



Integrated Resource Plan 2021



Submitted to the
North Dakota Public Service Commission
July 1, 2021

Volume IV: Attachment C-H

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
2021 Integrated Resource Plan

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Volume IV
Attachments C – H



**MONTANA-DAKOTA
UTILITIES CO.**

A Subsidiary of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Attachment C

SUPPLY-SIDE AND INTEGRATION ANALYSIS DOCUMENTATION

Supply Side and Integration Analysis

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APPENDIX A – EGEAS INPUT DATA FOR THE BASE CASE

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Supply-Side

Overview

To determine the most cost-effective plan, a supply-side analysis was conducted to identify the feasible supply-side resources to be added to Montana-Dakota's generating system. Potential new planning resources consisting of both capacity resources (generation or external resources) and load modifying resources must be proven technology and be able to provide the same system reliability that Montana-Dakota's customers have come to expect over the years. The integration process considers the potential planning resources and integrates those resources into a single least-cost plan. The analysis also considered possible future economic and social issues.

The least-cost resource plan, developed through the integration process, provides the basis for evaluating and determining the most cost-effective, long-term plan for future supply. Criteria other than simply least cost must be considered in the ultimate future resource selection.

Capacity Needs

The resource expansion analysis considers all planning resource options available to Montana-Dakota and produces a least-cost plan which satisfies the energy and capacity requirements to reliably serve Montana-Dakota's customers. Montana-Dakota is a member of MISO, which currently requires a planning reserve margin (PRM) of 9.4 percent on an unforced capacity (UCAP) basis for the summer peak. The PRM is adjusted annually through MISO's Loss of Load Expectation (LOLE) study. To meet the PRM, enough planning resources are needed to cover the projected yearly MISO non-coincident summer peak demand with a 2.1 percent adder for MISO losses, plus 9.4 percent PRM, the product of which is referred to as the planning reserve margin requirement (PRMR).

Montana-Dakota is required to meet a PRMR based on an 81.1 percent coincident factor for the 2021-2022 Planning Year in MISO based on MDU's analysis of Montana-Dakota's peak at the time of the MISO system-wide peak.

MISO is developing new rules which will likely add a four-season resource adequacy requirement beginning in 2023. The impacts of the four-season resource adequacy requirement are not expected to have a large impact on the generation requirements for Montana-Dakota's fleet, but the ultimate impacts are still unknown.

Load and Capability

To further understand Montana-Dakota's capacity needs, a comparison of its zonal resource credits (ZRC) in MISO and the planning reserve margin requirement (PRMR) based on an 81.1 percent coincident factor is shown in Figures 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3 for the base, low-growth, and high-growth forecast scenarios. The ZRC is established by MISO annually through a Generator Verification Test Capability (GVTC) process. The GVTC is run annually by all Montana-Dakota's steam units and combustion turbines, as required by MISO for all generation resources, greater than 10 MW. All planning resources are corrected to MISO's summer peak to develop an Installed Capacity (ICAP) value to be used on an annual basis. Capacity resources are determined by applying the equivalent forced outage rate (XEFOR_d) to the ICAP value to establish an unforced capacity value (UCAP) for each resource:

$$UCAP = ICAP - (1 - XEFOR_d)$$

UCAP values are then directly converted to a ZRC value to be used to meet the PRMR. The ZRC value shown in the forecast scenarios includes Montana-Dakota's existing and committed resources at this time.

Figure 1-1 shows that, under the current system forecast, Montana-Dakota has adequate capacity to meet its PRMR through 2025. The capacity deficit in 2026 will be 11.4 ZRC and grow to 92.3 ZRC by 2040. As shown in Figure 1-2, under the low-growth forecast, a capacity deficit occurs in 2034 at 7.6 ZRC and grows to 35.6 ZRC by 2040. With the high-growth forecast, as shown in Figure 1-3, a capacity deficit of 5.9 ZRC will occur in 2021 and grow to 698.5 ZRC by 2040.

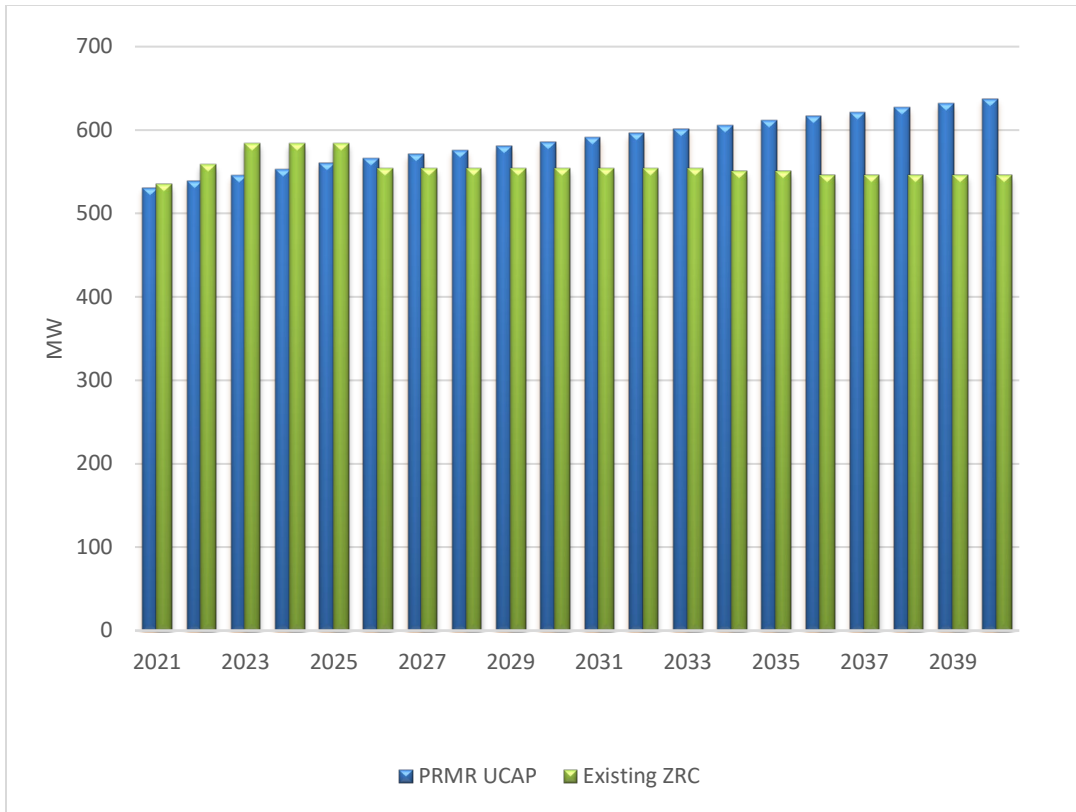


Figure 1-1: Zonal Resource Credit and Planning Reserve Margin Requirement Base Forecast

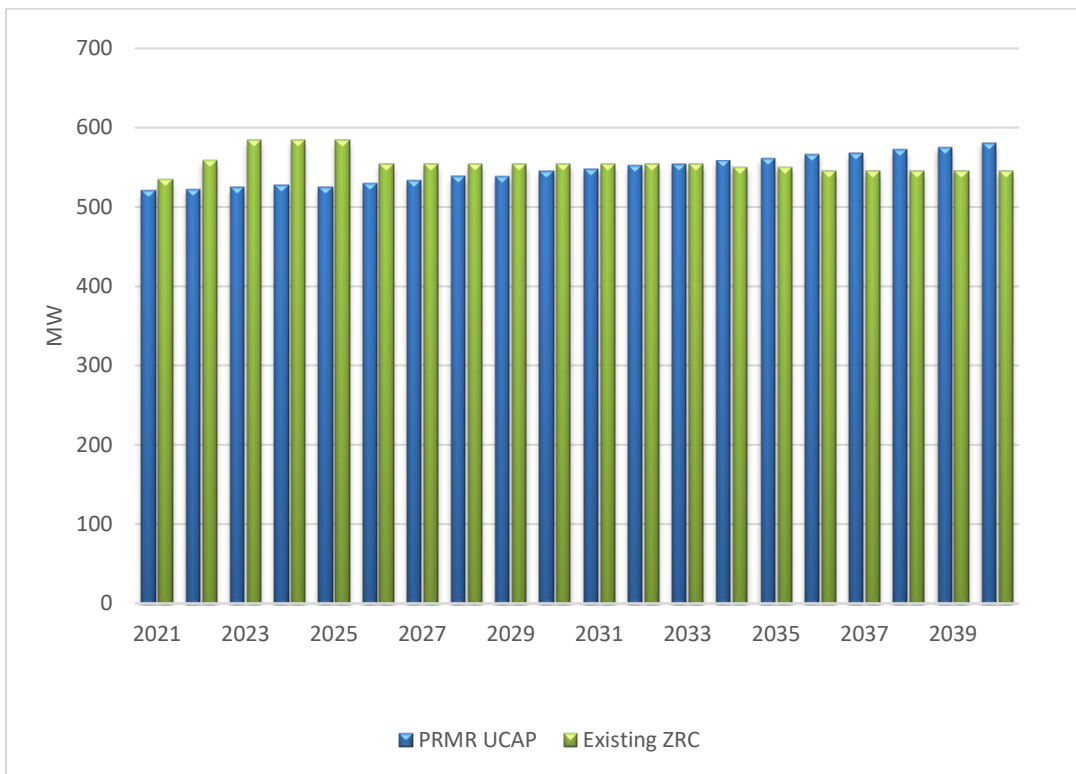


Figure 1-2: Zonal Resource Credit and Planning Reserve Margin Requirement Low Growth Forecast

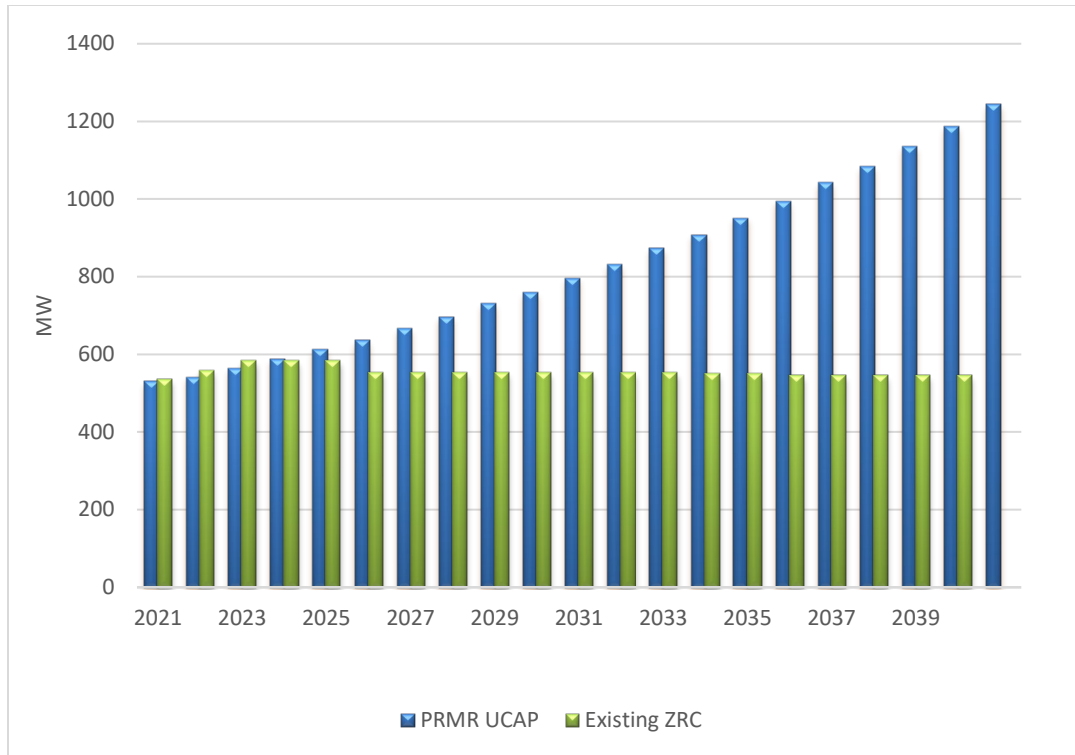


Figure 1-3: Zonal Resource Credit and Planning Reserve Margin Requirement High Growth Forecast

1. Analysis Method

The Electric Generation Expansion Analysis System (EGEAS) version 13, a computer model developed by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), is used to perform the resource expansion analysis and develop the least-cost integrated resource expansion plan. The analysis was performed on various scenarios based on the load forecasts, availability of resources, and economic variables. Each of the scenarios constitutes a resource expansion plan unique to the assumptions used in that scenario. The resource expansion analysis minimizes the present worth, or the net present value (NPV), of the total revenue requirement over fifty years by using an algorithm called “dynamic programming.” The dynamic programming utilized in EGEAS calculates each scenario one year at a time to satisfy the reliability constraints and to fulfill the forecasted energy and capacity requirements. This process identifies all possible states that satisfy the reliability requirements for each year. Finally, the annual results are combined to determine the least-cost plan.

The base year used in the resource expansion analysis was 2020 with the study period starting in 2021. Costs indicated in this report are in 2020 dollars, unless otherwise specified. The study for each scenario was conducted over a 20-year period (2021-2040) in which new resources can be added to meet the forecasted load growth and to compensate for unit retirements. To model the remaining life of capital investments installed during the study period, an additional 30 years, called the extension

period, was added. During this extension period, loads stayed the same as the final year of the study period. All associated operational and fuel costs continue to be escalated at specified rates through the extension period.

2. Resources

Montana-Dakota’s existing generation portfolio includes coal, natural gas, diesel, waste heat and wind. The resource expansion analysis considered other potential available alternative resources to expand the generation portfolio to meet forecasted energy and capacity requirements. All resources were modeled with applicable ZRC amounts, fixed and variable O&M costs, and fuel costs that are shown in Tables 2-1 through 2-5 below.

