scheduled Testing - Balance		$0.67			C, 5		
9.20.10.4	Manual Scheduled Testing - Gain Slope		$0.17			C, 5		
9.20.10.5	Manual Scheduled Testing - C-Notched Noise		$0.17			C, 5		
9.20.11	Additional Dispatch				$79.80			C
9.20.12	Date Change				$9.81			C
9.20.13	Design Change				$69.90			C
9.20.14	Expedite Charge							
9.20.14.1	Designed Services				$200.00			2
9.20.15	Cancellation Charge				ICB			C, 3
9.21	**Channel Regeneration**							
9.21.1	DS1		$0.00		$0.00	C		C
9.21.2	DS3		$0.00		$0.00	C		C
9.22	**Intentionally Left Blank**							
9.23	**UNE Combinations**							
9.23.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.2	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.3	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.4	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.5	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.6	Loop Mux Combo (LMC)							
9.23.6.1	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.6.2	Loop Mux, 2-Wire Analog, DS0							
	9.23.6.2.1	LMC 2-Wire Loop Installation						
		9.23.6.2.1.1 First			$191.92			C
		9.23.6.2.1.2 Each Additional			$131.89			C
	9.23.6.2.2	2-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.1)						
		9.23.6.2.2.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
		9.23.6.2.2.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
		9.23.6.2.2.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
9.23.6.3	Loop Mux, 4-Wire Analog, DS0							
	9.23.6.3.1	LMC 4-Wire Loop Installation						
		9.23.6.3.1.1 First			$191.92			C
		9.23.6.3.1.2 Each Additional			$131.89			C
	9.23.6.3.2	4-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.3)						
		9.23.6.3.2.1 Zone 1	$28.54			C		

Exhibit A
North Dakota*

				Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC
			9.23.6.3.2.2 Zone 2	$48.11			C		
			9.23.6.3.2.3 Zone 3	$108.99			C		
	9.23.6.4	Loop Mux, DS1							
		9.23.6.4.1	LMC DS1 Loop Installation						
			9.23.6.4.1.1 First			$252.03			C
			9.23.6.4.1.2 Each Additional			$192.68			C
		9.23.6.4.2	DS1 Capable Loop (uses rates from 9.2.3.3)						
			9.23.6.4.2.1 Zone 1	$74.88			C		
			9.23.6.4.2.2 Zone 2	$78.63			C		
			9.23.6.4.2.3 Zone 3	$83.57			C		
	9.23.6.5	Private Line / Special Access to LMC Conversion (as is)				$29.96			C
	9.23.6.6	Intentionally Left Blank							
	9.23.6.7	DS0 Channel Performance (uses rate from 9.6.7.2)							
		9.23.6.7.1	Intentionally Left Blank						
		9.23.6.7.2	DS1 / DS0 Low Side Channelization	$8.41			C		
	9.23.6.8	LMC Rearrangement							
		9.23.6.8.1	DS0			$150.03			1
		9.23.6.8.2	High Capacity			$215.06			1
9.23.7	Enhanced Extended Loop (EEL)								
	9.23.7.1	EEL Loop, DS0 2-Wire Analog							
		9.23.7.1.1	EEL 2-Wire Loop Installation						
			9.23.7.1.1.1 First			$173.76			C
			9.23.7.1.1.2 Each Additional			$133.75			C
		9.23.7.1.2	2-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.1)						
			9.23.7.1.2.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
			9.23.7.1.2.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
			9.23.7.1.2.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
	9.23.7.2	EEL Loop, DS0 4-Wire Analog							
		9.23.7.2.1	EEL 4-Wire Loop Installation						
			9.23.7.2.1.1 First			$173.76			C
			9.23.7.2.1.2 Each Additional			$133.75			C
		9.23.7.2.2	4-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.3)						
			9.23.7.2.2.1 Zone 1	$28.54			C		
			9.23.7.2.2.2 Zone 2	$48.11			C		
			9.23.7.2.2.3 Zone 3	$108.99			C		
	9.23.7.3	EEL Loop, DS1							
		9.23.7.3.1	EEL DS1 Loop Installation						
			9.23.7.3.1.1 First			$210.93			C
			9.23.7.3.1.2 Each Additional			$162.63			C
		9.23.7.3.2	DS1 Capable Loop (uses rates from 9.2.3.3)						
			9.23.7.3.2.1 Zone 1	$74.88			C		
			9.23.7.3.2.2 Zone 2	$78.63			C		
			9.23.7.3.2.3 Zone 3	$83.57			C		
	9.23.7.4	EEL Loop, DS3							
		9.23.7.4.1	EEL DS3 Loop Installation						
			9.23.7.4.1.1 First			$247.09			C
			9.23.7.4.1.2 Each Additional			$189.81			C
		9.23.7.4.2	DS3 Capable Loop (uses rates from 9.2.3.4)						
			9.23.7.4.2.1 Zone 1	$748.54			C		
			9.23.7.4.2.2 Zone 2	$953.76			C		
			9.23.7.4.2.3 Zone 3	$1,009.89			C		
	9.23.7.5	Intentionally Left Blank							
	9.23.7.6	Private Line / Special Access to EEL Conversion (as is)				$29.96			C
	9.23.7.7	EEL Rearrangement							
		9.23.7.7.1	DS0			$150.03			1
		9.23.7.7.2	High Capacity			$215.06			1
	9.23.7.8	EEL Transport							

