



Eagandale Corporate Center, Suite 310
1380 Corporate Center Curve, Eagan, MN 55121
phone: 651-452-2660, fax: 651-452-1909

April 21, 2008

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APR 22 2008

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Ms. Illona A. Jeffcoat-Sacco
Executive Secretary
Public Service Commission
State Capital
600 East Boulevard Avenue
Bismarck, ND 58505-0480

Dear Ms. Jeffcoat-Sacco:

On behalf of Bek Communications Cooperative I am enclosing an original and eight copies of revisions to their Intrastate Tariff.

The revisions are to the Intrastate Intralata and Interlata Tariffs. The original Intralata tariff terms and conditions mirror the Qwest 1986 Tariff and the Interlata mirrors the 1984 Qwest Tariff. The revisions reflect the following:

- A) Intralata
 - 1. Rate sheet for original exchanges
 - 2. Rate sheet for acquired exchanges
 - 3. Feature group schedule and language changes
- B) Interlata
 - 1. Rate sheet for original exchanges
 - 2. Rate sheet for acquired exchanges
 - 3. Feature group schedule and language changes

These revisions are being filed as the result of the findings in Case No. PU-2967-03-666.

If you should have any questions concerning this information or would like further information, please call me at (651) 452-2660.

Sincerely,

James E. Howard, Jr.
Vice President Business Services
jhoward@jsitel.com

JEH:ds
Enclosure
cc: Mr. Derrick Bulawa, Bek Communications Cooperative
JSI, Maryland

1 PU-08-172 Filed: 4/22/2008 Pages: 21
Tariff Revisions

BEK Communications Cooperative

John Staurulakis Inc. James E. Howard Jr

HEADQUARTERS:

7852 Walker Drive, Suite 200, Greenbelt, MD 20770
phone: 301-459-7590, fax: 301-577-5575
internet: www.jsitel.com, e-mail: jsi@jsitel.com

Echelon Building II, Suite 200
9430 Research Boulevard, Austin, TX 78759
phone: 512-338-0473, fax: 512-346-0822

6849 Peach
Building B-3, Suite 200, Atlanta, Georgia 30328
phone: 770-569-2105, fax: 770-410-1608

Bountiful, UT 84010
phone: 801-294-4576, fax: 801-294-5124

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BEK COMMUNICATIONS COOPERATIVE
RURAL TELEPHONE COMPANY GROUP

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA
EFFECTIVE: AUGUST 23, 1999 SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE TARIFF

Revised
Page 1

IntraLATA

There are three rate categories which apply to Switched Access Service and include Local Transport, End Office and Common Line.

(A) Local Transport

The Local Transport rate category provides the transmission facilities between the customer designated premises and the end office switch(es) where the customer's traffic is switched to originate or terminate the customer's communications. For purposes of determining Transport Facility measurement, distance will be measured from the wire center that normally serves the customer designated premises to the end office switch(es). The Local Transport rate category includes Local Transport Termination and either Local Transport Termination or Tandem Switched Facility.

(1) Local Transport Termination

The Local Transport Termination rate element is assessed on a per access minute basis and recovers the portion of costs of circuit equipment.

(2) Local Transport Facility

The Local Transport Facility rate element is assessed on a per mile per access minute basis and recovers the costs of the transmission facilities.

(3) Tandem Switched Transport Facility

The Tandem Switched Transport Facility rate element is assessed on a per mile per access minute with distance measured from the wire center that normally serves the customer designated premises to the end office switch(es), which may be a Remote Switching Module(s).

(B) End Office

The End Office rate category establishes the charges related to the local end office switching and end user termination functions necessary to complete the transmission of Switched Access communications to and from the end users served by the local end office. The End Office rate category includes the Local Switching and Information Surcharge rate elements.

(1) Local Switching

The Local Switching rate element establishes the charges related to the use of end office switching equipment and the terminations in the end office.

(2) Information Surcharge

Information Surcharge rates are assessed to a customer based on the total number of minutes.

(C) Carrier Common Line

Carrier Common Line Access provides for the use of Telephone Company common lines by customers for access to end users.