For resource capacity accreditation, MISO considers wind generation resources differently than thermal resources. The ZRC for wind generation resources is only available if the wind resources have been designated as a network resource in MISO or if the wind resource has been granted a transmission service request and has been designated an energy only resource. The ZRC value for wind resources is based on an effective load carrying capability (ELCC) study performed annually by MISO. This study examines MISO’s top eight annual summer peaks for the last five years to determine how much wind is generated during summer peak conditions and compares the amount of wind generated to MISO’s peak load. This study is done on a MISO system-wide basis and on all single commercial pricing nodes (CPNode). On a system-wide basis for the 2021-2022 planning year, the ELCC study concluded that 16.3 percent of nameplate wind capacity could be converted into a ZRC value if the wind resource is a network resource (up to 20% of nameplate) or has a transmission service request (TSR) for the nameplate value. Based upon production data collected at Montana-Dakota’s wind farms’ CPNodes, Diamond Willow was determined to contribute up to 17.1 percent of its nameplate capacity to ZRCs, Cedar Hills was allowed up to 18.8 percent of its nameplate capacity to ZRCs, and Thunder Spirit was allowed up to 14.8 percent of its nameplate capacity to ZRCs. Diamond Willow, Cedar Hills, and Thunder Spirit are all designated network resources and have been granted a TSR from MISO. The facilities are accredited ZRC values by MISO of 5.1, 3.7, and 22.2 respectively.

2.1. Current Resources

The existing resource portfolio is broken down into five groups: coal, natural gas/oil, renewable, contract, and Demand Side Management (“DSM”). Figure 2-1 shows Montana-Dakota’s 2021 current resource mix by zonal resource credits. Thirty eight percent of Montana-Dakota’s ZRCs comes from coal generation, thirty four percent from gas-fired generation, fourteen percent from capacity contract eight percent from DSM and six percent from renewable resources.

2021 Montana-Dakota Zonal Resource Credits

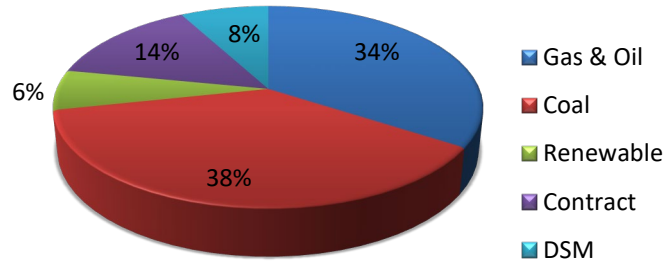


Figure 2-1: Montana-Dakota’s Current Generation Mix by Zonal Resource Credits

2.1.1. Coal

Montana-Dakota currently owns four coal-fired units as part of its integrated system, two of which are jointly owned with other regional utilities. Coal-fired units currently account for 38 percent of the zonal resource credits on Montana-Dakota’s system. Table 2-1 shows the capacity in MW established by the MISO Generator Verification Test Capability (GVTC) process, equivalent forced outage rate (XEFOR_d), number of zonal resource credits, and various costs for each coal-fired plant serving Montana-Dakota’s customers.

Table 2-1: Montana-Dakota’s Coal-Fired Units

<u>Unit</u>	<u>GVTC (MW)</u>	<u>XEFOR_d</u>	<u>Zonal Resource Credit¹</u>	<u>Fixed O&M (\$/kW-year)</u>	<u>Variable O&M (\$/MWh)</u>	<u>Fuel (\$/MBTU)</u>
Coyote ²	106.8	11.92	94.1	28.77	3.86	1.93
Big Stone ³	108.6	1.91	106.5	25.51	2.31	1.80
Heskett 1	23.6	3.23	0	85.88	15.73	2.70
Heskett 2	69.5	6.31	0	56.28	7.29	2.70

1. Based on MISO 2021-22 Planning Year ICAP and XEFOR_d
 2. Montana-Dakota’s 25 percent ownership share
 3. Montana-Dakota’s 22.7 percent ownership share

2.1.2. Natural Gas and Diesel

Simple cycle combustion turbines capable of firing natural gas or fuel oil, along with reciprocating internal combustion engines firing natural gas or diesel, are operated as peaking units and make up about 34 percent of Montana-Dakota’s existing zonal resource credits. To determine the natural gas price a combination of forward index prices at Henry Hub and

Montana-Dakota’s knowledge of natural gas pricing was used to produce a forward-looking natural gas price and escalates the prices by three percent. The capacity in MW established by the MISO Generator Verification Test Capability (GVTC) process, equivalent forced outage rate (XEFOR_d), number of zonal resource credits, and various costs for Montana-Dakota’s existing combustion turbines and diesel generator are shown in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2: Montana-Dakota’s Natural Gas Combustion Turbines and Diesel Generators

<u>Unit</u>	<u>GVTC</u>	<u>XEFOR_d</u>	<u>Zonal Resource Credit¹</u>	<u>Fixed O&M (\$/kW-year)</u>	<u>Variable O&M (\$/MWh)</u>	<u>Fuel (\$/MBTU)²</u>
Glendive 1	32.9	7.83	30.3	5.90	4.20	4.01
Glendive 2	40.9	5.72	38.6	7.07	4.20	4.01
Miles City	21.6	2.82	21.0	7.06	4.20	4.01
Heskett 3	81.3	12.81	70.9	31.13	2.68	2.68
Lewis & Clark 2	18.4	1.33	18.2	29.17	3.60	2.92
Diesel 2	2	10.05	1.8	28.00	4.20	16.19
Diesel 3	2	10.05	1.8	28.00	4.20	16.19

1. Based on MISO 2021-22 Planning Year ICAP and XEFOR_d
2. 2021 natural gas price

2.1.3. Renewable

In addition to coal, diesel, and natural gas, Montana-Dakota owns four renewable resources, as shown in Table 2-3. The renewable resources make up about eight percent of Montana-Dakota’s existing zonal resource credits.

Table 2-3: Montana-Dakota’s Renewable Generation

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Zonal Resource Credits</u>	<u>Fixed O&M (\$/kW-year)</u>	<u>Variable O&M (\$/MWh)</u>	<u>Fuel (\$/MBTU)</u>
Diamond Willow ¹	5.1	21.57	0	-
Cedar Hills ¹	3.7	26.48	0	-
Glen Ullin Station 6	3.4	81.83	7.77	-
Thunder Spirit ^{1,2}	22.2	21.82	-35.38	-

1. ZRC is based on MISO ELCC study.
2. Variable O&M cost includes the Production Tax Credit, which is represented by a negative \$/MWh cost value.

2.1.4. Demand Response

In addition to the supply side resources, two different demand response programs were included into the model. The totals below reflect the number of MWs and ZRCs contracted with the company in 2021.

- Montana-Dakota Interruptible loads – 15.4 MW converts to 14.9 ZRC
- Commercial DSM – 25 MW converts to 27.8 ZRC

2.1.5. MISO Energy Market

The MISO energy market provides a source of energy when prices are lower than Montana-Dakota’s generating cost, or when energy is required due to planned maintenance or forced outages. Montana-Dakota develops the MISO energy market prices from a historical three-year average and escalates the prices by three percent. The model included a 300 MW block of energy for off-peak and on-peak periods.

2.1.6. Minnkota Power Capacity and Energy Purchase

The Company has entered into a power purchase agreement with Minnkota Power Cooperative to purchase capacity and energy from June 2021 through May 2026. The timing of the Minnkota Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) came about during the evaluation of the 2020 RFP as the Company was out contacting its neighboring utilities to determine availability and pricing of capacity and energy as a bridge product to the in-service date for Heskett 4. The Minnkota PPA includes the following purchased capacity and firm energy amounts.

Table 2-4: Minnkota Capacity and Energy

Year	Capacity (MWs)	Energy (MWh)
2021-2022	75	30
2022-2023	90	75
2023-2024	30	75
2024-2025	30	75
2025-2026	30	75

2.2. Considered Supply-Side Resource Alternatives

Montana-Dakota analyzed the following supply-side alternatives that are described in more detail below:

- Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine,
- Simple Cycle Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines,

- Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine,
- Coal,
- Wind (self-built),
- Solar plus storage,
- Biomass,
- Montana Solar Qualified Facility, and
- Responses to 2020 RFP described in Attachment F.

Information regarding the resource alternatives available to Montana-Dakota is summarized in Table 2-5. Performance and cost estimates for the resource alternatives were developed by a consulting engineer using thermal engineering/costing software, budgetary quotations from original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), input from Montana-Dakota, published information, and engineering experience. More detail of the Supply-Side resource alternatives can be seen in Attachment E.

2.2.1. Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine

Simple cycle combustion turbines (SCCT) are primarily built to serve peaking capacity needs. SCCTs typically have one of the lower capital costs per MW compared to other generating types and can be installed within a relatively short lead time (three years). Two basic types of SCCT exist: aeroderivative (Aero), and heavy-duty Frame (Frame). Aero SCCTs are adapted from jet and turboshaft jet engines and are usually smaller and more thermally efficient than similar sized Frame units. However, they generally have a higher capital cost, more expensive maintenance costs, are more susceptible to cold weather reliability issues, and do not normally exceed 100 MWs generating capability in a single unit size. Frame units are designed to drive stationary generation and process plant equipment. They are usually less expensive than an Aero, more robust, require less frequent inspection and maintenance intervals, and are available in over 500 MWs in a single unit size. Montana-Dakota has operating experience with three Frame units, and one Aero unit. Four options for the SCCT were analyzed in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: 78.3 MW summer net large frame greenfield unit, a 78.3 MW summer net large frame unit at a facility with existing infrastructure (Heskett Expansion), a 90.7 MW summer net aero-hybrid unit, and a 45.3 MW summer net Aero unit.

2.2.2. Simple Cycle Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine

Simple cycle reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) are primarily built to serve peaking capacity needs. These units require a relatively short lead time (two to three years)

and are normally more thermally efficient and require lower fuel pressure compared to SCCTs of similar power output. Two RICE natural gas fired plants were analyzed in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: a 36.5 MW (net) four-engine unit, and a 55.0 MW (net) three-engine unit.

2.2.3. Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine

A conventional combined cycle combustion turbine (CCCT) burns natural gas or fuel oil in one or more SCCTs. The hot exhaust gases from the SCCT passes through a heat recovery steam generator to produce additional power in a steam turbine. CCCTs have the highest efficiency of any new power plant, at more than 60 percent. These units are usually used as an intermediate unit today, but in the future could be used as more of a baseload unit to replace retired coal units. Three natural gas fired CCCTs were analyzed in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: a 174 MW (summer net) 2x1 large frame unit, 329.8 MW (summer net) 2x1 large frame unit (Heskett Expansion includes Heskett 3 and 4 in the total MW), and a 329.2 MW (summer net) 1x1 large frame unit.

2.2.4. Coal

Coal-fired power plants are primarily built to serve baseload power requirements. This type of generation provides a stable capacity and energy source and is characterized as having a high capital cost with relatively low operating and fuel costs. Due to existing federal regulations and high capital costs as compared to natural-gas fired units, coal-fired baseload generation is unlikely to be available as a new resource option. Two lignite coal-fired power plants, modeled in blocks of 30 MW, were included in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: a 168 MW net circulating fluidized bed combustion (CFBC) boiler without CO₂ capture, and a 122 MW net CFBC boiler with CO₂ capture.

2.2.5. Wind

A wind energy resource is characterized as being a clean, renewable resource with low operating and maintenance costs. The main disadvantage of wind generation is that, because of the variability of wind, it cannot be relied on as a firm capacity resource. Unlike the thermal resources such as coal-fired and gas-fired units, wind energy resources are allowed limited zonal resource credits (ZRC) by MISO. Therefore, the installation of additional wind generation on Montana-Dakota's system would require adding other capacity resources to meet the MISO planning reserve margin requirements.

This option represents Montana-Dakota's self-built wind generation. Two wind options were analyzed in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: 20 MW and 50 MW (net) options. Both projects assume no Federal Production Tax Credits (PTCs) are available for a future wind project.

2.2.6. Solar plus Storage

Solar resources are characterized as renewable, high capital cost, low operational and maintenance cost energy sources. Like wind, solar is a variable output energy resource and does not contribute its full nameplate capacity toward meeting Montana-Dakota's MISO planning reserve margin requirements. In MISO, solar generation receives a first-year capacity accreditation value of 50 percent while winds first-year capacity accreditation value is closer to 15 percent. The 50 percent first-year capacity accreditation makes solar generation very appealing for meeting peak demand requirements today. This could change significantly on an annual basis when MISO moves to a four-season planning model for resource adequacy, as solar will likely receive zero capacity credit in the winter to meet peak winter demand forecast requirements. Two photovoltaic solar options were included in the resource expansion analysis and are shown in Table 2-5: a 50 MW with an option to add 10 MW battery storage and a 5 MW with an option to add 1 MW battery storage. Both projects assume no Federal Earned Income Tax Credits (ITCs) are available for a future solar project.

2.2.7. Biomass

Similar in operation to a coal-fired power plant, a biomass-fired power plant burns a carbon-neutral organic based fuel instead of coal. The biomass option is considered a renewable resource with high capital and fuel costs as compared to coal and natural gas fired options. A 25 MW net biomass option was included in the resource expansion analysis and shown in Table 2-5.

2.2.8. Montana Solar Qualified Facility

On September 21, 2020, Montana-Dakota entered into a power purchase agreement (PPA) with a 20 MW solar developer located in Fallon County, MT. This project is an eligible FERC Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA) Qualified Facility (QF) facility and the PPA for the project has a 20-year term with an expected in-service date the end of 2023.

