

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**Public Service Commission
Gas Pipeline Safety
Rulemaking**

Case No. GS-17-370

**Statements on Regulatory Analysis, Small Entity Analysis,
and Takings Assessment**

November 29, 2017

The purpose of this rulemaking is to adopt, by reference in state administrative rule, the most recent amendments to pipeline safety regulations adopted by the United States Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA).

This rule change adopts amendments to safety regulations that have been adopted by PHMSA since December 31, 2015, current to December 31, 2017. A summary/explanation of the specific changes to be adopted by reference for pipeline safety is attached.

For Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations Part 193 – Liquefied Natural Gas Facilities: Federal Safety Standards, the Public Service Commission currently has statutory authority concerning pipeline safety of liquefied natural gas (LNG) facilities and was recently informed of a jurisdictional LNG facility located in North Dakota. The Public Service Commission must adopt all pipeline safety rules adopted by PHMSA regarding LNG facilities and the Commission is proposing to adopt Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations Part 193 in effect as of December 31, 2017.

Regulatory Analysis

N.D.C.C. § 28-32-08 requires an agency to prepare a regulatory analysis if the rule is expected to have an impact on the regulated community in excess of fifty thousand dollars, or if one is requested as provided in the law. The law provides, in part:

2. The regulatory analysis must contain:
 - a. A description of the classes of persons who probably will be affected by the proposed rule, including classes that will bear the costs of the proposed rule and classes that will benefit from the proposed rule;
 - b. A description of the probable impact, including economic impact, of the proposed rule;

- c. The probable costs to the agency of the implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule and any anticipated effect on state revenues; and
- d. A description of any alternative methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule that were seriously considered by the agency and the reasons why the methods were rejected in favor of the proposed rule.

North Dakota system operators subject to Commission jurisdiction who may be affected by the federal regulations proposed to be adopted by reference for the state pipeline safety program include intrastate natural gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipeline operators, intrastate natural gas distribution system operators, and certain natural gas and hazardous liquid gathering system operators.

The Commission acts as agent for the United States Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), in the enforcement of the minimum gas pipeline safety standards on all gas distribution and intrastate transmission facilities and enforcement of safety standards on all liquefied natural gas facilities within the state. This is accomplished by entering into a 601055(a) Title 49 agreement with the United States Department of Transportation that requires North Dakota to adopt all of the federal gas safety standards, along with any future amendments to those standards. This rulemaking is a part of that ongoing agreement.

The intrastate natural gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipeline operators, intrastate natural gas distribution system operators, and liquefied natural gas facility operators must comply with the federal amendments and therefore were impacted financially as a result of PHMSA's adoption of the amendments. Adoption of these amendments for the state pipeline safety program will have no additional impact on the regulated community.

A regulatory analysis has not been requested, and the proposal is not expected to impact the regulated community by an amount in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00). Consequently, no regulatory analysis has been prepared.

Small Entity Regulatory Analysis

N.D.C.C. § 28-32-08.1 requires that before adoption of any proposed rule, the adopting agency prepare a regulatory analysis in which the agency considers options to minimize adverse impact on small entities. The law provides, in part:

- 2. . . . The agency shall consider each of the following methods of reducing impact of the proposed rule on small entities:

- a. Establishment of less stringent compliance or reporting requirements for small entities;
- b. Establishment of less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting requirements for small entities;
- c. Consolidation or simplification of compliance or reporting requirements for small entities;
- d. Establishment of performance standards for small entities to replace design or operational standards required in the proposed rule; and
- e. Exemption of small entities from all or any part of the requirements contained in the proposed rule.

A small entity regulatory analysis is not required because the proposed amendments to the existing rule for both the natural gas and hazardous liquids pipeline systems are mandated by federal law.

Small Entity Economic Impact Analysis

A small entity economic impact statement was not required because the proposed amendments to the existing rule for both the natural gas and hazardous liquids pipeline systems are mandated by federal law.

Takings Assessment

N.D.C.C. § 28-32-09 requires an entity to prepare a written assessment of the constitutional takings implications of a proposed rule that may limit the use of private real property. The law provides, in part:

The proposed rules should not limit the use of private property so a takings assessment has not been made.