Exhibit A
North Dakota*

			Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC Per Mile	NRC
9.23.7.8.1	DS0 *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)* (uses rates from 9.6.1)							
	9.23.7.8.1.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.1.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.1.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$26.09	$0.11		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.1.4	Over 50 Miles	$25.60	$0.11		C	C	
9.23.7.8.2	DS1 *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)* (uses rates from 9.6.2)							
	9.23.7.8.2.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$34.12	$3.25		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.2.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$34.95	$3.28		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.2.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$36.80	$1.86		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.2.4	Over 50 Miles	$35.44	$0.79		C	C	
9.23.7.8.3	DS3 *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)* (uses rates from 9.6.3)							
	9.23.7.8.3.1	Over 0 to 8 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.3.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.3.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$421.97	$5.87		C	C	
	9.23.7.8.3.4	Over 50 Miles	$420.30	$24.40		C	C	
9.23.7.9	Intentionally Left Blank							
9.23.7.10	EEL Multiplexing							
	9.23.7.10.1	DS1 to DS0	$259.14		$167.46	C		C
	9.23.7.10.2	DS3 to DS1	$233.86		$169.76	C		C
9.23.7.11	EEL DS0 Channel Performance (uses rates from 9.6.7)							
	9.23.7.11.1	DS0 Low Side Channelization	$12.56			C		
	9.23.7.11.2	DS1 / DS0 Low Side Channelization	$8.41			C		
9.23.7.12	Concentration Capability		ICB		ICB	C, 3		C, 3
10.0 Ancillary Services								
10.1 Local Number Portability								
10.1.1	LNP Queries		See FCC Tariff #1 Sections 13 & 20		See FCC Tariff #1 Sections 13 & 20			
10.1.2	LNP Managed Cuts							
10.1.2.1	Standard Managed Cuts, per Person, per Half Hour				$27.22			C
10.1.2.2	Overtime Managed Cuts, per Person, per Half Hour				$35.23			C
10.1.2.3	Premium Managed Cuts, per Person, per Half Hour				$43.25			C
10.2 911 / E911								
10.2.1	911 / E911		No Charge		No Charge			
10.2.2	Public Switch / Automatic Location Identification (PS / ALI) Service							
10.2.2.1	Selective Routing (SR), per 100 Station Lines		$4.77		$4.33	1		1
10.2.2.2	Automatic Location Identification (ALI), per 100 Station Lines		$4.77		$4.33	1		1
10.2.2.3	Automatic Location Identification (ALI), Selective Routing (SR), per 100 Station Lines		$4.77		$4.33	1		1
10.2.2.4	PS / ALI Set-Up charge				$1,789.52			1
10.2.2.5	Control Office Incoming Trunk		$2.78		$19.15	1		1
10.2.3	Enhanced Extended Loop							
10.2.3.1	EEL DS0 2-Wire (uses rates from 9.23.7.1)							
	10.2.3.1.1	First			$191.92			C
	10.2.3.1.2	Each Additional			$131.89			C
	10.2.3.1.3	2-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.1)						
		10.2.3.1.3.1 Zone 1	$14.53			C		
		10.2.3.1.3.2 Zone 2	$24.49			C		
		10.2.3.1.3.3 Zone 3	$55.47			C		
10.2.3.2	EEL DS0 4-Wire (uses rates from 9.23.7.2)							
	10.2.3.2.1	First			$191.92			C
	10.2.3.2.2	Each Additional			$131.89			C
	10.2.3.2.3	4-Wire Analog Loop (uses rates from 9.2.1.3)						
		10.2.3.2.3.1 Zone 1	$28.54			C		
		10.2.3.2.3.2 Zone 2	$48.11			C		
		10.2.3.2.3.3 Zone 3	$108.99			C		
10.2.3.3	DS0 Low Side Channelization (uses rates from 9.23.7.11.1)		$12.56			C		
10.2.3.4	EEL Transport at DS0 Level (uses rates from 9.6.1)							
	10.2.3.4.1	DS0 *(Recurring Fixed & per Mile)*						
		10.2.3.4.1.1 Over 0 to 8 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	

Exhibit A
North Dakota*

		Recurring	Recurring, Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC/Mile	NRC
10.2.3.4.1.2	Over 8 to 25 Miles	$26.09	$0.09		C	C	
10.2.3.4.1.3	Over 25 to 50 Miles	$26.09	$0.11		C	C	
10.2.3.4.1.4	Over 50 Miles	$25.60	$0.11		C	C	
10.3 White Pages Directory Listings, Facility Based Providers							
10.3.1	Primary Listing	No Charge		No Charge			
10.3.2	Premium / Privacy Listings	General Exchange Tariff Rate, Less Wholesale Discount		General Exchange Tariff Rate, Less Wholesale Discount			
10.4 Directory Assistance, Facility Based Providers							
10.4.1	Local Directory Assistance, per Call	$0.32			2		
10.4.2	National Directory Assistance, per Call	$0.32			2		
10.4.3	Call Branding, Set-Up and Recording			$35,000.00			2
10.4.4	Loading Brand, per Switch			$175.00			2
10.4.5	Call Completion / Call Completion Link, per Call	$0.30			2		
10.5 Directory Assistance List Information							
10.5.1	Initial Database Load, per Listing	$0.025			2		
10.5.2	Reload of Database, per Listing	$0.02			2		
10.5.3	Daily Updates, per Listing	$0.05			2		
10.5.4	One-Time Set-Up Fee			$77.44			2
10.5.5	Media Charges for File Delivery						
10.5.5.1	Electronic Transmission	$0.002			2		
10.6 Toll and Assistance Operator Services, Facility Based Providers							
10.6.1	Operator Assistance, per Call	$0.50			2		
10.6.2	Busy Line Verify, per Call	$0.72			2		
10.6.3	Busy Line Interrupt	$0.87			2		
10.6.4	Call Branding, Set-Up & Recording			$10,500.00			2
10.6.5	Loading Brand, per Switch			$175.00			2
10.7 Access to Poles, Ducts, Conduits and Rights of Way (ROW)							
10.7.1	Pole Inquiry Fee, per Inquiry			$350.01			C
10.7.2	Innerduct Inquiry Fee, per Mile			$239.24			C
10.7.3	ROW Inquiry Fee, per Inquiry			$388.17			C
10.7.4	ROW Document Preparation Fee			$125.93			C
10.7.5	Field Verification Fee, per Pole			$20.99			C
10.7.6	Field Verification Fee, per Manhole			$195.57			C
10.7.7	Planner Verification, per Manhole			$16.93			C
10.7.8	Manhole Verification Inspector, per Manhole			$94.44			C
10.7.9	Manhole Make-Ready Inspector, per Manhole			$251.85			C
10.7.10	Transfer of Responsibility			$109.49			C
10.7.11	Pole Attachment Fee, per Foot, per Year						
10.7.11.1	Urban						
10.7.11.1.1	2004	$1.37			4		
10.7.11.1.2	2005	$1.47			4		
10.7.11.2	Non-Urban						
10.7.11.2.1	2004	$1.97			4		
10.7.11.2.2	2005	$2.22			4		
10.7.12	Innerduct Occupancy Fee, per Foot, per Year	$0.3041			4		
10.7.12.1	Microduct Occupancy Fee, per Microduct, per Foot, per Year	$0.4036			1		
10.7.13	Access Agreement Consideration			$10.00			2
10.7.14	Make Ready			ICB			C, 3
12.0 Operational Support Systems							
12.1	Development and Enhancements, per Order			No Charge at this Time			C
12.2	Ongoing Maintenance, per Order			No Charge at this Time			C
12.3	Daily Usage Record File, per Record	$0.0003926			C		
12.4	Trouble Isolation Charge			See 9.20			
17.0 Bona Fide Request Process							
17.1	Processing Fee			$1,897.30			C