**Table 2-5
Considered Resource Alternatives Available to Montana-Dakota**

EGEAS Model Input Summary, 2021 \$	Plant Size (MW _{net})	ZRC	Capital Cost (\$/kW)	Fixed O&M (\$/kW-month)	Variable O&M (\$/MWh)	Fuel Gas Reservation Fee (\$/kW-yr)	Total Fixed O&M (\$/kW-year)	Full Load Heat Rate (BTU/kWh)	Carbon Intensity (ton/GWh)	Fuel Cost (\$/MMBtu)
GE 7EA	78.3	74.6	\$1,590.00	\$1.40	\$1.50	\$2.61	\$19.41	11770	730	\$2.68
GE 7EA Heskett Expansion	78.3	74.6	\$878.00	\$0.93	\$0.90	\$2.61	\$13.77	11770	730	\$2.68
GELMS100PB	90.7	86.3	\$1,760.00	\$1.20	\$1.70	\$1.82	\$16.22	9050	525	\$2.68
GE LM6000PH	45.3	42.8	\$2,320.00	\$2.50	\$1.60	\$2.08	\$32.08	9510	555	\$2.68
GE 7EA (2x1) Heskett Expansion	329.8	311.6	\$1,070.00	\$1.40	\$4.10	\$3.23	\$20.03	9990	515	\$2.68
GE 7FA.05 (1X1)	329.2	311.0	\$1,520.00	\$1.10	\$3.00	\$3.22	\$16.42	6530	430	\$2.68
SIEMENS SGT-800 (2x1)	174	164.4	\$2,180.00	\$2.90	\$4.00	\$2.79	\$37.59	7180	460	\$2.68
WARTSILA 20V34SG	36.5	34.5	\$2,710.00	\$2.60	\$4.40	\$1.58	\$32.78	8470	495	\$2.68
WARTSILA 18V50SG	55.0	52.0	\$2,180.00	\$1.80	\$4.60	\$1.56	\$23.16	8310	485	\$2.68
BIOMASS	25	22.7	\$7,980.00	\$21.00	\$5.60	-	\$252.00	12300	1300	\$5.11
PV SOLAR + Storage ¹	50+10	35.0	\$1,390.00	\$1.10	\$0.00	-	\$13.20	-	-	\$0.00
PVSOLAR + Storage ²	5+1	3.5	\$2,500.00	\$1.20	\$0.00	-	\$14.40	-	-	\$0.00
CFBC WITHOUT CO2 Capture	168	152.3	\$5,880.00	\$21.00	\$14.06	-	\$252.00	10000	1000	\$2.88
CFBC WITH CO2 Capture	122	110.6	\$10,400.00	\$29.00	\$22.29	-	\$348.00	13800	150	\$2.88
ND Wind	20	3.4	\$1,630.00	\$4.20	\$0.00	-	\$50.40	-	-	\$0.00
ND Wind	50	8.5	\$1,580.00	\$4.20	\$0.00	-	\$50.40	-	-	\$0.00

1 - 10 MW battery storage additional \$17.2 million capital and \$0.35 MMS/Yr O&M

2 - 1 MW battery storage additional \$2.5 million and \$0.06 MMS/Yr O&M

3 - Updated renewable pricing remaining resources used 2019 IRP pricing

2.3. Retirements

Montana-Dakota retired Lewis & Clark 1 on March 31, 2021 and will retire Heskett 1 and 2 on March 31, 2022. The units are scheduled for retirement because of their size, age, and operating characteristics make them uneconomic as compared to other alternatives.

Additionally, Montana-Dakota's Diamond Willow, Cedar Hills, and Thunder Spirit wind projects are assumed to be retired in the model after a 25-year operating life or by year 19 of the IRP study period as a conservative assumption. This would require the model to replace the wind projects within the initial 20-year study period.

2.4. Integration of Demand-Side and Supply-Side Resources

As indicated in Chapter 2 of the current Integrated Resource Plan, the energy efficiency programs reductions have been included into the load forecast while the Rate 38/39 Interruptible Loads and the Commercial Demand Response programs are modeled as resources in EGEAS.

2.5. Transmission Alternatives

Montana-Dakota did not identify any transmission issues, including MISO and SPP capabilities, that could be mitigated with local generation resources additions as part of the 2021 IRP Analysis. Transmission limitations associated with SPP's transmission system within the Bakken Region have been mitigated with upgrades and new facilities constructed by Basin Electric in the area.

3. Summaries of Results

Nineteen planning scenarios, which include the base case, and 18 sensitivity runs, were considered. The least-cost resource plan and associated net present value (NPV) of the total revenue requirement for each scenario are shown in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1: Least-Cost Resource Expansion Plans for the Studied Scenarios

	All Sensitivities with Base Case										
	Base Case	High Gas \$+2	High Gas \$+5	Low Gas \$-1	High Market +25%	High Market +50%	Low Market -25%	High Gas \$+2 & High Market +25%	High Gas \$+5 & High Market +50%	Low Gas \$-1 & Low Market -25%	Wood Mckenzie energy pricing
2021											
2022											
2023	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4
2024	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)
2025											
2026											
2027											
2028											
2029											
2030	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	Solar PPA (50)	PP(10)	PP(10)
2031	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)		PP(10)	PP(10)
2032	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	Solar PPA (50)	Solar PPA (50)	PP(20)	Solar PPA (50)		PP(20)	Solar PPA (50)
2033	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)			PP(20)			PP(20)	
2034	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)	PP(10)
2035	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)
2036	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)
2037	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Solar(50)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Solar(50)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Solar(50)	PP(20), Wind(50)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)
2038	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(10)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(10)	PP(20)	PP(10)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)
2039	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)	PP(10)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)	PP(10)	Storage (10), PP(20)	PP(10)	Wind(50), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)	Storage (10), PP(20)
2040	Solar (50), PP(20)	PP(20), Solar(50)	PP(20), Storage(10), Wind(50)	PP(20), Solar(50)	Solar (50), PP(20)	Solar (50), PP(20)	PP(20), Solar(50)	Solar (50), PP(20)	Solar (50), PP(20)	PP(20), Solar(50)	PP(20), Solar(50)
NPV(\$M)	\$2,320.68	\$2,339.02	\$2,351.50	\$2,230.88	\$2,516.05	\$2,634.00	\$2,081.29	\$2,542.60	\$2,725.37	\$2,061.03	\$2,335.82
Difference	0.00%	0.79%	1.33%	-3.87%	8.42%	13.50%	-10.32%	9.56%	17.44%	-11.19%	0.65%

Alternative Resources:

- PP(XX) - Up Purchase Capacity with number representing MW value
- Solar PPA (50) - 2020 RFP (Used \$35.45/Mwh and added \$16/Mwh for interconnection costs)
- Solar QF (20) - Solar Qualified Facility in Montana at 20 MW
- Solar (XX) - self-build solar option
- Wind (XX) - self-build wind option
- Storage (XX) - self-build storage option
- Heskett CC Add (163.5) - Combined cycle Heskett 3 & 4
- CT (90.7) - GE LMS100PB Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine
- CC (329.2) - GE 7FA.05 (1x1) Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine

Table 3-2: Additional Least-Cost Resource Expansion Plans for the Studied Scenarios

	All Sensitivities with Base Case								
	Base Case	Low Growth	High Growth	MISO 90% Coincident Factor	Limit Energy(100 MW) over 5 years	Limit Energy(100 MW) over 10 years	Coyote retirement	Carbon \$30 - 2023	Carbon \$50 - 2023
2021									
2022									
2023	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	PP(10), Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4	Heskett 4, Solar PPA (50), Wind (50)	Heskett 4, Solar PPA (50), Wind (70), Solar QF (20)
2024	Solar QF (20)		PP(10), Solar QF (20)	PP(10), Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	Solar QF (20)	
2025			Solar PPA (50)	PP(10)					
2026			PP(20), Storage (10)	PP(20)					
2027			Heskett CC Add (163.5)	CT(90.7)					
2028							PP(10), CT(90.7)		
2029							PP(10)		
2030	PP(10)				Solar PPA (50)	PP(10)	PP(20)		
2031	PP(10)					PP(10)	PP(20)		
2032	PP(20)		CT(90.7)			Solar PPA (50)	Solar PPA (50)		
2033	PP(20)						PP(10)		
2034	Solar PPA (50), PP(10)		PP(20)	PP(10)	Wind (20)	Wind (20)	PP(10)	Wind (50)	
2035	PP(10)		CC (329.2)	PP(20)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(20)		Wind (50)
2036	PP(20)	PP(10)		Solar PPA (50)	PP(20)	PP(20)	Solar (50), PP(10)	PP(10)	
2037	Storage (10), PP(20)	PP(10)		PP(10)	Wind (50), PP(20)	Wind (50), PP(20)	PP(10)	PP(10)	PP(10)
2038	PP(20)	PP(10)		PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	Wind (50)
2039	Storage (10), PP(20)	Solar PPA (50)		PP(20)	Wind (20), PP(20)	Wind (20), PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(20)	PP(10)
2040	Solar (50), PP(20)	PP(20)	Solar (55)	Solar (50), PP(20)	Solar (55), Wind (50), Storage(10)	Solar (55), Wind (50), Storage(10)	PP(20), Solar(50)	PP(20), Solar(50)	Solar (100), PP(20)
NPV(\$M)	\$2,320.68	\$2,067.46	\$4,618.90	\$2,472.69	\$2,499.71	\$2,486.34	\$2,508.94	\$3,536.13	\$4,194.36
Difference	0.00%	-10.91%	99.03%	6.55%	7.71%	7.14%	8.11%	52.37%	80.74%

Alternative Resources:

PP(XX) - Up Purchase Capacity with number representing MW value

Solar PPA (50) - 2020 RFP (Used \$35.45/Mwh and added \$16/Mwh for interconnection costs)

Solar QF (20) - Solar Qualified Facility in Montana at 20 MW

Solar (XX) - self-build solar option

Wind (XX) - self-build wind option

Storage (XX) - self-build storage option

Heskett CC Add (163.5) - Combined cycle Heskett 3 & 4

CT (90.7) - GE LMS100PB Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine

CC (329.2) - GE 7FA.05 (1x1) Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine

3.1. Base Case Plan Results

The Base Case least-cost plan consists of the following resource additions for 2021-2026:

- Retired Lewis & Clark 1 on March 31, 2021, and retire Heskett 1 and Heskett 2, by the end of March 2022.
- Install an 88 MW natural gas-fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine unit to be online in early 2023.
- Continue to grow the Commercial Demand Response program to a total of 40 MW.
- Inclusion of the Minnkota Power capacity and energy purchase agreement.
- 20 MW solar QF project located in Fallon County, MT to be online the end of 2023.

The 20 MW solar QF project was also included as a resource option for the 2021 IRP model and selected as a least cost resource in 2024. The IRP model did select additional future solar from the 2020 RFP which the Company did not pursue due to project size, uncertainties in final costs associated with network upgrades, and location of resources as described in Attachment F – 2020 RFP Analysis. Additional 20 MW of storage, 50 MW of solar and capacity was selected in the later years of the study. The net present value of the Base Case least-cost plan over the 50-year study period equates to \$2,321 million in 2020 dollars, as shown in Attachment C Table 3-1.

3.2. Sensitivity Analysis

The 18 sensitivity scenarios consist of various assumptions regarding carbon taxes, low and high natural gas prices, low and high load growth, combination of gas and market prices, 90 percent coincident factor for MISO Resource Adequacy, high and low market prices limiting energy, no coyote, and alternate energy source.

3.2.1. High and Low Gas Price

Prices for natural gas supplies as delivered to Montana-Dakota's existing turbines, future combustion turbines, and future combined cycle plants were developed in-house for use in the resource expansion analysis based on Montana-Dakota's view of the long-term outlook of natural gas pricing. Considering the potential fluctuations of natural gas prices, there is a need to consider what impact both higher and lower gas prices would have on the Base Case. Therefore, high and low gas price scenarios were also developed, whereby the gas price used in the Base Case was increased by \$2/MMBtu and \$5/MMBtu and decreased by \$1/MMBtu from the Base Case, respectively. The high and low gas price cases were escalated by three percent annually after 2025. The results of the higher natural gas price case selected additional

wind and less storage compared to the Base Case. The NPV of the revenue requirement in this scenario increased 0.8 and 1.3 percent respectively over the Base Case. The results of the low natural gas price scenario were the same as the Base Case. This case decreased the NPV of the revenue requirement by 3.9 percent from the Base Case.

3.2.2. Low Growth

This scenario was used to evaluate the load growth potential at less than the optimal resource case with an average growth rate of 0.5 percent per year during the 20-year forecast. The results of this scenario indicate that there is less future capacity and energy needed, resulting in some purchase capacity and 50 MW solar in the outer years. This lowered the NPV by 10.9 percent over the Base Case.

3.2.3. High Growth

A high-growth scenario evaluated the effects of a continued long-term average load growth rate of 4.4 percent per year starting in 2021. The results of this scenario indicate the need for the following resources over the Base Case: a simple cycle combustion turbine and two combined cycle combustion turbines. This increased the NPV by 99 percent over the Base Case.

3.2.4. High and Low Market Prices

These scenarios were used to look at the effects the MISO market could have on the resource plan if the market prices went higher or lower than the Base Case. The high market price cases increased the on-peak and off-peak market prices of the Base Case by 25% and 50%. This resulted in the same results as the Base Case results except for the +50% did not select the storage instead it selected 50 MW of additional solar. These scenarios resulted in an increase of 8.4 and 13.5 percent respectively in NPV of the revenue requirement over the Base Case. The lower market price case decreased the base year on- and off-peak prices by 25%. This resulted in the same results as the Base Case but lowered the NPV by 3.9 percent.

3.2.5. Limiting Market Energy

The on-peak and off-peak markets were set at 300 MW in the Base Case. These two scenarios limited the amount of market energy that could be selected to 100 MW either over five or ten

years. More wind and solar was selected in these sensitivities to replace the energy lost from the energy market. These sensitivities increased the NPV by 7.7 and 7.1 percent.

3.2.6. Ninety percent coincident factor for MISO Resource Adequacy (RA)

The ninety percent coincident factor sensitivity scenario results in a higher capacity need for MISO RA, however the energy needs do not change. This scenario was done in part to show the change in capacity need if there was a change to Montana-Dakota's current 81.1 percent coincident factor. The selected least-cost plan for this scenario was different from the Base Case with an additional simple cycle being selected. The results of this scenario indicate an increase of 6.6 percent in the NPV of the revenue requirement over the Base Case.

3.2.7. Carbon Tax

With the potential of a future carbon penalty applied to all fossil fuel units and MISO energy purchases, a carbon tax was modeled to assess the impact on the resource expansion plan. The assumed carbon tax was applied to all carbon emissions from Montana-Dakota's existing coal-fired units and natural gas-fired SCCTs, energy purchases from the MISO market, and new generating units added to the resource plan starting in 2023. While no carbon tax was modeled in the Base Case, Montana-Dakota modeled a carbon tax of \$30 and \$50 per ton for a sensitivity analysis. The results added additional wind and solar compared to the Base Case. The NPV increased by 52.4 percent and 80.7 percent over the Base Case.

3.2.8. Gas and Market Price Combinations

These sensitivities were looking at a combination of both natural gas prices and the energy market were both increasing or decreasing. Two combinations of a high gas price and market price (+\$2 Gas and +25% market and +\$5 and +50% market) and one sensitivity of lower natural gas prices and energy market prices (-\$1 Gas and -25% market). The results from the high scenarios had more solar and wind compared to the Base Case results and increased the NPV by 9.6 and 17.4percent, while the lower sensitivity had the same results as the Base Case but decreased the NPV by 11.2 percent.