Besides the terms defined above and the rates included herein all other terms and conditions mirror those of Northwestern Bell Telephone Company's Intrastate tariff filed in Case No.'s 10,644 and 10,699 (the 1986 tariff).

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BEK COMMUNICATIONS COOPERATIVE
INTRALATA ACCESS SERVICE
PRICE SCHEDULE
EXCHANGES GROUP 1

State of North Dakota

Exhibit 1
2nd Revised Page 1
Cancels 1st Revised Page 1

Access Rate Sheet

Exchanges:

Hazelton, Kintyre, McKenzie, Pettibone, Regan, Robinson, Sterling, Strasburg, Tappen, Turtle, (N)
Wilton, and Wing

1. Carrier Common Line

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
Originating	\$0.055032
Terminating	\$0.055032

2. Local Transport

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
Termination	\$0.000933

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute Per Mile</u>
Facility	\$0.000304

3. End Offices

Switching

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
LS1	\$0.027415
LS2	\$0.027415

800 Data Base Service Queries

	<u>Rate Per Query</u>
Basic	.0080
Vertical Feature	.0084

BEK COMMUNICATIONS COOPERATIVE
INTRALATA ACCESS SERVICE
PRICE SCHEDULE
EXCHANGES GROUP 2

State of North Dakota

Exhibit 1
2nd Revised Page 1
~~Cancels 1st Revised Page 1~~

Access Rate Sheet

Exchanges:

Lehr, Linton, Napoleon, Steele, Wishek, and Zeeland

(N)

1. Carrier Common Line

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
Originating	\$0.042610
Terminating	\$0.042610

2. Local Transport

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
Termination	\$0.000933

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute Per Mile</u>
Facility	\$0.000608

3. End Offices

Switching

	<u>Rate Per</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
LS1	\$0.025335
LS2	\$0.025335

800 Data Base Service Queries

	<u>Rate Per Query</u>
Basic	.0080
Vertical Feature	.0084

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.8 Claims and Demands for Damages (Cont'd)

(B) (Cont'd)

tariff; provided, however, the foregoing indemnification shall not apply to suits, claims, and demands to recover damages for damage to property, death, or personal injury unless such suits, claims or demands are based on the tortious conduct of the customer, its officers, agents or employees.

(C) The customer shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the Telephone Company from and against any suits, claims, losses or damages, including punitive damages, attorney fees and court costs by the customer or third parties arising out of any act or omission of the customer in the course of using services provided under this tariff.

2.3.9 Coordination with respect to Network Contingencies

The customer shall, in cooperation with the Telephone Company, coordinate in planning the actions to be taken to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters which affect telecommunications services.

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

(A) Jurisdictional Reports

(A) A Feature Group C (FG C) or Feature Group D (FG D) call is considered interstate when the call originates from a calling party in one state and terminates to a called party in another state. A call is considered an intrastate call when the calling and called parties are located within the same state - even when the call is physically routed through another state.

A Feature Group A (FG A) or Feature Group B (FG B) call is considered interstate when the point of entry into the access customer's network is in a state different from the state in which the called party is located. A call is considered an intrastate call when the point at which the call enters the access customer's network is located within the same state as the called party.

D

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2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS -- (Cont'd)

(B) When the Telephone Company has sufficient call detail available to it to determine the jurisdiction of some or all of the customer's originating and terminating minutes of use, the Telephone Company will use its data to render the customer's bill for all usage rated elements, i.e., Local Switching and Tandem Switched Transport access minutes. The Telephone Company will not rely on any customer-provided percentage jurisdictional factors (Interstate Interlata, Interstate Intralata, Intrastate Interlata and Intrastate Intralata) to apportion traffic for which it has sufficient call detail. "Sufficient call detail" would include any billing data and/or network recordings available to the Telephone Company from which it could obtain the calling and called party telephone numbers. Examples of data sources include, but are not limited to, fields extracted from automatic message accounting (AMA) records, Signaling System 7 (SS7) call setup records, detail access usage records (AURs) from a connecting carrier, etc.