NOTES:

Exhibit A
North Dakota*

	Recurring	Recurring Per Mile	Non-Recurring	REC	REC per Mile	NRC

Unless otherwise indicated, all rates are pursuant to North Dakota Public Service Commission dockets:

A: U S WEST and AT&T Interconnection Agreement approved by the North Dakota Public Utilities Commission in Docket Number PU-453-96-497, effective June 23, 1997.

B: 271 Compliance Investigation Docket Number PU-314-97-193, Order on Group 2 Checklist Items dated 10/15/01.

C: Cost Docket Case No. PU-2342-01-296

[1] Rate not addressed in cost docket (estimated TELRIC)

[2] Market-based rates contained in the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement in Case No. PU-2342-01-296.

[3] ICB, Individual Case Basis pricing.

[4] Rates per FCC Guidelines. Pole Attachment & Innerduct Occupancy rates revised in 9/17/04 Exhibit A to reflect newly calculated rates.

[5] Rates not applicable to UNE Elements. See Qwest's North Dakota Access Service Catalog

[6] The preliminary QPF costs are included in the Caged, and Cageless space construction charges. The engineering and planning charges are also included in the caged and cageless quote preparation fees. Upon completion of the collocation construction, the quote preparation fee (QPF) will be credited to the final space construction charge for the collocation job. The credit will apply to whichever QPF is applied. This exhibit currently lists multiple QPFs based on what has been proposed on the cost docket and what was approved in the AT&T interconnection agreement. CLEC may choose either QPF at this time.

[7] Intentionally Left Blank

[8] When distribution is purchased only for the purpose of campus wire, no recurring or nonrecurring charges will be assessed. This does not include collocation charges or FCP placement.

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[10] Intentionally Left Blank

[11] Intentionally Left Blank

[12] Intentionally Left Blank

[13] The NID charge will only apply if (a) the CLEC requests replacement of the NID; (b) the CLEC has requested an upgrade or rearrangement of existing facilities for which replacement of the NID is necessary; or (c) the CLEC is using its own loop facilities and requests a NID for access to inside wiring at the customer premises.

[14] Qwest is voluntarily reducing the LMC Multiplexing Recurring rate in order to keep the rate relationship with EEL Multiplexing.

Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.1

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.1

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

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Electronic Gateway Availability

GA-1 – Gateway Availability – IMA-GUI

Purpose:
Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:
GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.

- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level. Results will be reported as follows: GA-1A IMA Graphical User Interface Gateway GA-1D SIA system

Formula:
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 99.25 percent
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level. (See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)

Formula:

([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 99.25 percent
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA

Purpose:
Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:
Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level.

Formula:
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 99.25 percent
Availability: Available	**Note:**

GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.
Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions: None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: None</td><td>Standard: 99.25 percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

GA-6 – Gateway Availability – GUI -- Repair

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level.

Formula:

[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period ÷ Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period] x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 99.25 percent
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

Purpose:
Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved [NOTE 1] within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)[NOTE 2], Electronic Bonding– Trouble Administration (EB -TA) [NOTE 3]
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss [NOTE 4] on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level.

Formula:
[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) ÷ (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** Volume = 1-20: 1 miss Volume > 20: 95%

Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as experienced by the CLEC. 2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement. 3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC. 4. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID or trouble ticket number).

Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:
PO-1A & PO-1B:
Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting pre-ordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C:

- Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

- Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types. The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender. NOTE 1

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds PO-1C: Percent

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PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate.	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows: PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required) 2. Service Availability Information 3. Facility Availability 4. Street Address Validation 5. Customer Service Records 6. Telephone Number 7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3 8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification 9. Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4 10. Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5 For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported. For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number. PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI 2. Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI

Formula:

PO-1A & PO-1B = Σ[(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)

PO-1C = [(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-1D = Σ[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)

Exclusions:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

- Rejected requests/errors, and timed out transactions

PO-1C:

- Rejected requests and errors

PO-1D:

- Timed out transactions

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PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** Total Response Time:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI
	1. Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	2. Service Availability Information	<25 seconds	<25 seconds
	3. Facility Availability	<25 seconds[6]	<25 seconds[6]
	4. Street Address Validation	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds[6]	<12.5 seconds[6]
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3	≤ 20 seconds[7]	≤ 20 seconds
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	≤ 20 seconds[7]	≤ 20 seconds
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	≤ 30 seconds	≤ 30 seconds
	PO-1C-1	0.5%	
	PO-1C-2	0.5%	
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Rejected query types used in PO-1D are those developed for internal Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, currently done manually, are mechanized, they will be measured and added to or included in the above list of transactions, as applicable. 3. Results based on a weighted combination of ADSL Loop Qualification and Raw Loop Data Tool. 4. Results based on Connecting Facility Assignment by Unit Query. 5. Results based on meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared loops. 6. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple business, or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts>25 lines. 7. Benchmark applies to response time only. Request time and Total time will also be reported.		