3.2.9. Coyote Retirement Scenario

As the technology requirements for Coyote Stations Regional Haze project are still unknown as this time, a single sensitivity was run to show the impacts on the Company's Resource Plan if Coyote Station was retired by the end of 2027. Additional Coyote Station sensitivities will

be included in the 2023 IRP This sensitivity added an additional peaking unit and more solar while increasing the NPV by 8.1 percent over the Base Case.

3.2.10. Alternate Energy Forecast

A new sensitivity was run which utilized the MISO Energy Pricing Forecast developed by Wood MacKenzie. This sensitivity had slightly higher energy price than the Base Case which resulted in a similar plan but an increase in the NPV of 0.7 percent.

4. Conclusions

Based on the current results of the supply-side and integration analysis, the Base Case is the least-cost plan. In this plan, the following resources are selected as the least-cost options in meeting the forecasted capacity and energy requirements:

- Retired Lewis & Clark 1 on March 31, 2021, and retire Heskett 1 and Heskett 2, by the end of March 2022.
- Install an 88 MW natural gas-fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine unit to be online in early 2023.
- Continue to grow the Commercial Demand Response program to a total of 40 MW.
- 20 MW solar QF project located in Fallon County, MT to be online the end of 2023.

Figures 4-1 and 4-2 show a comparison of the resource mix that Montana-Dakota has available to serve its customers’ needs in 2021, as compared to the least cost plan in 2026 which includes a new simple cycle combustion turbine online in 2023. Note a Zonal Resource Credit (ZRC) represents one megawatt of accredited generating capacity under the MISO resource adequacy rules.

2021 Montana-Dakota Zonal Resource Credits

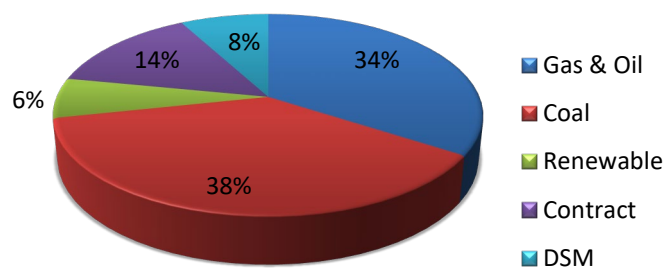


Figure 4-1: 2021 Montana-Dakota Zonal Resource Credits

2026 Montana-Dakota Zonal Resource Credits

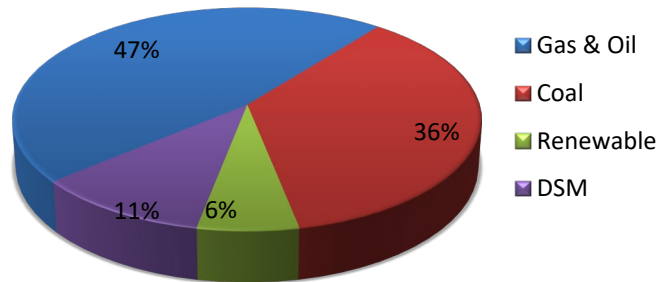


Figure 4-2: 2026 Montana-Dakota Zonal Resource Credits

As shown in Figures 4-1 and 4-2; in 2021 approximately 34 percent of Montana-Dakota’s resource capacity comes from natural gas and oil-fired combustion turbines and reciprocating internal combustion engines while in 2026, based on the Base Case plan, approximately 47 percent of the Company’s resource capacity would be made up by natural gas and oil-fired combustion turbines and reciprocating internal combustion engines. It should be noted that while natural gas makes up a large portion of the capacity, these are peaking resources that, while critical to the system, contribute very little to the actual energy usage.

Figures 6-6 and 6-7 shows the percentage of energy on a yearly basis in 2021 and after the retirements of Heskett 1, Heskett 2, and Lewis & Clark 1 and the addition of Heskett 4 in 2026. In 2021, 43 percent of Montana-Dakota’s energy will come from coal, 30 percent MISO energy market, 23 percent from renewable, and 4 percent from energy contract. In 2026, 45 percent of energy will come from coal, 25 percent will come from MISO energy market, 22 percent will come from renewable, and 8 percent from energy contract based upon forecasted fuel and MISO energy prices. In 2026, Coyote and Big Stone have an annual capacity factor around 85 percent. If MISO energy prices increase higher than forecasted, Montana-Dakota’s natural gas-fired units could be dispatched to offset forecasted MISO energy purchases and provide pricing protection for customers.

2021 Montana-Dakota Energy

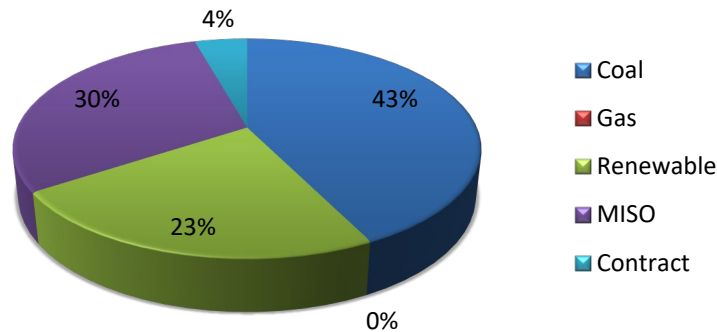


Figure 6-6: 2021 Montana-Dakota Energy by Resource Type

2026 Montana-Dakota Energy

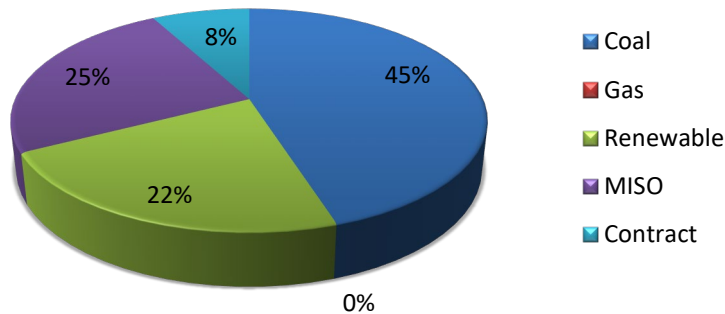


Figure 6-7: 2026 Montana-Dakota Energy by Resource Type

The sensitivity scenarios show that the largest variations in NPV of supply plans reflect potential carbon tax, high load growth scenarios, and high natural gas prices.

5. Future Resource Plan

Based on the analysis of the resource expansion models and the consideration of customer impacts, market availability of capacity and energy, and other factors such as environmental regulations and the balance of its generation mix, Montana-Dakota’s recommended resource plan is to pursue the following resource changes to meet the requirements identified for the 2021-2026 period:

- Retired Lewis & Clark 1 on March 31, 2021; and retire Heskett 1 and Heskett 2 by the end of

March 2022.

- Continue to grow the Commercial Demand Response program to a total of 40 MW.
- Continue the design and engineering work on Heskett 4, a natural gas-fired simple cycle combustion turbine resource, to be online in early 2023.
- Issue a new request for proposal prior to the next IRP.

Montana-Dakota's recommended resource plan satisfies future customer requirements through the retirement of three older uneconomic coal-fired units and the continued reliance on Big Stone and Coyote to provide base load energy. The construction of a new simple cycle combustion turbine to add to the existing 200 MW of natural gas-fired peaking units, contract for capacity and energy through May 2026 and additional MISO energy market purchases to meet customer peak demands.

A new request for proposals will be issued prior to the next IRP to see if the uncertainties with final project pricing and network upgrade costs described in Attachment F – 2020 RFP analysis, are better known to help meet future customer demand and energy requirements.

6. References

MISO Resource Adequacy Business Practice Manual-11-r24 Resource Adequacy. (December 15, 2020)

EGEAS User's Guide Version 13. EPRI, Palo Alto, CA, November 2018.

MISO Planning Year 2021-2022 Loss of load Expectation Study Report. (December 8, 2020)

MISO Planning Year 2021-2022 Wind & Solar Capacity Credit. (January 26, 2021)

Appendix A

EGEAS INPUT DATA FOR THE BASE CASE

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EEEEEEEE GGGGGG EEEEEEEE AA AA SSSSSS

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ELECTRIC GENERATION EXPANSION ANALYSIS SYSTEM

EDIT PROGRAM

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
2021 Model
Base Case Run
-- Data updated for the 2021 Model

RPI 1529

ELECTRIC POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE
3420 HILLVIEW AVENUE
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304

NUMBER OF LOAD AREAS 1
 LOAD MODIFICATION OPTION 1
 NUMBER OF LOAD COMPONENTS 1
 COST ANALYSIS FORMAT 1 - NO CONSTRUCTION COSTS, LEVELIZED FIXED CHARGES
 REPORT FILE OPTION 0 - STANDARD

REPORT OPTIONS

CONTROL 1 - GENERATE
 MIRROR IMAGE 1 - GENERATE
 ERROR 3 - ALL MESSAGES
 DATA BASE CONTENTS 1 - GENERATE WITHOUT ORTHOG DATA

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TECHNOLOGY 1	windDWcf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 2	windCHcf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 3	windTScf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 4	wind46cf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 5	slr16cf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 6	slr20cf	1	0				

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EGEAS EDIT MIRROR IMAGE REPORT PAGE 2

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* Base Case Run 4
* -- Data updated for the 2021 Model 5
* Control record. 6
* 7

* M C ---REPORTS--- 8
* O O C M E F C 9
* D S T I R I N 10
* E T L R R L T DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION 11
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CAP. OPER. EMER. CHRG. FOR RATE LIMIT EFF. RESERVE
*BP B
INSTALL. INSTALL. LEVEL. FIXED VAR. AFUDC DEBT M CAP
COST 1 COST 2 CARRY. O+M O+M PCT. AFUDC U STR
*BP C
INST FIX VAR FOR OPER
COST O+M O+M OUT MNT FUEL CAP ENRG CAP ENRG WEEK LOAD
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RES HEAT RATED
ENV GEN CAP RATE TAX CAP
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	BPD	24	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140	
	*											141	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	26		AC CYCLE			DTHR1P	G PURC	MDU MISO	100.0	1	30 30	142
	BPB	26		2.0001.00001.0000				0.0000	1		1.1000		143
	BPC	26		0.000				363.71100.00		2	0		144
	BPD	26	1	48	49	0	39	8	0	0	0	0	145
	BPD	26	2	0	0	0	0	0	26				146
	BPF	26		0.000				00.0000					147
	BPG	26		0.000000000.000000000.00000000									148
	*											149	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	27		STORAGE			STOR P G	STRG MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	30 25	150
	BPB	27		10.0001.00001.00001.00000.0010				8.00	95.00		0.9500		151
	BPC	27		1720.000				9.500035.0000.0000		2	1		152
	BPD	27	1	51	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	153
	BPD	27	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	154
	*											155	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	80		MISO - On peak			HYDR P E	PURC MDU	MISO	100.0	1	2014 50 50	156
	BPB	80		250.01.00001.0000				0.0000	105001000.0		0.0000		157
	BPC	80						0.000025.890		2	0		158
	BPD	80	1		29	0	0	8	0	41	0	7	159
	BPD	80	2	0	0	0	0	0	41				160
	*											161	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	90		MISO - Off peak			HYDR P E	PURC MDU	MISO	100.0	1	2014 50 50	162
	BPB	90		250.01.00001.0000				0.0000	105001000.0		0.0000		163
	BPC	90						0.000023.230		2	0		164
	BPD	90	1		46	0	0	8	0	0	0	7	165
	BPD	90	2	0	0	0	0	0	41				166
	*											167	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	100		INTERRUPTIBLES			DTHR1P	E PURC	MDU MISO	100.0	1	2012 30 30	168
	BPB	100		15.2001.00001.0000				0.0000	1		0.9474		169
	BPC	100		0.000				50.040300.00		1	1		170
	BPD	100	1	48	49	0	14	8	0	0	0	0	171
	BPD	100	2	0	0	0	0	0	16				172
	BPF	100		0.000				00.0000					173
	BPG	100		0.000000000.000000000.00000000									174
	*											175	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	110		COMMERCIAL DSM			DTHR1P	E PURC	MDU MISO	100.0	1	2013 30 30	176
	BPB	110		25.0001.00001.0000				0.0000	1		1.1000		177
	BPC	110		0.000				50.040300.00		2	0		178
	BPD	110	1	48	49	0	14	8	0	0	0	0	179
	BPD	110	2	0	0	0	0	0	4				180
	BPF	110		0.000				00.0000					181
	BPG	110		0.000000000.000000000.00000000									182
	*											183	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	120		MILES CITY C.T.			THRM P E	GAS MDU	MONT	100.0	1	1972 99 30	184
	BPB	120		25.2000.85711.0000				0.5000	14459		0.8333		185

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPC	120					7.06004.2000		2	0		186	
	BPD	120	1		3	5	0	2	1	0	0	187	
	BPD	120	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	188	
	*											189	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	130		GLENDDIVE CT #1 THRM P E GAS MDU MONT			100.0		1	1979	99	30	190
	BPB	130		35.5000.84511.0000			0.5000	12465			0.8535		191
	BPC	130					5.90004.2000		2	0		192	
	BPD	130	1		3	6	0	3	1	0	0	5	193
	BPD	130	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		194	
	*											195	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	132		GLENDDIVE CT #2 THRM P E GAS MDU MONT			100.0		1	2003	99	30	196
	BPB	132		43.3000.92381.0000			0.5000	9322			0.8915		197
	BPC	132					7.07004.2000		2	0		198	
	BPD	132	1		3	7	0	4	1	0	0	13	199
	BPD	132	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		200	
	*											201	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	136		DIESEL 2 THRM P E GAS MDU NDAK			100.0		1	2012	99	30	202
	BPB	136		2.0001.00001.0000			0.5000	8687			0.9048		203
	BPC	136					28.0004.2000		2	0		204	
	BPD	136	1		3	8	0	23	2	0	0	0	205
	BPD	136	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		206	
	*											207	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	138		DIESEL 3 THRM P E GAS MDU NDAK			100.0		1	2012	99	30	208
	BPB	138		2.0001.00001.0000			0.5000	8687			0.9048		209
	BPC	138					28.0004.2000		2	0		210	
	BPD	138	1		3	8	0	23	2	0	0	0	211
	BPD	138	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		212	
	*											213	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	140		HESKETT #1 THRM B E COAL MDU NDAK			100.0		1	1954	69	30	214
	BPB	140		29.2000.75341.0000			0.0323	18731			0.7192		215
	BPC	140					85.88015.730		2	0		216	
	BPD	140	1		3	9	0	5	3	0	0	14	217
	BPD	140	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		218	
	BPE	140		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080		0	219	
	*											220	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	150		HESKETT #2 THRM B E COAL MDU NDAK			100.0		1	1963	60	30	221
	BPB	150		74.6000.93831.0000			0.0631	12447			0.8727		222
	BPC	150					56.2807.2900		2	0		223	
	BPD	150	1		3	10	0	6	4	0	0	15	224
	BPD	150	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		225	
	BPE	150		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080		0	226	
	*											227	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	152		HESKETT #3 THRM P E GAS MDU NDAK			100.0		1	2014	40	25	228
	BPB	152		88.0000.95451.0000			0.5000	11482			0.8057		229
	BPC	152					31.1302.6800		1	1		230	
	BPD	152	1		3	15	0	17	13	0	0	2	231
	BPD	152	2	0	0	0	27	0	0	0		232	