(C) Customer-provided jurisdictional factors, as described below, will be used by the Telephone Company when it does not have sufficient call detail to determine the jurisdiction of the customer's usage. However, such customer-provided jurisdictional factors will only be applied to that subset of access minutes that the Telephone Company cannot jurisdictionalize using data available to it.

(D) When the customer orders any Switched Access Service, the projected jurisdictional factors for each Switched Access Service end office group by originating and terminating must be provided in its order for service. If the customer fails to provide projected jurisdictional factors on its initial order for service, then the jurisdictional factors will be set on a default basis of 50 percent Interstate, 25 percent Intrastate Interlata and 25 percent Intrastate Intralata. These customer specific factors will be applied to the customer's originating and terminating usage for which the Company does not have sufficient call detail. The jurisdictional factors provided by the customer on its initial order for service (or as calculated by the Company) will apply until such time as the customer provides an update to its jurisdictional factor(s).

(E) Interstate/intrastate jurisdictional reports must be updated quarterly by the customer. Each Exchange Carrier, including those providing Extended Area Service, must receive this update from the customer by the 15th of January, April, July, and October. These reports reflect the interstate/intrastate percentage for the prior 3 months ending with the last day of December, March, June, and September, respectively. Such revised jurisdictional factor(s) will serve as the basis for the next three (3) months' billing where sufficient call detail is not available. No prorating or back billing will be done based on such revised reports.

(F) The customer is required to retain for a minimum of six (6) months its call detail records and description(s) of any mechanized system(s) on which it relied to calculate its customer-provided jurisdictional factor(s). Such information may be requested under the provisions of an audit as described below.

2.3.11 Disputes Involving Jurisdictional Reports -- Switched Access PIU Audits --

(A) The Telephone Company may initiate an audit of customer-provided jurisdictional factor(s) if the Telephone Company or a regulatory commission questions the validity of the factor(s). Such audit request is initiated in writing by the Telephone Company (recommended delivery via certified U.S. Mail) and requires the customer to make available for inspection by the Telephone Company or independent auditor the data the customer used in its calculations. The data to be reviewed will be limited to one quarter's data unless the customer requests a longer period and the Telephone Company agrees. The Telephone Company can only audit a customer's jurisdictional factor(s) once a year, except under extreme conditions.

Jurisdictional factor(s) audits may be conducted by:

- the Telephone Company, if the customer agrees; or
- an independent auditor selected and paid for by the Telephone Company; or
- an independent auditor mutually agreed upon and equally paid for by the Telephone Company and customer; or
- an independent auditor selected and paid for by the customer.

If the customer fails to provide the data required within 30 days of the notice of audit, the customer will be in violation of the tariff and subject to the provisions for refusal and/or discontinuance of service specified in the tariff.

The party paying for the audit will present the audit results in writing via certified U.S. Mail to the other party. If the auditor is selected and paid for by the customer, the auditor must also certify as part of its written audit report that the audit was performed following procedures for measuring and defining interstate traffic as established by Federal Communications Commission rules, orders, etc.

If the results of an independent audit paid for by the Telephone Company (in whole or in part) indicate that the customer had overstated any of its jurisdictional factor(s) by 20% or more, the customer will be required to reimburse the Telephone Company for the cost of the audit. The bill for the cost of the audit shall be due within 30 days from presentation and shall carry a late payment penalty if not paid within the 30 days.

The Telephone Company is required to use the audited results to adjust the customer's billing for the quarter in which the audit was completed, the quarter immediately preceding the quarter in which the audit was completed, and the two (2) quarters following the completion of the audit. Both debit and credit adjustments will be made to the customer's account.

During the second quarter following the completion of the audit, the customer may submit revised jurisdictional factor(s) to be used by the Telephone Company to apportion traffic for which it does not have sufficient call detail beginning the following quarter. If the revised jurisdictional factor(s) represent a deviation of 5% or more from the audited results and the deviation is not due to identifiable reasons, the Telephone Company may initiate a new audit request, as described above.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the Customer (Cont'd)

2.3.10 Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(A) Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits

- (A) The Telephone Company will, in order to safeguard its interests, only require a customer which has a proven history of late payments to the Telephone Company or does not have established credit, to make a deposit prior to or at any time after the provision of a service to the customer to be held by the Telephone Company as a guarantee of the payment of rates and charges. No such deposit will be required of a customer which is a successor of a company which has established credit and has no history of late payments to the Telephone Company. Such deposit may not exceed the actual or estimated rates and charges for the service for a two month period. The fact that a deposit has been made in no way relieves the customer from complying with the Telephone Company's regulations as to the prompt payment of bills. At such time as the provision of the service to the customer is terminated, the amount of the deposit will be credited to the customer's account and any credit balance which may remain will be refunded. Such a deposit will be refunded or credited to the account when the customer has established credit or, in any event, after the customer has established a one-year prompt payment record at any time prior to the termination of the provision of the service to the customer. In case of a cash deposit, for the period the deposit is held by the Telephone Company, the customer will receive interest at the same percentage rate as that set forth in (B)(3)(b)(I)

6. Switched Access Service

6.1 General

Switched Access Service, which is available to customers for their use in furnishing their services to end users, provides a two-point communications path between a customer's premises and an end user's premises. It provides for the use of common terminating, switching and trunking facilities, and both common subscriber plant and unshared subscriber plant (i.e., WATS access lines) of the Telephone Company. Switched Access Service provides for the ability to originate calls from an end user's premises to a customer's premises, and to terminate calls from a customer's premises to an end user's premises in the LATA where it is provided. Specific references to material describing the elements of Switched Access Service are provided in 6.1.1 and 6.1.2 following.

Rates and charges for Switched Access Service depend generally on its use by the customer, i.e., for MTS or WATS services, MTS-WATS equivalent services, or other services (e.g., foreign exchange service), and whether it is provided in a Telephone Company end office that is equipped to provide equal access (Feature Group D Access, described in 6.1.1(D) following). Rates and charges for Switched Access Service are set forth in 6.8 following. The application of rates for Switched Access Service is described in 6.7 following. Rates and charges for services other than Switched Access Service, e.g., a customer's interLATA toll message service, may also be applicable when Switched Access Service is used in conjunction with these other services. Some descriptions of such applicability are provided in 6.2.1(A)(7), 6.2.1(B)(4), 6.2.2(A)(5), 6.2.2(B)(4), 6.2.3(A)(5), 6.2.4(A)(4), 6.7.10 and 6.7.12 following. Finally, a credit is applied against line side Switched Access Service charges as described in 6.7.11 following.

6.1.1 Feature Group Arrangements and Manner of Provision

Switched Access Service is provided in four service categories of standard and optional features called Feature Groups. These are differentiated by their technical characteristics, e.g., line side vs. trunk side connection at the Telephone Company entry switch, and the manner in which an end user accesses them in originating calling, e.g., with or without an access code. Following is a brief description of each Feature Group arrangement.

(A) Feature Group A (FGA)

M

SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE - OVERVIEW

The following matrix highlights each feature group's characteristics (taken from the 1988 tariff):

FEATURE GROUP MATRIX

FEATURE GROUP	FGA	FOB	FGC (2)	FGD
Typical Service Use	FX/ONAL LONAL MTS-Type WATS-Type	MTS/MTS- Type WATS-Type	MTS/WATS WATS-Type	Equal Access
Carrier Access Code	7 Digit (NXX-XXXX)	7 Digit (950-XXXX)	None	101XXXX or Presubscription
Type Termination	Line Side	Trunk Side	Trunk Side	Trunk Side
Carrier Availability	All Customers	All Customers	Providers of MTS/WATS(2)	All Customers
Equal Access Office/Rates	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS

- (1) All customers pay the same rates for all Switched Access rate elements without respect to Feature Group. The Company charges a unitary rate for each element ("premium rate") as it does not have a bifurcated premium/non-premium rate structure.
- (2) Available to the providers of WATS (e.g., AT&T and SmartNet), Also available to Qwest or its successor intrastate IntraLATA primary toll carrier, and to an exchange carrier acting as an Interexchange carrier for the provision of Interstate IntraLATA Access. Other access customers, may obtain: (a) Originating FGC access for the provision of open end 800 and Interim NXX Service or (b) Terminating FGC access for testing purposes when used for the provision of Open End 800 and Interim NXX Service.