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through

Purpose:
Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:
PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

- Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs [NOTE 1] that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

- Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state). Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI *CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.

Formula:

PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through (continued)

<table>
<tr>
<td colspan="2">Product Reporting:
• Resale
• Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability)
• Local Number Portability
• UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21)
• Line Sharing</td>
<td colspan="2">Standards:
<u>PO-2A</u>:
CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2
All Other States: Diagnostic

<u>PO-2B</u>: NOTE 2

Resale: 95%
Unbundled Loops: 85%
LNP: 95%
UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21): 95%
Line Sharing: Diagnostic NOTE 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Availability:
Available (except as follows):

Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.

Line Sharing – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report</td>
<td colspan="3">Notes:
1. The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process.
2. In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result).
3. The standard and future disaggregated reporting of the Line Sharing product is TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues.</td>
</tr>
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PO-3 – LSR Rejection Notice Interval

Purpose:
Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

Description:
Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:
PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.
PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mins: Secs.

Reporting Comparisons:
CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting:
Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:

- PO-3A-1, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3A –2, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3B-1, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3B –2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3C, LSRs received via facsimile: Statewide

Formula:
Σ [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)] ÷ (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).

Standards:

- PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: ≤ 12 business hours
- PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds
- PO-3C: ≤ 24 work week clock hours

Availability:
Available

Notes:

PO-4 – LSRs Rejected

Purpose:
Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percentage of all LSRs to provide information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.

Description:
Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (returned to the CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number); no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected; no valid contract; no valid end user verification; account not working in Qwest territory; service-affecting order pending; request is outside established parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent of LSRs
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR: PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually – Region wide PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected – Region wide PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually – Region wide PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected – Region wide PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile – Statewide

Formula:
[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method in the reporting period) ÷ (Total of all LSRs that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	**Standard:** Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Purpose:
Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:
Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the application date and time, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state). Results for this indicator are reported as follows: • PO-5A:* FOCs provided for fully electronic LSRs received via: – PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI – PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI • PO-5B:* FOCs provided for electronic/manual LSRs received via: – PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI – PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI • PO-5C:* FOCs provided for manual LSRs received via Facsimile. • PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks. * Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows: – (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P – (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements – (c) FOCs provided for LNP

Formula:
PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be projects.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Additional PO-5D exclusion:

- Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting:

- For PO-5A, -5B and -5C:
  (a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P Centrex
  (b) Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements.
  (c) LNP
- For PO-5D: LIS Trunks.

Standards:

- For PO-5A (all): 95% within 20 minutes [NOTE 2]
- For PO-5B (all): 90% within standard FOC intervals (specified below)
- For PO-5C (manual): 90% within standard FOC intervals specified below PLUS 24 hours [NOTE 3]
- For PO-5D (LIS Trunks): 85% within eight business days

Standard FOC Intervals for PO-5B and PO-5C

Product Group [NOTE 1]		FOC Interval
Resale		**24 hours**
Residence and Business POTS	1-39 lines	
ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
– Conversion As Is		
– Adding/Changing features		
– Add primary directory listing to established loop		
– Add call appearance		
Centrex Non-Design with no Common Block Configuration	1-19 lines	
Centrex line feature changes/adds/removals (all)		
LNP	1-24 lines	
Unbundled Loops 2/4 Wire analog DS3 Capable	1-24 loops	
Sub-loop [included in Product Reporting group (b)]	1-24 sub-loops	
Line Sharing/Line Splitting/Loop Splitting [included in Product Reporting group (b)]	1-24 shared loops	
Unbundled Network Element–Platform (UNE-P POTS)	1 – 39 lines	

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PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

	Resale ISDN-Basic 1-10 lines – Conversion As Specified – New Installs – Address Changes – Change to add Loop ISDN-PRI (Facility) 1-3 PBX 1-24 trunks DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent 1-24 DS1 Facility 1-24 DS3 Facility 1-3	**48 hours**
	LNP 25-49 lines	
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) [included in Product Reporting group (b)] **DS1** 1-24 circuits	
	Resale Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-design, Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Centrex-Plus, Centron, Centrex Primes) 1-10 lines – With Common Block Configuration required – Initial establishment of Centrex CMS services – Tie lines or NARs activity – Subsequent to initial Common Block – Station lines – Automatic Route Selection – Uniform Call Distribution – Additional numbers	**72 hours**
	UNE-P Centrex 1-10 lines **UNE-P Centrex 21** 1-10 lines	
	Unbundled Loops with Facility Check(NOTE 2, 3) 1 – 24 loops 2/4 wire Non-loaded ADSL compatible ISDN capable XDSL-I capable DS1 capable	
	Resale ISDN-PRI (Trunks) 1-12 trunks	**96 hours**
	For PO-5D: LIS Trunks 1-240 trunk circuits	**8 business days**
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. LSRs with quantities above the highest number specified for each product type are considered ICB. 2. Unbundled Loop with Facility Check can be processed electronically; however, because this category always carries a 72-hour FOC interval the FOC results for this product will appear in PO-5B if received electronically or PO-5C if received manually. 3. Unbundled Loop with Facility Check will not add an additional 24 hours to the 72-hour interval if the LSR is submitted manually.	

PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:
To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

Description:
PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) [NOTE 1] or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period:	**Unit of Measure:**
One month	PO-6A - 6B: Hrs:Mins

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • PO-6A Notices transmitted via IMA-GUI • PO-6B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI

Formula:
For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:
PO–6A = Σ((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:
PO–6B = Σ((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)

Exclusions:
PO – 6A & 6B:

- Records with invalid completion dates.
- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

Product Reporting:	**Standard:**
PO – 6A & 6B Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).	6 hours

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI is the time Qwest stores a status update related to the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry function.

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:
To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five business days.

Description:
PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
  - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
  - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons:	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.
PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results. PO-7C: Qwest retail results.	• PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI • PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI • PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail

Formula:
For wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA:

PO-7A = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)

PO-7B = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):

PO-7C = (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

<table>
<tr><td colspan="3">Exclusions:
PO-7A, 7B & 7C
• Services that are not billed through CRIS, e.g. Resale Frame Relay.
• Records with invalid completion dates.
PO-7A & 7B
• LSRs submitted manually.
• ASRs submitted via EXACT.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Product Reporting:
Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).</td><td>Standard:
PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td colspan="2">Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval

Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).	
Description: Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order. • Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications.	
Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Average Business days [NOTE 1]
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)
Formula: [Σ(Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]	
Exclusions: • Jeopardies done after the original due date is past. • Records involving official company services. • Records with invalid due dates or application dte s. • Records with invalid completion dates. • Records with invalid product codes. • Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting: A Non-Designed Services B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability) C LIS Trunks D UNE-P (POTS)	**Standards**: A Parity with Retail POTS B Parity with Retail POTS C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due on Saturday.

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PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices

Purpose:
When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

Description:
Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:
[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Orders missed for customer reasons.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dte s.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability)	B Parity with Retail POTS
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

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PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:
To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.

Description:
Measures the average number of Qwest due date changes per order.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that have been assigned a due date in the reporting period subject to the exclusions below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- Counts all due date changes made for Qwest reasons following assignment of the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Average Number of Due Date Changes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest retail results.	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:
Σ(Count of Qwest due date changes on all orders) ÷ (Total orders in reporting period)

Exclusions:

- Customer requested due date changes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dte s.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:
Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website. NOTE 1
  - Release notices measured are:
    - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
    - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
    - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
    - For the following OSS interfaces:
      - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
      - CEMR;
      - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
      - Electronic Bonding - Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
      - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
      - Loss and Completion Records; NOTE 5
      - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
    - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
    - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
  - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the Release Notification. NOTE 7
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Region-wide level.

Formula:
[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** Vol. 1-10: No more than one untimely notification Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. The Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document specifies the intervals for release notifications by type of notification. These intervals are documented in the change management plan. 2. The documents described in section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS Interfaces" of the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" as "Initial Retirement Notice" and "Final Retirement Notice." 3. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only release notifications for changes initiated by Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement. 4. EB-TA is the same system as MEDIACC. 5. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and Completions will adhere to the notification intervals documented in section 8.1 – Changes to Existing Application to Application Interface. 6. The documents described in section "7.0 – Introduction of New OSS Interface" of the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" as "Initial Release Announcement and Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App only), "Initial Interface Technical Specification" (new App to App only), "Final Interface Technical Specifications (new App to App only), "Release Notification" (new GUI only). CMP notices for "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included in this measurement even though the new system is not explicitly listed in the "Description" section of this PID. However, once implemented, the system will not be added to the measurement for purposes of measuring release, change and retirement notifications unless specifically incorporated as an authorized change to the PID. 7. The intervals used to determine timeliness are based on CMP guidelines.

PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

Purpose:
Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

Description:

PO-19A

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the *IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)* that are successfully executed in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the *IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)*.
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the *IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)*.
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
  - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the *IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)* and the EDI disclosure document.
  - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda. NOTE 1
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
  - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five business days of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."
  - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.

PO-19B

- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
  - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
  - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release.
  - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
  - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release notifications. NOTE 3

Reporting Period:	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
PO-19A -- One month PO-19B: -- One month (for those months in	

PO-19 Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

which release-related test transactions are completed)	
Reporting Comparisons: None	**Disaggregation Reporting:** PO-19A – Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B -- None
Formula: PO-19A [(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100 PO-19B [(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100	
Exclusions: For PO-19B: • Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA). • Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.	
Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** PO-19A – 95% for each release tested PO-19B – 95%
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents. 2. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes > 100).

PO-19 Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

	3. The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of real-time data manipulation in production, an appointment availability query transaction in SATE will not return the same list of available appointments as in production. Available appointments in production are fully dependent on real-time activities that occur there, whereas available appointments in SATE are based on a pre-defined list that is representative of production.

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy

Purpose:
Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

Description:
Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives [NOTE 1] electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
  - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
  - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
  - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to exclude Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T, as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and individual CLEC	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide Level

Formula:
[(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders) ÷ (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Exclusions:
- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:
- Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)
- Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)

Standard:
Benchmarks, as follows:

Phase 1	97%
Phase 2	96%
Phase 3 & beyond	95%

Availability:
- Phase 0 – PO-20 (Old) (the first version using sampling of limited fields). (Available now)
- Phase 1[NOTE 2] – PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA version 15.0 or higher beginning with May 2004 data reported in Jul 04.
- Phase 2 – Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04
- Phase 3– Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 – Additional fields added. (Date TBD).

Notes:
1. To be included in the measurement, Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be received and completed in the same version of IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI.
2. Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, qualifying Service Orders per product reporting category specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region.