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS, NUM. Rows include plant types like HESKETT #4, LEWIS & CLARK1, LEWIS & CLARK2, BIG STONE, COYOTE, DIAMOND WILLOW, and GLEN ULLIN ORMAT.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPE	200		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080		0	280	
	*											281	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	210		CEDAR HILLS		NDT	B E WIND MDU	MONT	100.0	1	2010	26 25	282
	BPB	210		19.5001	0.0000	0.3810		0.0000			0.1897	283	
	BPC	210						26.4800	0.0000	2	1	284	
	BPD	210	1		3	0	10	0	0	0	0	285	
	BPD	210	2	2	0	0	0	0	0			286	
	*											287	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	220		THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	B E WIND MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	2015	25 25	288
	BPB	220		150.01	0.0000	0.4186		0.0000			0.1480	289	
	BPC	220						21.820	-35.38	2	1	290	
	BPD	220	1		3	32	0	13	0	0	0	291	
	BPD	220	2	3	0	0	0	0	0			292	
	*											293	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	230		WAPA PUR-FT PECK HYDR		B E HYDR MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	2001	50 30	294	
	BPB	230		2.8000	0.8929	1.0000		0.0000	14.35		0.0000	295	
	BPC	230		0.000				0.0000	24.000	2	0	296	
	BPD	230	1		14	0	0	0	0	0	0	297	
	BPD	230	2	0	0	0	0	0	0			298	
	BPE	230		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080		0	299	
	*											300	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	310		PURCHASE POWER		THRM P G PURC MDU	MISO	100.0	1		1 1	301	
	BPB	310		10.0001	0.0000	1.0000		0.0000	1		1.0000	302	
	BPC	310		0.000				12.000	1000.0	2	0	303	
	BPD	310	1		21	23	0	0	8	0	0	304	
	BPD	310	2	0	0	0	0	0	0			305	
	BPF	310		0.000				00.0000				306	
	BPG	310		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						307	
	*											308	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	320		GE 7EA		THRM P G GAS MDU	NDAK	100.0	1		40 35	309	
	BPB	320		78.3000	0.9195	1.0000		0.5000	11770		0.9521	310	
	BPC	320		1590.000				9.221	019.410	1	1	311	
	BPD	320	1	30	22	60	0	28	13	0	0	312	
	BPD	320	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0		313	
	BPF	320		857.000				30	370.0000			314	
	BPG	320		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						315	
	*											316	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	330		GE LMS100PB		THRM P G GAS MDU	NDAK	100.0	1		40 35	317	
	BPB	330		90.7000	0.9041	1.0000		0.5000	9050		0.9519	318	
	BPC	330		1760.000				9.221	016.220	1	1	319	
	BPD	330	1	30	22	24	0	28	13	0	0	320	
	BPD	330	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0		321	
	BPF	330		857.000				30	370.0000			322	
	BPG	330		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						323	
	*											324	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	340		GE LM6000PH		THRM P G GAS MDU	NDAK	100.0	1		40 35	325	
	BPB	340		45.3000	0.9272	1.0000		0.5000	9510		0.9450	326	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPC	340		2320.000		9.221032	0.0801	1.6000		1	1		327
	BPD	340	1	30	22	62	0	28	13	0	0	0	328
	BPD	340	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			329
	BPF	340		850.000			30	370.0000					330
	BPG	340		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						331
	*												332
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	370		GE 7EA 2x1 ADD	THRM I G GAS	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		50 50	333
	BPB	370		329.80.90961	0.0000	0.0552	9990				0.9448		334
	BPC	370		862.000		8.699020	0.0304	1.0000		1	1		335
	BPD	370	1	59	59	59	0	21	13	0	0	0	336
	BPD	370	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			337
	BPF	370		750.000			30	370.0000					338
	BPG	370		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						339
	*												340
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	380		GE 7FA.05 1x1	THRM I G GAS	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		50 50	341
	BPB	380		329.20.85711	0.0000	0.0552	6530				0.9447		342
	BPC	380		1520.000		8.699016	4.2030	0.0000		1	1		343
	BPD	380	1	30	22	54	0	24	13	0	0	0	344
	BPD	380	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			345
	BPF	380		750.000			30	370.0000					346
	BPG	380		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						347
	*												348
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	400		SMN SGT-800 2x1	THRM I G GAS	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		50 50	349
	BPB	400		173.90.85711	0.0000	0.0552	7180				0.9451		350
	BPC	400		2180.000		8.699037	5.9040	0.0000		1	1		351
	BPD	400	1	30	22	69	0	25	13	0	0	0	352
	BPD	400	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			353
	BPF	400		750.000			30	370.0000					354
	BPG	400		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						355
	*												356
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	410		WRTSLA 18V50SG	THRM P G GAS	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		40 25	357
	BPB	410		55.0001.00001	0.0000	0.5000	8310				0.9455		358
	BPC	410		2180.000		9.221023	1.6040	6.0000		1	1		359
	BPD	410	1	30	22	56	0	1	13	0	0	0	360
	BPD	410	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			361
	BPF	410		857.000			30	370.0000					362
	BPG	410		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						363
	*												364
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	420		WRTSLA 20V34SG	THRM P G GAS	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		40 25	365
	BPB	420		36.5001.00001	0.0000	0.5000	8470				0.9463		366
	BPC	420		2710.000		9.221032	1.7804	4.0000		1	1		367
	BPD	420	1	30	22	56	0	28	13	0	0	0	368
	BPD	420	2	0	0	0	0	0	20	0			369
	BPF	420		857.000			30	370.0000					370
	BPG	420		0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000						371
	*												372
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	430		BIOMASS	THRM B G BMP	MDU	NDAK	100.0		1		40 25	373
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPB	430		25.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0928	12300			0.9072		374
	BPC	430		7980.000			9.2210252	0.0056000		1	1		375
	BPD	430	1	30	22	58	0	28	10	0	0	0	376
	BPD	430	2	0	0	0	0	20	0				377
	BPF	430		857.000			30	370.0000					378
	BPG	430		0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000							379
	*												380
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	450		PV SOLAR50		NDT	B G SOLR	MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	30 25	381
	BPB	450		50.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000					0.5000	382
	BPC	450		1390.000			10.16513	2.0000	0.0000		1	1	383
	BPD	450	1	30	22		0	10	0	0	0	0	384
	BPD	450	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0			385
	BPF	450		2558.000			30	380.0000					386
	BPG	450		0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000							387
	*												388
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	460		PV SOLAR5		NDT	B G SOLR	MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	30 25	389
	BPB	460		5.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000					0.5000	390
	BPC	460		2500.000			10.16514	4.0000	0.0000		1	1	391
	BPD	460	1	30	22		0	10	0	0	0	0	392
	BPD	460	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0			393
	BPF	460		2558.000			30	380.0000					394
	BPG	460		0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000							395
	*												396
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	490		CFBC		THRM	B G LIGN	MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	50 50	397
	BPB	490		30.0000	0.9500	0.0000	0.0936	10000				0.9143	398
	BPC	490		5880.000			8.6990	168.7214	0.060		1	1	399
	BPD	490	1	30	22	61	0	33	12	0	0	0	400
	BPD	490	2	0	0	0	0	20	0				401
	BPE	490		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080			0	402
	BPF	490		3900.000			30	310.0000					403
	BPG	490		0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000							404
	*												405
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	500		CFBC CO2		THRM	B G COAL	MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	50 50	406
	BPB	500		30.0000	0.9500	0.0000	0.0936	13800				0.9143	407
	BPC	500		10400.000			8.6990	267.4822	0.290		1	1	408
	BPD	500	1	30	22	25	0	33	12	0	0	0	409
	BPD	500	2	0	0	0	0	20	0				410
	BPE	500		M	0.0000	0	0	1980	2080			0	411
	BPF	500		3900.000			30	310.0000					412
	BPG	500		0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000							413
	*												414
BASIC PLANT TYPE	BPA	510		WIND20		NDT	B G WIND	MDU	NDAK	100.0	1	25 25	415
	BPB	510		20.0001	0.0000	0.3810	0.0000					0.1690	416
	BPC	510		1630.000			10.16550	4.0000	0.0000		1	1	417
	BPD	510	1	30	22		0	10	0	0	0	0	418
	BPD	510	2	4	0	0	0	21	0				419
	BPF	510		2400.000			30	380.0000					420

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

BASIC PLANT TYPE BPG 510 0.000000000.000000000.000000000 421
* 422
BASIC PLANT TYPE BPA 520 WIND50 NDT B G WIND MDU NDAK 100.0 1 25 25 423
BPB 520 50.0001.00000.3810 0.0000 0.1690 424
BPC 520 1580.000 10.16550.4000.0000 1 1 425
BPD 520 1 30 22 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 426
BPE 520 2 4 0 0 0 0 21 0 427
BPF 520 2400.000 30 380.0000 428
BPG 520 0.000000000.000000000.000000000 429

* 430
* == MAINTENANCE CYCLES == 431
* Y YBO ----NUMBER OF WEEKS (W) AND STARTING WEEK (S)---- 432
* I RAP 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 433
* N PST W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W S 434
* +---+- +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ +---+ 435
* 436

MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 1 1 1 110 2 437
* 438
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 2 1 101021 120 113 119 216 116 116 119 117 221 116 439
* 440
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 3 1 101021 122 216 118 116 116 119 238 116 117 118 441
* 442
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 4 1 101021 120 1133 120 120 116 120 220 120 120 120 443
* 444
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 5 1 3 322 125 116 3914 445
MC 5 2 143 141 0 446
* 447
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 6 1 3 322 435 218 3914 448
MC 6 2 0 242 0 449
* 450
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 7 1 6 101 23 1 0 0 0 0 2923 451
* 452
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 8 1 101021 440 838 341 440 838 341 342 838 342 342 453
* 454
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 9 1 1 110 1 455
* 456
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 10 1 1 110 1 457
* 458
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 11 1 1 110 1 459
* 460
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 13 1 1 110 1 461
* 462
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 14 1 1 100 1 463
* 464
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 15 1 1 120 1 465
* 466
MAINTENANCE CYCLE MC 17 1 101011 0 0 0 0 0 238 0 0 0 0 467

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS (1-9), NUM. Rows include MAINTENANCE CYCLE records with various values.

== FUEL TYPES ==
MASS HEAT AVAILABLE FUEL AV CS AV CS LONG
NAME UNIT CONTENT FUEL COST TJ TJ SM SM NAME
*FL A
*FL B

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS (1-9), NUM. Rows include FUEL TYPE records for GAS, OIL2, and COAL.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS (1-9), NUM. Rows include FUEL TYPE entries for PURC, BMP, GAS, and COAL.

== PLANNING ALTERNATIVES ==

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, NAME, BP, YEAR, YEAR Y, T, EXIST, RET, PA, NFR, L, L, R, NUM. Rows include PLANNING ALTERN entries for GE 7EA, WRTSLA 18V50SG, STORAGE1, SOLAR PPA, CFBC, LM6000PH, PURCHASE POWER, GE 7EA 2x1 ADD, GE 7FA.05 1x1, BIOMASS, CFBC CO2, PV SOLAR5, SOLAR QF, GE LMS100PB, PV SOLAR50, SMN SGT-800 2x1.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS, NUM. Rows include PLANNING ALTERN, TRAJECTORY, and various numerical data points.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS, NUM. Rows include TRAJECTORY entries with various numerical values and asterisks.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

RECORD	DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
TRAJECTORY	TJ	34	1	1	1	6	20203.1867	202168.499	20224.2155	2023.00000	2024.00000		656	
	TJ	34	2				20253.0000						657	
	*												658	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	35	1	1	1	3	2020.00000	2021.00000	2022.00000				659	
	*												660	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	36	1	1	1	3	2020-0.370	2021.00000	2022.00000				661	
	*												662	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	37	1	1	1	2	2020.00000	2021.00000					663	
	*												664	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	38	1	1	1	6	20204.4444	20212.6595	2022.00000	2023.00000	2024.00000		665	
	TJ	38	2				20253.0000						666	
	*												667	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	39	1	1	1	6	202010.362	20218.4507	2022-8.225	20231.4151	2024.00000		668	
	TJ	39	2				20253.0000						669	
	*												670	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	40	1	1	1	17	2020.00000	2021.00000	2022.00000	2023.00000	2024.00000		671	
	TJ	40	2				2025.00000	2026.00000	2027.00000	2028.00000	2029.00000		672	
	TJ	40	3				2030.00000	2031.00000	2032.00000	2033-65.00	2034.00000		673	
	TJ	40	4				2035.00000	2036.00000					674	
	*												675	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	41	1	1	1	4	202020.000	202133.333	2022-25.00	2023.00000			676	
	*												677	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	42	1	1	1	7	2020.00000	20212.7619	20224.6339	20234.4287	20244.2408		678	
	TJ	42	2				20251.7087	2026.00000					679	
	*												680	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	43	1	1	1	1	20213.0000						681	
	*												682	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	44	1	1	1	1	20203.0000						683	
	*												684	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	45	1	1	1	7	2020.00000	202120.000	2022-66.66	2023.00000	2024.00000		685	
	TJ	45	2				2025.00000	2026.00000					686	
	*												687	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	46	1	1	1	3	20203.0133	20213.0087	20223.0000				688	
	*												689	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	47	1	1	1	6	2020-15.60	2021-7.534	20225.5555	20235.6140	20243.9867		690	
	TJ	47	2				20253.0000						691	
	*												692	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	48	1	1	1	1	20203.0000						693	
	*												694	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	49	1	1	1	1	2020.00000						695	
	*												696	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	50	1	1	1	6	2020-13.54	2021-8.208	20226.0975	20236.1302	20244.3321		697	
	TJ	50	2				20253.0000						698	
	*												699	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	51	1	1	1	1	20213.0000						700	
	*												701	
TRAJECTORY	TJ	52	1	1	1	3	2021.00000	2022.00000	2023.00000				702	

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Table with columns: RECORD DESCRIPTION, TYP, REF, SQ, DATA FIELDS, NUM. Rows include TRAJECTORY (records 53-69) and LOADING BLOCK (records 729-749) with various numerical values in the data fields.