6.1.1 Feature Group Arrangements and Manner of Provision (Cont'd)

(A) Feature Group A (FGA)

FGA Access, which is available to all customers, provides line side access to Telephone Company end office switches with an associated seven digit local telephone number for the customer's use in originating communications from and

BEK COMMUNICATIONS COOPERATIVE
INTERLATA ACCESS SERVICE
PRICE SCHEDULE
EXCHANGES GROUP 1

State of North Dakota
Effective

Exhibit 1
1st Revised Page 1
Cancels Original Page 1

Access Rate Sheet

Exchanges:

Hazelton, Kintyre, McKenzie, Pettibone, Regan, Robinson, Sterling, Strasburg, Tappen, (N)
Turtle, Wilton, and Wing

1. Carrier Common Line

	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
Originating	\$0.0291
Terminating	\$0.0291

2. Local Transport

<u>Call Miles</u>	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
0 to 1	\$0.0074
Over 1 to 8	\$0.0130
Over 8 to 16	\$0.0301
Over 16 to 25	\$0.0558
Over 25 to 50	\$0.0602
Over 50 to 100	\$0.0562
Over 100	\$0.0580

3. End Offices

Line Terminations	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u> 0.008300
<u>Switching</u>	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
LS1	\$0.0065
LS2	\$0.0104

BEK COMMUNICATIONS COOPERATIVE
INTERLATA ACCESS SERVICE
PRICE SCHEDULE
EXCHANGES GROUP 2

State of North Dakota
Effective

Exhibit 1
1st Revised Page 1
Cancels Original Page 1

Access Rate Sheet

Exchanges:

Lehr, Linton, Napoleon, Steele, Wishek, Zeeland

(N)

1. Carrier Common Line

	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
Originating	\$0.022900 *
Terminating	\$0.022900 *

2. Local Transport

	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
Termination	\$0.014500 *

	Rate Per <u>Access Minute Per Mile</u>
Facility	\$0.007600 *

3. End Offices

Switching

	Rate Per <u>Access Minute</u>
LS1	\$0.022000 *
LS2	\$0.022000 *

* Stipulated rates per 1996 Acquisition Agreement with U.S. West Communications, Inc.

ACCESS SERVICE

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ACCESS SERVICE

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the IO (Cont'd)

2.3.13 Coordination with respect to Network Contingencies

The IO shall, in cooperation with the Telephone Company, coordinate in planning the actions to be taken to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters which affect telecommunications services.

2.3.14 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS --

(A) Jurisdictional Reports

(A) A Feature Group C (FG C) or Feature Group D (FG D) call is considered interstate when the call originates from a calling party in one state and terminates to a called party in another state. A call is considered an intrastate call when the calling and called parties are located within the same state - even when the call is physically routed through another state.

A Feature Group A (FG A) or Feature Group B (FG B) call is considered interstate when the point of entry into the access customer's network is in a state different from the state in which the called party is located. A call is considered an intrastate call when the point at which the call enters the access customer's network is located within the same state as the called party.

(B) When the Telephone Company has sufficient call detail available to it to determine the jurisdiction of some or all of the customer's originating and terminating minutes of use, the Telephone Company will use its data to render the customer's bill for all usage rated elements, i.e., Local Switching and Tandem Switched Transport access minutes. The Telephone Company will not rely on any customer-provided percentage jurisdictional factors (Interstate Interlata, Interstate Intralata, Intrastate Interlata and Intrastate Intralata) to apportion traffic for which it has sufficient call detail. "Sufficient call detail" would include any billing data and/or network recordings available to the Telephone Company from which it could obtain the calling and called party telephone numbers. Examples of data sources include, but are not limited to, fields extracted from automatic message accounting (AMA) records, Signaling System 7 (SS7) call setup records, detail access usage records (AURs) from a connecting carrier, etc.

(C) Customer-provided jurisdictional factors, as described below, will be used by the Telephone Company when it does not have sufficient call detail to determine the jurisdiction of the customer's usage. However, such customer-provided jurisdictional factors will only be applied to that subset of access minutes that the Telephone Company cannot jurisdictionalize using data available to it.