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated

Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)

Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:

Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.
	PON	Purchase Order Number	PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.
	CHC	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.
Resale or Centrex	PIC	InterLATA Pre-subscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. *Note:* LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None
	LPIC	IntraLATA Pre-subscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. *Note:* LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199 LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123
Resale or Centrex	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.
	FA/ FEATUR	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.

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PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T. ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. **Central/Western Region:** Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order. **Eastern Region:** Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. **Central/Western Regions:** Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. **Eastern Region:** Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.
	TOA	Type of Account	Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated): • TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. • TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. **Exception:** When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order.
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).
	NOSL	No Solicitation Indicator	**Arizona Only** NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
	TMKT	Telemarketing	**Colorado Only** TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.

Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results			
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only. If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.
Centrex	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.
	COS	Class of Service – Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.

Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results			
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.
Phase 3 – Targeted for 1st Quarter 05			
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E: Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows: If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID BLKD is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Phase 4 – Date TBD			
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	**LSR Field Code**	**LSR Field Name**	**Remarks/Service Order Field:**
LSR	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.
	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTN	Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order. For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.
	LNPL	Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.
Resale or Centex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]

Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 – Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.
• Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
• Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.
• First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
• Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail results</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response Unit is not counted.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: Not applicable</td><td>Standard: Parity</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

Description:
Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure**: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving: OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs; OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and OP-3C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customer-requested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dte s.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting: MSA Type Disaggregation -	Standards:
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	95%
• Loop Splitting [NOTE 1]	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	95%
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** 90% **All Other States:** Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	90%
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	90%
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	**WA:** 90% **All Other States:** Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	90%
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	**WA:** 90% **All Other States:** Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-4 – Installation Interval

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:
Measures the average interval (in business days)[NOTE 1] between the application date and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.[NOTE 2]
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.[NOTE 2]

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure**: Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving: OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs; OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and OP-4C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
Σ[(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days)[NOTE 1] by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

Exclusions:

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	3.3 days
• Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	3.3 days
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** 6 days **All Other States:** Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	**Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming:** Parity with retail DS1 Private Line **Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington:** 5.5 days
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	15 days
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	6 days
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Availability:
Available

Notes:
1. For OP-4C, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, -4D, and -4E. Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.
3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-5 – New Service Quality

Purpose:
Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:
Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity.[NOTE 1]
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports [NOTE 2] within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair management and tracking systems [NOTE 3] that are closed in the reporting period or the following month, [NOTE 4] subject to exclusions shown below. [NOTE 5]
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month [NOTE 4] are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A. [NOTE 5, 6]

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were *not* free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)

completion.

- Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above. [NOTE 7]

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation.	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level

Formulas:

OP-5A = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period – Number of inward line service orders with any repair trouble reports as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100

OP-5B = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period – Number of inward line service orders with any provisioning trouble reports as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100

OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] – Number of inward line service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100

OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date ÷ Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed In the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
    - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
    - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
  - Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the

OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">beginning of the reporting period.
• Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
• Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.
• Records involving official Qwest company services.
Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting Categories:
• As specified below – one percentage result reported for each bulleted category under the sub-measurements shown.</td><td>Standards:
OP-5A: Parity with retail service
OP-5B: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After six months Benchmark (TBD)
OP-5T: Diagnostic
OP-5R: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. Possible standard (TBD)
(Where parity comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product category, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if necessary to create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)</td></tr>
</table>

OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R: (Product categories may be combined as agreed upon by the parties in Long-Term PID Administration.)			
	OP-5A	**OP-5B**	**OP-5T & OP-5R**
Resale			
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Centrex	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	96.5%	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	96.5%	Diagnostic
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	96.5%	Diagnostic
Loop Splitting [NOTE 8]	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES & BUS POTS	96.5%	Diagnostic
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:			
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	96.5%	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	96.5%	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	96.5%	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	96.5%	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch	96.5%	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	96.5%	Diagnostic
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic

OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	96.5%	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (above DS1 level)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic

Reported under OP-5A and under OP-5R (per OP-5A specifications):

	OP-5A	OP-5R
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT (DS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic
UDIT (Above DS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic
Dark Fiber - IOF	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with Retail E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic

Availability:

Available

Notes:

1. The specified Change order types representing inward activity exclude Change orders that do not involve installation of lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically this measurement does not include changes to existing lines, such as number changes and PIC changes.
2. Including consideration of repeat repair trouble reports (i.e., additional reports of trouble related to the same newly-installed line/circuit that are received after the preceding repair report is closed and within 30 days following installation completion) to complete the determination of whether the newly-installed line/circuit was trouble free within 30 days of installation.
3. Qwest's repair management and tracking systems consist of WFA (Work Force Administration), MTAS (Maintenance Tracking and Administration System), and successor repair systems, if any, as applicable to obtain the repair report data for this measurement. Not included are Call Center Database systems supporting call centers in logging calls from customers regarding problems or other inquiries (see OP-5B and OP-5T).
4. The "following month" includes also the period of a few business days (typically four or five) afterward, up to the time when Qwest pulls the repair data to begin processing results for this measurement.
5. Includes repair and provisioning trouble reports generated by new processes that supersede or supplement existing processes for submitting repair and provisioning trouble reports as specified in Qwest's documented or agreed upon procedures.
6. For purposes of calculating OP-5B, a call center ticket for multiple orders with provisioning trouble reports will result in all orders reporting trouble counting as a miss in OP-5B. If a repair trouble report(s) is received for the same orders, the number of orders counted as a miss in OP-5B for Network reasons will be reduced by the number of orders with repair troubles counted as a miss in OP-5A.
7. OP-5R will be counted on a per ticket basis.
8. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-6 – Delayed Days

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

Description:
OP-6A – Measures the average number of business days [NOTE 1] that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

OP-6B – Measures the average number of business days [NOTE 1] that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. [NOTE 2]
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. [NOTE 2]

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under " MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving: 1. Dispatches within MSAs; 2. Dispatches outside MSAs; and 3. No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: 4. In Interval Zone 1 areas; and 5. In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
OP-6A = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late order) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

OP-6B = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late order)] – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

OP- 6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Exclusions:

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dte s.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-l capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch

OP- 6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. For OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday. 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-7 – Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval – Unbundled Loop

Purpose:
Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Description:
Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:
Σ[Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Total Number of unbundled loops with coordinated cutovers completed in the reporting period)

Exclusions:

- Time intervals associated with CLEC-caused delays.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops – Reported separately for: • Analog Loops • All other Loop Types	**Standard:** **CO:** 1 hour **All Other States:** Diagnostic in light of OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts On Time)
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

Description:

OP-8B – LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
- All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.