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890									
LOADING BLOCK	LBB	6		1.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000000					750
	LBC	6		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					751
	*												752
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	7	5	0.20000000	0.20000000	0.20000000	0.20000000	0.20000000					753
	LBB	7		1.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000001	0.00000000					754
	LBC	7		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					755
	*												756
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	8	5	0.0953370	0.2145080	0.2025910	0.3098450	0.177720					757
	LBB	8		3.2591500	0.8747070	0.6780540	0.6580620	0.902461					758
	LBC	8		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					759
	*												760
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	10	5	0.2325580	0.2093020	0.1860470	0.1860470	0.186047					761
	LBB	10		1.8436370	0.7766110	0.6303580	0.7719000	0.794509					762
	LBC	10		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					763
	*												764
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	11	5	0.1891890	0.2432430	0.2162160	0.2162160	0.135135					765
	LBB	11		1.2000461	0.1529430	0.8809440	0.8645150	0.851903					766
	LBC	11		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					767
	*												768
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	12	5	0.2777780	0.1587300	0.2380950	0.1190480	0.206349					769
	LBB	12		1.6629090	0.1229151	0.1262310	0.7842410	0.761127					770
	LBC	12		0.7885320	0.0841890	0.1095830	0.1287550	0.227864					771
	*												772
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	13	5	0.2309470	0.2078520	0.1847570	0.1847570	0.191686					773
	LBB	13		1.8148470	0.7642730	0.6209910	0.7594000	0.871078					774
	LBC	13		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					775
	*												776
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	14	5	0.2226030	0.1883560	0.2054790	0.2054790	0.178082					777
	LBB	14		1.1014360	0.6004480	0.5689500	0.9914581	0.803029					778
	LBC	14		0.5990180	0.0967090	0.3117780	0.2505240	0.258642					779
	*												780
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	15	5	0.3927610	0.1970510	0.1340480	0.1340480	0.142091					781
	LBB	15		1.0653170	0.9015531	0.1667870	0.9644570	0.832163					782
	LBC	15		0.6892410	0.1361860	0.3041380	0.2250420	0.289710					783
	*												784
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	16	5	0.3632890	0.1147230	0.1147230	0.1720840	0.235182					785
	LBB	16		1.1031060	0.9346200	0.9345930	0.9345930	0.952387					786
	LBC	16		0.6857320	0.1000710	0.0984190	0.2329840	0.443454					787
	*												788
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	17	5	0.3158040	0.1515490	0.1515490	0.2274160	0.153682					789
	LBB	17		1.1555420	0.8683480	0.9024050	0.9451990	0.987560					790
	LBC	17		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					791
	*												792
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	18	5	0.4215460	0.1405150	0.1405150	0.1405150	0.156909					793
	LBB	18		1.1057930	0.9092560	0.9184120	0.9267520	0.935703					794
	LBC	18		1.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000					795
	*												796

COLUMNS 123 45678 90 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
LOADING BLOCK	LBA	19	5	0.2325580	2.093020	1.860470	1.860470	1.860470				797		
	LBE	19		1.8436370	7.766110	6.6303580	7.719000	7.94509				798		
	LBC	19		1.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000				799		
	*			== ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION ==								800		
	*			YEAR OPT	RATE							801		
	*			----	+	-----						802		
A. F. U. D. C.	ZA	1	2021 1	10.500								803		
	*											804		
	*--			-----								805		
	*			== EXPENDITURE PATTERNS - CONSTRUCTION COST AND CAPITAL EXPENSES ==								806		
	*			COST PERCENTAGES FOR YEARS BEFORE ON-LINE									807	
	*		YR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	808
	*ZC A		--	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	809
	*			ANNUAL EXPENDITURES FOR YEARS OF OPERATING LIFE									810	
	*		YR F TJ	1	2	3	4	5						811
	*ZC B		--	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	812
	*			-----									813	
CONSTRUCTION EXPEN	ZCA	31	1 4	13.7035	1.034	8.016	5.0						814	
	*												815	
CONSTRUCTION EXPEN	ZCA	37	1 3	69.0027	0.004	0.000							816	
	*												817	
CONSTRUCTION EXPEN	ZCA	38	1 1	100.0									818	
	*												819	
	*			== RETURN ON RATE BASE ==								820		
	*			--CAPITAL STRUC-- -RATES OF RETURN- INCOME PROP									821	
	*			YEAR COMM	PREF	DEBT	COMM	PREF	DEBT	TAX	TAX		822	
	*			-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	823	
RETURN ON RATEBASE	ZR	1	1	202150.0000	0.000050	0.0009	6.500	4.7024	0.0001	1.1770			824	
	*												825	
	*			== TAX DEPRECIATION TABLES ==								826		
	*			DEPRECIATION PERCENTAGES FOR YEARS									827	
	*		YR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	828
	*		--	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	+++++	-----	829
TAX DEPRECIATION	ZT	20	1 21	3.7507	2.196	6.776	1.775	7.135	2.854	8.884	5.224	4.624	4.64	830
	ZT	20	2	4.4624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.62	831
	ZT	20	3	2.224										832
	*													833
TAX DEPRECIATION	ZT	21	1 20	3.7507	2.196	6.776	1.775	7.135	2.854	8.884	5.224	4.624	4.64	834
	ZT	21	2	4.4624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	4.624	6.86	835
	*													836

```

*****
*****
**                                     **
**                                     **
**          DIAGNOSTIC SUMMARY          **
**                                     **
**                                     **
**          TERMINAL ERRORS             0          **
**          FATAL ERRORS                0          **
**          WARNING MESSAGES           0          **
**          DEFAULTS                    0          **
**                                     **
**                                     **
**          HIGHEST ERROR LEVEL FOUND IS NONE      **
**                                     **
**                                     **
**          DATA BASE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY CREATED **
**                                     **
**                                     **
*****
*****

```

SOURCE FILE HEADERS	NAME	VERSION	UPDATE	CREATION DATE	CREATION TIME	DESCRIPTION	EGEAS VERS.
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	2021	1	0	5/26/21	10:14:58	2021 IRP	1300

FILE CONTENTS

LOAD FORMAT	2	SUBPERIOD
COST ANALYSIS FORMAT	1	NO CONSTRUCTION COSTS, LEVELIZED FIXED CHARGES
NUMBER OF LOAD AREAS	1	
LOAD MODIFICATION OPTION	1	
NUMBER OF LOAD COMPONENTS	1	
NUMBER OF NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGIES	6	
NUMBER OF YEARS	21	
FIRST CALENDAR YEAR	2020	
LAST CALENDAR YEAR	2040	
NUMBER OF DAYS PER YEAR	364	
NUMBER OF CUMULANTS	8	
NUMBER OF SEGMENTS PER YEAR	4	
NUMBER OF SUBWEEKS PER SEGMENT	3	
NUMBER OF CONTRACTS	0	
DAY OF WEEK OPTION	0	- DETERMINED BY CALENDAR YEAR IN COLUMNS 5-6
TIME INTERVAL OPTION	0	ONE HOUR

SOURCE FILE HEADERS	NAME	VERSION	UPDATE	CREATION DATE	CREATION TIME	DESCRIPTION	EGEAS VERS.
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
ORTHOGONALIZED LOAD	2021	1	0	5/26/21	10:14:56	2021 IRP	1300
HOURLY LOADS							
SYSTEM A	HOURLOAD	1	0				
HOURLY NDT							
TECHNOLOGY 1	windDwcf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 2	windChcf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 3	windTScf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 4	wind46cf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 5	slr16cf	1	0				
TECHNOLOGY 6	slr20cf	1	0				

ADDITIONAL HOURLY FILE PARAMETERS

SOURCE FILE	HEADER	DUPLICATE	.....FILE YEARS.....																			
	RECORD	RECORD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	OPTION	OPTION	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30										
HOURLY LOADS																						
SYSTEM A	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
HOURLY NDT																						
TECHNOLOGY 1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
TECHNOLOGY 2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
TECHNOLOGY 3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
TECHNOLOGY 4	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
TECHNOLOGY 5	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			
TECHNOLOGY 6	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			1																			

GENERAL DATA

BASE YEAR	2020	SYSTEM DISCOUNT RATE (PERCENT)	6.59
ALL DATA BASE COSTS ARE IN 2020 DOLLARS		CUSTOMER DISCOUNT RATE (PERCENT)	6.59
		INFLATION RATE (PERCENT)	3.00
NUMBER OF DAYS PER YEAR	364	NUMBER OF CUMULANTS	8
NUMBER OF HOURS PER YEAR	8736	USED IN REPRESENTING PLANT OUTAGES AND LOAD CURVES	
STORAGE GENERATION SUBWEEK	1		
UNSERVED ENERGY COST	130.00 \$/MWH	BENCHMARK YEAR	2020
YEARLY ESCALATION TRAJECTORY	31	BENCHMARK PEAK	485. MW
CAPITAL STRUCTURE FOR NON-EGEAS ASSETS	1		

SERVICE AREAS AND NAMES IDENTIFYING SYSTEMS

SYSTEM A - SYSA SYSA

GENERATING COMPANIES

SYSTEM	COMPANY	CODE	NAME
-----	-----	----	----
A	1	NDAK	NDAK
	2	MONT	MONT
	3	SDAK	SDAK
	4	MISO	MISO

SYSTEM DEMAND

IN BASE YEAR 2020 -

PEAK LOAD	484.9 MW
ENERGY	3169.1 GWH

YEARLY ESCALATION TRAJECTORIES

PEAK LOAD	1
ENERGY	2

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 1: 1, 2020, INITIAL LOAD, 484.9, 295.0, 3169.1, 0.74811978, 0.60840499, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical data representing load duration curve points for year 2020.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical data representing cumulative values for year 2020.

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 2: 2, 2021, INITIAL LOAD, 485.2, 327.1, 3350.6, 0.79047689, 0.67425700, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical data representing load duration curve points for year 2021.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical data representing cumulative values for year 2021.

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
3	2022	INITIAL LOAD	492.8	335.0	3418.2	0.79398840	0.67971634	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	492.8	335.0	3418.2	0.79398840	0.67971634	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.915916492776697	0.831225069041446	0.736463014916128	0.587917100402572	0.421662347207098	0.293682126689918	0.186443135143465	0.115330350100971
0.293682126689918	0.186443135143465	0.115330350100971	0.062565575301813	0.031567694642264	0.018120084650254	0.008661172537230	0.002621144320480
0.018120084650254	0.008661172537230	0.002621144320480	0.000683776779258	0.000000000000000			

CUMULANTS

0.793988401267307D+00	0.281737998287637D-02	0.648644149436768D-04	0.132523837998249D-08
-0.129286925909594D-06	-0.234621638652741D-07	-0.379037755725356D-08	-0.650643913016839D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
4	2023	INITIAL LOAD	498.9	340.1	3466.2	0.79529363	0.68174556	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	498.9	340.1	3466.2	0.79529363	0.68174556	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.924632847374343	0.836779266018025	0.745039419772208	0.595949061498746	0.435140935524128	0.298362848573292	0.193901713946946	0.117433432390405
0.298362848573292	0.193901713946946	0.117433432390405	0.063723567963787	0.032089368153195	0.018661902046540	0.008648198509374	0.002617217969945
0.018661902046540	0.008648198509374	0.002617217969945	0.000682752513901	0.000000000000000			

CUMULANTS

0.795293625846762D+00	0.278179378997764D-02	0.636393469639693D-04	0.129068744464948D-08
-0.125242998478774D-06	-0.225842636829483D-07	-0.362544868945111D-08	-0.618272322483716D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 5: 2024 INITIAL LOAD 505.8, LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS 505.8, 346.8, 346.8, 3525.5, 3525.5, 0.79786474, 0.68574285, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical values representing load duration curve data for 50 points.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical values representing cumulative data for the first table.

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 6: 2025 INITIAL LOAD 512.4, LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS 512.4, 352.7, 352.7, 3579.1, 3579.1, 0.79956186, 0.68838136, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical values representing load duration curve data for 50 points.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical values representing cumulative data for the second table.