(D) When the customer orders any Switched Access Service, the projected jurisdictional factors for each Switched Access Service end office group by originating and terminating must be provided in its order for service. If the customer fails to provide projected jurisdictional factors on its initial order for service, then the jurisdictional factors will be set on a default basis of 50 percent Interstate, 25 percent Intrastate Interlata and 25 percent Intrastate Intralata. These customer specific factors will be applied to the customer's originating and terminating usage for which the Company does not have sufficient call detail. The jurisdictional factors provided by the customer on its initial order for service (or as calculated by the Company) will apply until such time as the customer provides an update to its jurisdictional factor(s).

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2.3.14 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS -- (Cont'd)

(E) Interstate/intrastate jurisdictional reports must be updated quarterly by the customer. Each Exchange Carrier, including those providing Extended Area Service, must receive this update from the customer by the 15th of January, April, July, and October. These reports reflect the interstate/intrastate percentage for the prior 3 months ending with the last day of December, March, June, and September, respectively. Such revised jurisdictional factor(s) will serve as the basis for the next three (3) months' billing where sufficient call detail is not available. No prorating or back billing will be done based on such revised reports.

(F) The customer is required to retain for a minimum of six (6) months its call detail records and description(s) of any mechanized system(s) on which it relied to calculate its customer-provided jurisdictional factor(s). Such information may be requested under the provisions of an audit as described below.

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements (Cont'd)

(B) Maintenance of IC Records

2.3.15 Determination of Interstate Charges for Mixed Interstate and Intrastate Access Service

2.3.15 Disputes Involving Jurisdictional Reports -- Switched Access PIU Audits --

(A) The Telephone Company may initiate an audit of customer-provided jurisdictional factor(s) if the Telephone Company or a regulatory commission questions the validity of the factor(s). Such audit request is initiated in writing by the Telephone Company (recommended delivery via certified U.S. Mail) and requires the customer to make available for inspection by the Telephone Company or independent auditor the data the customer used in its calculations. The data to be reviewed will be limited to one quarter's data unless the customer requests a longer period and the Telephone Company agrees. The Telephone Company can only audit a customer's jurisdictional factor(s) once a year, except under extreme conditions.

Jurisdictional factor(s) audits may be conducted by:

- the Telephone Company, if the customer agrees; or
- an independent auditor selected and paid for by the Telephone Company; or
- an independent auditor mutually agreed upon and equally paid for by the Telephone Company and customer; or
- an independent auditor selected and paid for by the customer.

If the customer fails to provide the data required within 30 days of the notice of audit, the customer will be in violation of the tariff and subject to the provisions for refusal and/or discontinuance of service specified in the tariff.

The party paying for the audit will present the audit results in writing via certified U.S. Mail to the other party. If the auditor is selected and paid for by the customer, the auditor must also certify as part of its written audit report that the audit was performed following procedures for measuring and defining interstate traffic as established by Federal Communications Commission rules, orders, etc.

If the results of an independent audit paid for by the Telephone Company (in whole or in part) indicate that the customer had overstated any of its jurisdictional factor(s) by 20% or more, the customer will be required to reimburse the Telephone Company for the cost of the audit. The bill for the cost of the audit shall be due within 30 days from presentation and shall carry a late payment penalty if not paid within the 30 days.

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2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Obligations of the IO (Cont'd)

2.3.15 Determination of Interstate Charges for Mixed Interstate and Intra-state Access Services (Cont'd)

(B)

2.3.15 Disputes Involving Jurisdictional Reports -- Switched Access PII Audits -- (Cont'd)

The Telephone Company is required to use the audited results to adjust the customer's billing for the quarter in which the audit was completed, the quarter immediately preceding the quarter in which the audit was completed, and the two (2) quarters following the completion of the audit. Both debit and credit adjustments will be made to the customer's account.

During the second quarter following the completion of the audit, the customer may submit revised jurisdictional factor(s) to be used by the Telephone Company to apportion traffic for which it does not have sufficient call detail beginning the following quarter. If the revised jurisdictional factor(s) represent a deviation of 5% or more from the audited results and the deviation is not due to identifiable reasons, the Telephone Company may initiate a new audit request, as described above.