OP-8C – LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.
- All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.

- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

Exclusions:
- CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
  - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE.
  - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities.
  - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
  - Records with invalid completion dates.
  - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
  - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 95%
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop

Purpose:
Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A – Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B – Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
  - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines:	1 Hour
17 to 24 lines:	2 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*

  - All other unbundled loops:

1 to 5 lines:	1 Hour
6 to 8 lines:	2 Hours
9 to 11 lines:	3 Hours
12 to 24 lines:	4 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*

  *For Projects scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).
- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. Results for this measurement will be reported according to: OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop (continued)

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
OP-13A = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions:
Applicable to OP-13A:
• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.

OP-13A & OP-13B:
• Records with invalid completion dates.
• Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss".
• Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.
• Projects involving 25 or more lines.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops – Reported separately for:
• Analog Loops
• All Other Loops</td><td>Standards:
OP-13A:
AZ: 90 Percent or more
All Other States: 95 Percent or more

OP-13B: Diagnostic</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:
OP-15A – Measures the average number of business days that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 1
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** OP-15A – Average Business Days NOTE 2 OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide

Formula:

OP-15A = Σ[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dte s.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Product Reporting:	**Standards:** OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
• Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
• Loop Splitting [NOTE 3]	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
• LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line-Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. 2. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day. 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

Purpose:
Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

Description:

OP-17A

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
  - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide

Formula:
[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) ÷ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

- Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & B

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

- Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	**Standards:** OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 – Calls Answered within 20 Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20 seconds of the first ring.
• Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair Center during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
• First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
• Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.
• Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail levels.</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: None</td><td>Standard: Parity</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of-service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).

Description:
Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving: MR 3A Dispatches within MSAs; MR 3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR 3C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR 3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR 3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) ÷ (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with appropriate retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	**CO:** Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

Description:
Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving: MR 4A Dispatches within MSAs; MR 4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR 4C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR 4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR 4E In Interval Zone 2 areas

Formula:
[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with appropriate retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:
Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure**: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR 5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR 5B In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
• Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.

Description:
Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Hours and Minutes

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving: MR 6A Dispatches within MSAs; MR 6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR 6C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR 6D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR 6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
Σ[(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	**CO:** Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate

Purpose:
Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of repeated trouble reports received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Description:
Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the same service (regardless of whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following the initial trouble report.	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving: MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs; MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR-7C No dispatches. • Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-7D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:
[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

• Records with invalid cleared or closed dates. • Records with invalid product codes. • Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting:	**Standards:**
MSA Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
• Loop Splitting [NOTE 1]	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	**AZ & CO:** Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	**Notes:** 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-8 – Trouble Rate

Purpose:
Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

Description:
Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure**: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting**: Statewide level.

Formula:
[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
• Loop Splitting [NOTE 1]	Diagnostic
• Line Sharing	**CO:** Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
• Sub-Loop Unbundling	**CO:** Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
• LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-9 – Repair Appointments Met

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time.

Description:
Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving: MR 9A Dispatches within MSAs; MR 9B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR 9C No dispatches.

Formula:
[(Total Trouble Reports Cleared by appointment date and time) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	**Standard:** Parity
Resale: Residential single line service Business single line service Centrex Centrex 21 PBX Trunks Basic ISDN Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

MR-10 – Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:
Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for MSA type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:
[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) ÷ (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (POTS)	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic
• Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
• LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

Description:

MR 11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.

- Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next business day, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

MR 11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.

- Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.

- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").

Formula:

MR 11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR 11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions:
• Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
• Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
• Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
• For MR 11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
• Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
• Records involving official company services.
• Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
• Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
• Records with invalid product codes.
• Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: LNP</td><td>Standards:
<u>MR-11A</u>:
• If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic.
• If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows:
– For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours
– For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business

<u>MR-11B</u>:
• For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours
• For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business

* Based on MR-11A denominator.

** Based on MR-11B denominator.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

Billing

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:
Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

BI-1A – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access,[NOTE 1] local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

BI-1B – Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.

BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:

- BI-1C-1 – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access,[NOTE 1] subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1C-2 – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:
BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days
BI-1B: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

Formula:
BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = Σ(Date Record Transmitted or made available – Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Total number of records)

BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100

Exclusions:
- Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.
- Duplicate records.

Product Reporting:
- UNEs and Resale
- Jointly-provided Switched Access

Standards:
BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail.
BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days
BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A

Availability:
Available

Notes:
1. "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D.