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
7	2026	INITIAL LOAD	516.9	354.6	3603.4	0.79798233	0.68592566	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	516.9	354.6	3603.4	0.79798233	0.68592566	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.946135332204044	0.852343631037276	0.762309686137080	0.615866423602814	0.455403817305117	0.315796791229350	0.201945836903072	0.123537972462151
0.019032141514006	0.009003228620400	0.002621193142650	0.000683789515477	0.000000000000000			

CUMULANTS

0.797982326131623D+00	0.270919751865759D-02	0.611644847037833D-04	0.122528213829774D-08
-0.117230921388372D-06	-0.208618745129117D-07	-0.330495832200297D-08	-0.556276671005818D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
8	2027	INITIAL LOAD	521.5	356.8	3630.5	0.79689208	0.68423067	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	521.5	356.8	3630.5	0.79689208	0.68423067	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.936408896830148	0.844215101116138	0.757885112867568	0.609471742717544	0.448220200800104	0.309274212627166	0.198413051850885	0.120184868656956
0.018988527025274	0.008982596616748	0.002615186356777	0.000682222527857	0.000000000000000			

CUMULANTS

0.796892080462782D+00	0.273851911635190D-02	0.621601529803223D-04	0.125196168302459D-08
-0.120428890304862D-06	-0.215465941892156D-07	-0.343185994351879D-08	-0.580731530549623D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
9	2028	INITIAL LOAD	526.0	358.9	3655.9	0.79560210	0.68222516	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	526.0	358.9	3655.9	0.79560210	0.68222516	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.9282309994406419	0.837194144101391	0.749481586745652	0.601092515427357	0.435437496441219	0.032111237969779	0.992253715833759
0.298566191336004	0.194033863476947	0.117513466612800	0.063766997386792	0.000683217829148	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000
0.018674620663277	0.008654092502496	0.002619001678389				

CUMULANTS

0.795602095050897D+00	0.277341490928671D-02	0.633520344726382D-04	0.128375260043667D-08
-0.124301941174772D-06	-0.223808168730334D-07	-0.358737199615756D-08	-0.610919185688287D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
10	2029	INITIAL LOAD	530.7	361.1	3683.1	0.79442300	0.68039201	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	530.7	361.1	3683.1	0.79442300	0.68039201	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.919052262721579	0.830675096892774	0.741016307891260	0.588327152154210	0.427445990096703	0.031523572752076	0.990279804727834
0.293271649754847	0.190279471629844	0.115169153881223	0.063729966574591	0.000682821070445	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000
0.018663775925418	0.008649066892269	0.002617480770031				

CUMULANTS

0.794422999893530D+00	0.280550572969090D-02	0.644547823476808D-04	0.131405921440092D-08
-0.127928946975321D-06	-0.231667178081655D-07	-0.373478025525042D-08	-0.639427573419031D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED	PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
11	2030	INITIAL LOAD	535.4	363.3	3710.4	0.79328586	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	535.4	363.3	3710.4	0.79328586	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.911865321412026	0.826596624063675	0.730711499890932	0.730711499890932	0.582721694019045	0.582721694019045	0.414779667988942	0.414779667988942
0.290003916217545	0.186422949678549	0.112583052739858	0.112583052739858	0.062558801573060	0.062558801573060	0.030766623724458	0.030766623724458
0.018118122859960	0.008660234826146	0.002620860539494	0.002620860539494	0.000683702749436	0.000683702749436	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.793285858916467D+00	0.283662831442850D-02	0.655302805965555D-04	0.134185283704490D-08
-0.131506674898288D-06	-0.239463312215656D-07	-0.388178126847843D-08	-0.668670000955928D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED	PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
12	2031	INITIAL LOAD	540.1	365.6	3737.7	0.79216866	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	540.1	365.6	3737.7	0.79216866	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.903695825907540	0.822422545302749	0.720432264080757	0.720432264080757	0.570342798006987	0.570342798006987	0.407162458290227	0.407162458290227
0.286724487434632	0.182139620697339	0.110743626610594	0.110743626610594	0.059762780992742	0.059762780992742	0.030793799366491	0.030793799366491
0.018134126293602	0.008211679831067	0.002623175501593	0.002623175501593	0.000684306652592	0.000684306652592	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.792168661596389D+00	0.286737277500880D-02	0.665985256054647D-04	0.137257578007844D-08
-0.135098790460881D-06	-0.247334068596438D-07	-0.403106113530145D-08	-0.697867553139693D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
13	2032	INITIAL LOAD	544.8	367.9	3765.2	0.79111263	0.67524546	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	544.8	367.9	3765.2	0.79111263	0.67524546	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.897683922976531	0.818158173739621	0.703719379995306	0.703719379995306	0.565544538231969	0.565544538231969	0.40138859543893	0.40138859543893
0.282441736903013	0.178762035175809	0.110629659755075	0.110629659755075	0.058220140200664	0.058220140200664	0.030648175565518	0.030648175565518
0.017431861938753	0.008203229147650	0.002620475977724	0.002620475977724	0.000683602428974	0.000683602428974	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.791112630174929D+00	0.289658503986218D-02	0.676188464829992D-04	0.140100004600140D-08
-0.138565800107299D-06	-0.254970551987152D-07	-0.417662663668609D-08	-0.726938942102749D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
14	2033	INITIAL LOAD	549.6	370.1	3792.8	0.78995187	0.67344080	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	549.6	370.1	3792.8	0.78995187	0.67344080	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.890255661869083	0.810562148678590	0.696753501123155	0.696753501123155	0.553571877491273	0.553571877491273	0.395382294589853	0.395382294589853
0.276824495751688	0.175674895783234	0.108431460933565	0.108431460933565	0.058141108643288	0.058141108643288	0.030606571868973	0.030606571868973
0.017408198869715	0.008192093585750	0.002616918784339	0.002616918784339	0.000682674465482	0.000682674465482	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.789951869229059D+00	0.292886785858542D-02	0.687524244158659D-04	0.143189202537394D-08
-0.142459111286118D-06	-0.263590877464767D-07	-0.434185082021376D-08	-0.759573992326829D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
15	2034	INITIAL LOAD	554.2	372.5	3820.4	0.78909568	0.67210972	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	554.2	372.5	3820.4	0.78909568	0.67210972	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.885959967029674	0.807924403519924	0.686712958885802	0.686712958885802	0.543728577545176	0.995119392275268	0.391317022855464	0.976391837892311
0.272839670957450	0.173500968212192	0.106629616708216	0.106629616708216	0.056276742151560	0.056276742151560	0.030416781689205	0.030416781689205
0.017088079600679	0.008088357677656	0.002278410613427	0.002278410613427	0.000683523184030	0.000683523184030	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.789095682367831D+00	0.295279260479943D-02	0.695965599163836D-04	0.145624590138628D-08
-0.145386072710340D-06	-0.270103326921837D-07	-0.446723911475258D-08	-0.784950055553611D-10

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
16	2035	INITIAL LOAD	558.9	374.8	3848.2	0.78815364	0.67064507	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	558.9	374.8	3848.2	0.78815364	0.67064507	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.880533053483069	0.802606406546721	0.683388758192390	0.683388758192390	0.540392585764125	0.993952466755783	0.383247118172060	0.970503495941639
0.266953010460705	0.169775742373135	0.103321966538076	0.103321966538076	0.054733332494291	0.054733332494291	0.030382120116375	0.030382120116375
0.017068606806954	0.008079140555293	0.002275814240930	0.002275814240930	0.000682744272281	0.000682744272281	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000

CUMULANTS

0.788153639028787D+00	0.297923040967643D-02	0.705333493180629D-04	0.148169951980206D-08
-0.148662451459366D-06	-0.277423834542949D-07	-0.460879822548761D-08	-0.813523415877995D-10

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 17: 2036 INITIAL LOAD 563.6, 377.2, 3876.0, 0.78722736, 0.66920503, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical values representing load duration curve data for set 17.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical values representing cumulative load data for set 17.

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 18: 2037 INITIAL LOAD 568.4, 379.5, 3903.9, 0.78619803, 0.66760474, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical values representing load duration curve data for set 18.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical values representing cumulative load data for set 18.

LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 19, 2038, INITIAL LOAD, 573.2, 381.8, 3932.0, 0.78522604, 0.66609362, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical data representing load duration curve points for data set 19.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical data representing cumulative values for data set 19.

Table with 8 columns: DATA SET REF. NO., FIRST YEAR CURVE USED, PEAK LOAD MW, MINIMUM LOAD MW, ENERGY GWH, LOAD FACTOR, MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION, FIRST DAY OF YEAR. Row 20, 2039, INITIAL LOAD, 577.9, 384.2, 3960.3, 0.78444544, 0.66488004, SUNDAY.

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

Table with 5 columns of numerical data representing load duration curve points for data set 20.

CUMULANTS

Table with 4 columns of numerical data representing cumulative values for data set 20.

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LOAD CURVES - SYSTEM A

DATA SET REF. NO.	FIRST YEAR CURVE USED		PEAK LOAD MW	MINIMUM LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	LOAD FACTOR	MINIMUM LOAD FRACTION	FIRST DAY OF YEAR
21	2040	INITIAL LOAD	582.7	386.6	3988.8	0.78358231	0.66353813	SUNDAY
		LOAD AFTER CONTRACTS	582.7	386.6	3988.8	0.78358231	0.66353813	

LOAD DURATION CURVE (50 POINTS)

1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000	1.0000000000000000
0.856469327903866	0.780192217425712	0.647509200679110	0.491683596221826	0.356378289452628	0.250181780582760	0.154668189635903
0.250181780582760	0.154668189635903	0.096083481107641	0.052087960695365	0.027696661813949	0.016184880566177	0.007864484218778
0.016184880566177	0.007864484218778	0.002165582610970	0.000683868192940	0.000000000000000		

CUMULANTS

0.783582307209667D+00	0.310919281213640D-02	0.751986204375772D-04	0.161472980119699D-08
-0.165409297530749D-06	-0.315336862076862D-07	-0.535167901391657D-08	-0.965222854363938D-10

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	1			2			3			4			5		
NAME	STORAGE1			ENERGY			CAPACITY			SOLAR PPA			SOLAR QF		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	STOR	P	G	THRM	B	C	THRM	P	C	NDT	B	G	NDT	B	G
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	STRG	MDU	NDAK	PURC	MDU	MISO	PURC	MDU	MISO	SOLR	MDU	NDAK	SOLR	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE				1/ 1/2021			1/ 1/2021								
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS		30	25		6	6		6	6		20	20		20	20
RATED CAPACITY, MW	1.000			30.000			75.000			50.000			20.000		
- RESERVE	0.9500			0.0000			1.0000			0.5000			0.5000		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	1.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0010			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	0.			10500.			1.			0.			0.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.800000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	95.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	2500.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	2500.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	2			2			2			1			1		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	10.16			0.00			0.00			10.16			10.16		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	60.00			0.00			12.00			0.00			51.24		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	0.00			21.00			1000.00			51.45			24.77		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			0			0			1			1		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	30	22	0	0	0	42	0	21	23	0	0	52	0	53	53
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			28			45			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNNT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	1			2			3			4			5		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	0			7			7			9			11		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	0	0		8	0		8	0		0	0		0	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.	0	0	0	6	0		0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			2558.00			2558.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			2558.00			2558.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		0	0		0	0		30	38		30	38	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY	0			0			0			0			0		

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	24			26			27			80			90			
NAME	STORAGE10			AC CYCLE			STORAGE			MISO - On peak			MISO - Off peak			
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	STOR	P	G	DTHR	P	G	STOR	P	G	HYDR	P	E	HYDR	P	E	
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM																
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	STRG	MDU	NDAK	PURC	MDU	MISO	STRG	MDU	NDAK	PURC	MDU	MISO	PURC	MDU	MISO	
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	
INSTALLATION DATE										1/ 1/2014			1/ 1/2014			
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	30	25		30	30		30	25		50	50		50	50		
RATED CAPACITY, MW	10.000			2.000			10.000			250.000			250.000			
- RESERVE	0.9500			1.1000			0.9500			0.0000			0.0000			
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			
- CHARGING	1.0000			0.0000			1.0000			0.0000			0.0000			
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0010			0.0000			0.0010			0.0000			0.0000			
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	0.			1.			0.			10500.			10500.			
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	8.000000			0.000000			8.000000			1000.000000			1000.000000			
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	95.00			0.00			95.00			0.00			0.00			
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	1720.00			0.00			1720.00			0.00			0.00			
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	1720.00			0.00			1720.00			0.00			0.00			
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	2			2			2			2			2			
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	10.16			0.00			9.50			0.00			0.00			
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	35.00			363.71			35.00			0.00			0.00			
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	0.00			100.00			0.00			25.89			23.23			
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			0			1			0			0			
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES																
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	30	22	0	0	48	49	51	22	0	0	0	29	0	0	46	
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	
RATED CAPACITY	0			26			0			41			41			
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0			

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNNT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	24			26			27			80			90		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	0			39			0			0			0		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	0	0		8	0		0	0		8	0		8	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY	0			0			0			0			0		

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	100			110			120			130			132		
NAME	INTERRUPTIBLES			COMMERCIAL DSM			MILES CITY C.T.			GLENDIVE CT #1			GLENDIVE CT #2		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	DTHR	P	E	DTHR	P	E	THRM	P	E	THRM	P	E	THRM	P	E
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	PURC	MDU	MISO	PURC	MDU	MISO	GAS	MDU	MONT	GAS	MDU	MONT	GAS	MDU	MONT
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE	1/ 1/2012			1/ 1/2013			1/ 1/1972			1/ 1/1979			1/ 1/2003		
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	30	30		30	30		99	30		99	30		99	30	
RATED CAPACITY, MW	15.200			25.000			25.200			35.500			43.300		
- RESERVE	0.9474			1.1000			0.8333			0.8535			0.8915		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			1.0000			0.8571			0.8451			0.9238		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0000			0.0000			0.5000			0.5000			0.5000		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	1.			1.			14459.			12465.			9322.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	1			2			2			2			2		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	50.04			50.04			7.06			5.90			7.07		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	300.00			300.00			4.20			4.20			4.20		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			0			0			0			0		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	0	48	49	0	48	49	0	3	5	0	3	6	0	3	7
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	16			4			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNNT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	100			110			120			130			132		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	14			14			2			3			4		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	8	0		8	0		1	0		1	0		1	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.		0	0		0	0		12	0		5	0		13	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY		0			0			0			0			0	

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	136			138			140			150			152		
NAME	DIESEL 2			DIESEL 3			HESKETT #1			HESKETT #2			HESKETT #3		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	THRM	P	E	THRM	P	E	THRM	B	E	THRM	B	E	THRM	P	E
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	COAL	MDU	NDAK	COAL	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE	1/ 1/2012			1/ 1/2012			1/ 1/1954			1/ 1/1963			1/ 1/2014		
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS		99	30		99	30		69	30		60	30		40	25
RATED CAPACITY, MW	2.000			2.000			29.200			74.600			88.000		
- RESERVE	0.9048			0.9048			0.7192			0.8727			0.8057		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			1.0000			0.7534			0.9383			0.9545		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.5000			0.5000			0.0323			0.0631			0.5000		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	8687.			8687.			18731.			12447.			11482.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	2			2			2			2			1		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	28.00			28.00			85.88			56.28			31.13		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	4.20			4.20			15.73			7.29			2.68		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	0			0			0			0			1		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	9	0	3	10	0	3	15
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNDDT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	136			138			140			150			152		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	23			23			5			6			17		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	2	0		2	0		3	0		4	0		13	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.		0	0		0	0		14	0		15	0		2	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR							M 1980 2080			M 1980 2080					
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY		0			0			0			0			0	