2.3.16 Trouble Determination

(A) The IO shall be responsible for receiving trouble reports from its End Users and determining, by testing or other means, if the source of trouble is caused by the equipment or facilities provided by the IO, its End User, or by the Telephone Company.

(B) When more than one Telephone Company service is used to provide service to an IO, the IO is responsible for determining which service provided by the Telephone Company is causing the reported trouble.

(C) The IO shall be responsible for payment of Maintenance of Service Charges as set forth in 13.9.1, 13.6.1, 13.9.1, 13.12.1 and 13.13.1 following when reporting trouble to the Telephone Company and the obligations in (A) and (B) preceding are not met.

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances

2.4.1 Payment of Rates, Charges and Deposits

(A) The Telephone Company may, in order to safeguard its interests, require an IO which has a proven history of late payments to the Telephone Company or does not have established credit with the Telephone Company except for an IO which is a successor of a company which has established credit with the Telephone Company and has no history of late payments to the Telephone Company, to make a deposit prior to or at any time after the

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6. Switched Access Services

6.1 General

Switched Access Service provides a two-point electrical communications path between the IC terminal location and telephone exchange service locations. Each path is capable of the transmission of voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

Switched Access Service provides for the use of common terminating, switching and trunking facilities, and jointly used subscriber plant of the Telephone Company's public switched network by ICs for their use in furnishing their services. Directory listings are not included with Switched Access. These are provided from the Telephone Company's local and/or general exchange service tariff.

Switched Access Service is provided in various Feature Group arrangements which are differentiated by the type of connection (i.e., line side connection and trunk side connection) and the access calling pattern (e.g., 950-10XX calling in a LATA, 10XX calling in a LATA, etc.).

Switched Access Service provides for the ability to make and receive calls to and from telephone exchange service locations in the LATA associated with the specific Feature Group provided.

At the option of the IC, Switched Access Service may be provided for both interstate and intrastate communications. When the IC orders such mixed access, it is responsible for providing the reports in 2.8.14 preceding to the Telephone Company.

When the IC plans to use Switched Access Service in connection with the resale of services of another IC, such Switched Access Service will be provided subject to the rate regulations set forth in 6.7.3. following. Such Switched Access Service will be provided as set forth in the following paragraphs of this section. The IC shall order the features and options it desires in accordance with the provisions of this section.

6.1.1 Feature Group Arrangements

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6. Switched Access Service

6.1 General (cont'd)

SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE - OVERVIEW

The following matrix highlights each feature group's characteristics (taken from the 1988 tariff):

FEATURE GROUP MATRIX

FEATURE GROUP	FGA	FGB	FGC (2)	FOD
Typical Service Use	FX/ONAL LONAL MTS-Type WATS-Type	MTS/MTS- Type WATS-Type	MTS/WATS WATS-Type	Equal Access
Carrier Access Code	7 Digit (NXX-XXXX)	7 Digit (060-XXXX)	None	101XXXX or Presubscription
Type Termination	Line Side	Trunk Side	Trunk Side	Trunk Side
Carrier Availability	All Customers	All Customers	Providers of MTS/WATS(2)	All Customers
Equal Access Office/Rates	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS(1)	MOU LS

- (1) All customers pay the same rates for all Switched Access rate elements without respect to Feature Group. The Company charges a unitary rate for each element ("premium rate") as it does not have a bifurcated premium/non-premium rate structure.
- (2) Available to the providers of WATS (e.g., AT&T and SmartNet). Also available to Qwest or its successor Intrastate IntraLATA primary toll carrier, and to an exchange carrier acting as an interexchange carrier for the provision of Interstate IntraLATA Access. Other access customers may obtain: (a) Originating FGC access for the provision of open end 800 and Interim NXX Service or (b) Terminating FGC access for testing purposes when used for the provision of Open End 800 and Interim NXX Service.

6.1.1 Feature Group Arrangements

There are five Feature Group arrangements through which Switched Access Service is provided. Following is a brief description of each. More detailed descriptions are set forth in 6.2 following.