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delivered within ten days, based on the number of days between the bill date and bill delivery.
• Includes all industry standard electronically transmitted invoices for local exchange services and toll, subject to exclusions specified below.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting: State level</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total Number of Invoices)] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions:
• Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.
• Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting:
• UNEs and Resale</td><td>Standard:
Parity by design.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.
• Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
• "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting: State level.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
[∑(Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) ÷ (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions:
• BI-3A - UNEs and Resale – None
• BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use – Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting:
• BI-3A - UNEs and Resale
• BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU)</td><td>Standards:
• BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills.
• BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95%</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

BI-4 – Billing Completeness

Purpose:
- UNEs and Resale – Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) – Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*

* Correct bill = next available bill

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill ÷ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [∑(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: • UNEs and Resale • Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)	**Standards:** **BI-4A** - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail bills. **BI-4B** - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%
Availability: Available	**Notes:**

Database Updates

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases

Purpose:
Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** E911 – Hrs: Mins. LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail and Reseller CLEC Aggregate; DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC updates; DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates. [NOTE 1]	**Disaggregation Reporting:** DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller CLEC–State level DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi state region-wide level DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed– Sub-region applicable to state

Formula:
Σ[(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by database type)	**Standards:** DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates

<table>
<tr><td colspan="3">Purpose:
Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Description:
• Measures the percentage of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period.
• Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Percent</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Reporting Comparisons:
DB-2C-1 Listings – Combined results for all Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates: Statewide</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Formula:
[Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed without errors in the reporting period ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period] x 100</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Exclusions:
Invalid start/stop dates/times.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Product Reporting:
Not applicable (Reported by database type)</td><td>Standards:
DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td colspan="2">Notes:
1. Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are reported combined within this disaggregation.</td></tr>
</table>

Directory Assistance

DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.
Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue.
Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Seconds</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting:
Sub-region applicable to state</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: None</td><td>Standard: Parity by design</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

Operator Services

OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Purpose:
Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Description:
Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.
• Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
• Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
• Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Period: One month</td><td>Unit of Measure: Seconds</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs are aggregated in a single measure.</td><td>Disaggregation Reporting:
Sub-region applicable to state</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Formula:
Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Product Reporting: None</td><td>Standard: Parity by design</td></tr>
<tr><td>Availability:
Available</td><td>Notes:</td></tr>
</table>

Network Performance

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking

Purpose:
Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Description:
Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

- Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent Blockage

Reporting Comparisons:	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.	Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by: NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below; NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below; NI-1C LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related exclusions; NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related exclusions.

Formula:
{[Σ(Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] ÷ (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)} x 100

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

Exclusions:
For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:
  - A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) [NOTES 1 & 2] has been issued in the reporting period; or
  - CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
    a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons [NOTE 3]);
    b) Trouble Reports; or
    c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
  - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances;
  - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
  - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner [NOTE 4]); or
  - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

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NI-1 – Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	**Standards:**	
LIS Trunks	Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
	Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1B > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices
	NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic [NOTE 5]

Availability:
Available

Notes:

1. Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking, (b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.
2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
3. CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date later.
   a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
   b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
   c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
   a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
   b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
   c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

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NP-1 – NXX Code Activation

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

Description:
NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.

NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" [NOTE 1] associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.

- Qwest must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide.

Formula:
NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100

NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

Exclusions:
NP-1A:

- NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations. [NOTE 2]

NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).

- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** NP-1A: Parity NP-1B: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. 2. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.

Collocation

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:
Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service (RFS) date by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is Ready For Service " as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- Establishment of RFS Dates: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
  - **Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready** – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready** – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready** – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- **Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready** – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - **Forecasted Collocations:** 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications:** the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled

- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.

CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.

CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.

CP-1C Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide.

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)
Σ[(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

- Cancelled or expired applications.

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** CP-1A: 90 calendar days CP-1B: 120 calendar days CP-1C: 150 calendar days

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:
Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:
Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service Date RFS date by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- Establishment of RFS Dates: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply:
  - **Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready** – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready** – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready** – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - **Forecasted Collocations:** 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready** – for

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - **Forecasted Collocations:** 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - **Unforecasted Collocations:** 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications:** the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.

- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.

CP-2A **Forecasted Collocations**: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

CP-2B **Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations**: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

CP-2C **All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days**: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure**: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)
[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:
- RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's control.
- Cancelled or expired requests.

Product Reporting: None	**Standards:** CP-2A & -2B: 90% CP-2C: 90%

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose:
Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:
Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:
Σ[(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

- CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 10 calendar days or less

Availability:	**Notes:**
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

Purpose:
Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

Description:
Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements, or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement.

Reporting Period: One month	**Unit of Measure:** Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level.

Formula:
[(Total Applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed within Scheduled Intervals) ÷ (Total applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	**Standard:** 90 percent or more

Availability: Available	**Notes:** 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
  (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
  (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
  (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
  (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.
Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.
Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.
Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.
Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.
Delayed Order – An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.
Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.
Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.
DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.
DS-1 – Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.
DS-3 – Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.
Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.
End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.
Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.
Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.
Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.
Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.
Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.
Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).
Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers
Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.
Jeopardy – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order
Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.
Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.
Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).
Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
  - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
  - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
  - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type – The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System
CKT	Circuit
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CO	Central Office
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CRIS	Customer Record Information System
CSR	Customer Service Record
DA	Directory Assistance
DB	Decibel
DB	Database
DS0	Digital Service 0
DS1	Digital Service 1
DS3	Digital Service 3
E911 MS	E911 Management System
EAS	Extended Area Service
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service
IEC	Interexchange Carrier
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier
INP	Interim Number Portability
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between Qwest central offices)
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access
LATA	Local Access Transport Area
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide
LIDB	Line Identification Database
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks
LNP	Long Term Number Portability
LSR	Local Service Request
N, T, C	Service Order Types - - N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)
NANP	North American Numbering Plan
NDM	Network Data Mover
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center
NXX	Telephone number prefix
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)
OSS	Operations Support Systems
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and Environment) Information Access
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

APPENDIX A

PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

Feature Detail

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

CFN
Validate the call forwarding TN

CFNB
Validate the call forwarding TN

CFND
Validate the call forwarding TN

RCYC
FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

HLN (HLA Hot Line)
FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)
FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

DES on DID MBB
If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)
We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)
Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)
Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)
Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)
Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

WLT (WLS Warm Line)
Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)
Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)
Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)
800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)
800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)
Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)
IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)
Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)
Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)
Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)
Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)
Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value matches the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)
Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)
Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)
Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)
Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)
Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.