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	154			160			162			170			180		
NAME	HESKETT #4			LEWIS & CLARK1			LEWIS & CLARK2			BIG STONE			COYOTE		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	THRM	P	C	THRM	B	E	THRM	P	E	THRM	B	E	THRM	B	E
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	GAS	MDU	NDAK	COAL	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	COAL	MDU	SDAK	COAL	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE	1/ 1/2023			1/ 1/1958			1/ 1/2015			1/ 1/1975			1/ 1/1981		
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	40		35	64		30	40		25	99		30	99		30
RATED CAPACITY, MW	78.300			52.300			18.600			107.800			106.700		
- RESERVE	0.9515			0.6807			0.9785			0.9879			0.8806		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	0.8864			0.8604			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.5000			0.1730			0.5000			0.0191			0.1201		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	11770.			12909.			8643.			10158.			11031.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	878.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	878.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	1			2			1			2			2		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	8.73			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	13.77			85.02			29.17			25.51			28.77		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	0.90			7.22			3.60			2.31			3.86		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			0			1			0			0		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	30	22	60	0	3	11	0	3	20	0	3	12	0	3	13
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNDDT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	154			160			162			170			180		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	37			18			19			8			22		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	13	0		5	0		11	0		6	0		7	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.		8	0		16	0		11	0		17	0		18	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR				M 1980 2080						M 1980 2080			M 1980 2080		
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	857.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	857.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	30	37		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY	0			0			0			0			0		

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	190			200			210			220			230		
NAME	DIAMOND WILLOW			GLEN ULLIN ORMAT			CEDAR HILLS			THUNDER SPIRIT			WAPA PUR-FT PECK		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	NDT	B	E	THRM	B	E	NDT	B	E	NDT	B	E	HYDR	B	E
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	WIND MDU	MONT		PURC MDU	NDAK		WIND MDU	MONT		WIND MDU	NDAK		HYDR MDU	NDAK	
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE	1/ 1/2008			1/ 1/2009			1/ 1/2010			1/ 1/2015			1/ 1/2001		
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	28		25	35		20	26		25	25		25	50		30
RATED CAPACITY, MW	30.000			7.500			19.500			150.000			2.800		
- RESERVE	0.1700			0.4533			0.1897			0.1480			0.0000		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			0.6667			1.0000			1.0000			0.8929		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	0.3810			0.6667			0.3810			0.4186			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0000			0.1058			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	0.			1.			0.			0.			0.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			14.350000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	2			2			2			2			2		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	21.57			81.83			26.48			21.82			0.00		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	0.00			7.77			0.00			-35.38			24.00		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			1			1			1			0		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	0	3	0	0	44	18	0	3	0	0	3	32	0	0	14
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	40			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNNT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	190			200			210			220			230		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	10			15			10			13			0		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	0	0		8	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR				M 1980 2080									M 1980 2080		
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY		0			0			0			0			0	

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	310			320			330			340			370		
NAME	PURCHASE POWER			GE 7EA			GE LMS100PB			GE LM6000PH			GE 7EA 2x1 ADD		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	THRM	P	G	THRM	P	G	THRM	P	G	THRM	P	G	THRM	I	G
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	PURC	MDU	MISO	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE															
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	1	1		40	35		40	35		40	35		50	50	
RATED CAPACITY, MW	10.000			78.300			90.700			45.300			329.800		
- RESERVE	1.0000			0.9521			0.9519			0.9450			0.9448		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			0.9195			0.9041			0.9272			0.9096		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0000			0.5000			0.5000			0.5000			0.0552		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	1.			11770.			9050.			9510.			9990.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			1590.00			1760.00			2320.00			862.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			1590.00			1760.00			2320.00			862.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	2			1			1			1			1		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			9.22			9.22			9.22			8.70		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	12.00			19.41			16.22			32.08			20.03		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	1000.00			1.50			1.70			1.60			4.10		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	0			1			1			1			1		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	0	21	23	30	22	60	30	22	24	30	22	62	59	59	59
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNDDT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
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BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	310			320			330			340			370		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	0			28			28			28			21		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	8	0		13	0		13	0		13	0		13	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.	0	0		0	2	0	0	13	0	0	13	0	0	4	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	0.00			857.00			857.00			850.00			750.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	0.00			857.00			857.00			850.00			750.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	0	0		30	37		30	37		30	37		30	37	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY	0			0			0			0			0		

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	380			400			410			420			430		
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NAME	GE 7FA.05 1x1			SMN SGT-800 2x1			WRTSLA 18V50SG			WRTSLA 20V34SG			BIOMASS		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	THRM	I	G	THRM	I	G	THRM	P	G	THRM	P	G	THRM	B	G
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	GAS	MDU	NDAK	BMP	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE															
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	50		50	50		50	40		25	40		25	40		25
RATED CAPACITY, MW	329.200			173.900			55.000			36.500			25.000		
- RESERVE	0.9447			0.9451			0.9455			0.9463			0.9072		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	0.8571			0.8571			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0552			0.0552			0.5000			0.5000			0.0928		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	6530.			7180.			8310.			8470.			12300.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	1520.00			2180.00			2180.00			2710.00			7980.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	1520.00			2180.00			2180.00			2710.00			7980.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	1			1			1			1			1		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	8.70			8.70			9.22			9.22			9.22		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	16.42			37.59			23.16			32.78			252.00		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	3.00			4.00			4.60			4.40			5.60		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			1			1			1			1		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	30	22	54	30	22	69	30	22	56	30	22	56	30	22	58
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNDDT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	380			400			410			420			430		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	24			25			1			28			28		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	13	0		13	0		13	0		13	0		10	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.		2	0		3	0		1	0		10	0		19	0
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	750.00			750.00			857.00			857.00			857.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	750.00			750.00			857.00			857.00			857.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	30	37		30	37		30	37		30	37		30	37	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY		0			0			0			0			0	

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO.	450			460			490			500			510		
NAME	PV SOLAR50			PV SOLAR5			CFBC			CFBC CO2			WIND20		
TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD	NDT	B	G	NDT	B	G	THRM	B	G	THRM	B	G	NDT	B	G
LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM															
CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO.	SOLR	MDU	NDAK	SOLR	MDU	NDAK	LIGN	MDU	NDAK	COAL	MDU	NDAK	WIND	MDU	NDAK
OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1	100.0		1
INSTALLATION DATE															
OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS	30		25	30		25	50		50	50		50	25		25
RATED CAPACITY, MW	50.000			5.000			30.000			30.000			20.000		
- RESERVE	0.5000			0.5000			0.9143			0.9143			0.1690		
CAPACITY - OPERATING	1.0000			1.0000			0.9500			0.9500			1.0000		
MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY	1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			1.0000			0.3810		
- CHARGING	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE	0.0000			0.0000			0.0936			0.0936			0.0000		
FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH	0.			0.			10000.			13800.			0.		
HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH	0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000			0.000000		
STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW	1390.00			2500.00			5880.00			10400.00			1630.00		
INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW	1390.00			2500.00			5880.00			10400.00			1630.00		
MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT.	1			1			1			1			1		
LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	10.16			10.16			8.70			8.70			10.16		
FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR	13.20			14.40			168.72			267.48			50.40		
VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			14.06			22.29			0.00		
DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	1			1			1			1			1		
YEARLY TRAJECTORIES															
COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM	30	22	0	30	22	0	30	22	61	30	22	25	30	22	0
F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENERGY / HEAT RATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RATED CAPACITY	0			0			0			0			0		
SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION	0			0			0			0			0		

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNDR=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	450			460			490			500			510		
MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	10			10			33			33			10		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	0	0		0	0		12	0		12	0		0	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	21
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR							M 1980 2080			M 1980 2080					
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR															
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	2558.00			2558.00			3900.00			3900.00			2400.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	2558.00			2558.00			3900.00			3900.00			2400.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	30	38		30	38		30	31		30	31		30	38	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0			0			0			0			0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL															
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
NDT REVENUES	0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00		
TRAJECTORY		0			0			0			0			0	

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 1

DATA SET REF. NO. 520

NAME WIND50

TYPE / LOADING / STATUS /AVD NDT B G

LOAD COMPONENT FOR DSM

CLASS / AREA / GENERATING CO. WIND MDU NDAK

OWNERSHIP PCT. / NO. UNITS 100.0 1

INSTALLATION DATE

OPERATING/BOOK LIVES, YEARS 25 25

RATED CAPACITY, MW 50.000

- RESERVE 0.1690

CAPACITY - OPERATING 1.0000

MULTIPLIERS - EMERGENCY 0.3810

- CHARGING 0.0000

EQUIVALENT FORCED OUTAGE RATE 0.0000

FULL LOAD HEAT RATE, BTU/KWH 0.

HEAT RATE MULT. - 2ND FUEL 0.0000

ANNUAL ENERGY LIMIT, GWH 0.000000

STORAGE EFFICIENCY, PERCENT 0.00

INSTALLATION COST 1, \$/KW 1580.00

INSTALLATION COST 2, \$/KW 1580.00

MULTI-UNIT CAPITAL COST OPT. 1

LEVEL. CARRYING CHARGE, PCT 10.16

FIXED O+M COST, \$/KW-YR 50.40

VARIABLE O+M COST, \$/MWH 0.00

DEFAULT AFUDC, PCT. OF GBV 0.00

DEFAULT DEBT, PCT. OF AFUDC 0.00

CAPITAL STRUCTURE 1

YEARLY TRAJECTORIES

COSTS-CAPITAL/FIX OM/VAR OM 30 22 0

F.O.R./RESERVE CAP/OPER CAP 0 0 0

ENERGY / HEAT RATE 0 0

RATED CAPACITY 0

SEGMENT MULT. - CAP / ENERGY 0 0

SUBWEEK ENERGY ALLOCATION 0

NOTE: SUPPLY-SIDE - THRM=THERMAL, HYDR=HYDRO, STOR=STORAGE, NDT =NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 DEMAND-SIDE - DTHR=THERMAL, DHYD=HYDRO, DSTO=STORAGE, DNNT=NON-DISPATCHABLE TECHNOLOGY
 B=BASE, I=INTERMEDIATE, P=PEAKING, E=EXISTING, C=COMMITTED, G=GENERIC
 RPS CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SHOWN WITH THE RPS CONSTRAINTS

BASIC PLANT TYPES - 2

DATA SET REF. NO.	520		

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS	10		
FUEL 1 / FUEL 2	0	0	
LOADING BLOCKS / NDT NO.		0	4
EMISSIONS / SITE / TAX DEPR.	0	0	21
MUST RUN / 1ST YR / LAST YR			
SPIN RSV / 1ST YR / LAST YR			
DISPATCH MODIFIER, \$/MWH	0.00		
TJ-DISP MODIF / SM-MUST-RUN	0	0	
CONSTRUCTION COST 1, \$/KW	2400.00		
CONSTRUCTION COST 2, \$/KW	2400.00		
TRAJECTORY / EXPEND. PATTERN	30	38	
PERCENT CWIP IN RATE BASE	0.00		
STARTING VALUE OF CWIP, \$/KW	0.00		
EQUITY AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00		
DEBT AFUDC, \$/KW	0.00		
DSM CUSTOMER COST / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0		
REBOUND BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0		
CUSTOMER BENEFITS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0		
TRANS/DISTR COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0		
OTHER COSTS / OPT / TJ	0.00	0	0
BK LIFE/CAP STRUCT/TAX DEPR	0	0	0
LEV.CARRYING CHARGE, PCT	0.00		
EXPENDITURE PATTERN	0		
PERCENTAGE FOR 2ND FUEL			
MINIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0
MAXIMUM / TRAJ / SEG MULT	100.00	0	0
TARGET / TRAJ / SEG MULT	0.00	0	0
BID MULTIPLIERS	1.00		
TRAJECTORY / SEG MULT		0	0
NDT REVENUES	0.00		
TRAJECTORY			0

MAINTENANCE CYCLES

DATA SET REF. NO.	YEARS INPUT	YEARS IN CYCLE	BASIS FOR YEARS	MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATION	YEAR	..FIRST PERIOD..		..SECOND PERIOD..	
						NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK	NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK
1	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
2	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1 - START WEEKS	1	1	20		
					2	1	13		
					3	1	19		
					4	2	16		
					5	1	16		
					6	1	16		
					7	1	19		
					8	1	17		
					9	2	21		
					10	1	16		
3	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1 - START WEEKS	1	1	22		
					2	2	16		
					3	1	18		
					4	1	16		
					5	1	16		
					6	1	19		
					7	2	38		
					8	1	16		
					9	1	17		
					10	1	18		
4	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1 - START WEEKS	1	1	20		
					2	11	33		
					3	1	20		
					4	1	20		
					5	1	16		
					6	1	20		
					7	2	20		
					8	1	20		
					9	1	20		
					10	1	20		
5	3	3	2 - BASE YEAR=1	2 - TWO PERIODS	1	1	25	1	43
					2	1	16	1	41
					3	39	14	0	0
6	3	3	2 - BASE YEAR=1	2 - TWO PERIODS	1	4	35	0	0
					2	2	18	2	42
					3	39	14	0	0
7	6	1	0 - INSTALLATION	1 - START WEEKS	1	23	1		
					2	0	0		
					3	0	0		
					4	0	0		
					5	0	0		
					6	29	23		

MAINTENANCE CYCLES

DATA SET REF. NO.	YEARS INPUT	YEARS IN CYCLE	BASIS FOR YEARS	MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATION		YEAR	..FIRST PERIOD..		..SECOND PERIOD..	
							NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK	NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK
8	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1	- START WEEKS	1	4	40		
						2	8	38		
						3	3	41		
						4	4	40		
						5	8	38		
						6	3	41		
						7	3	42		
						8	8	38		
						9	3	42		
						10	3	42		
9	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
10	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
11	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
13	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
14	1	1	0 - INSTALLATION	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
15	1	1	2 - BASE YEAR=1	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			
17	10	10	1 - BASE YEAR=0	1	- START WEEKS	1	0	0		
						2	0	0		
						3	0	0		
						4	0	0		
						5	0	0		
						6	2	38		
						7	0	0		
						8	0	0		
						9	0	0		
						10	0	0		
18	2	2	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1	- START WEEKS	1	2	34		
						2	39	14		
19	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	1	- START WEEKS	1	0	0		
						2	0	0		
						3	0	0		
						4	0	0		
						5	2	19		
						6	0	0		
						7	0	0		
						8	0	0		
						9	0	0		
						10	0	0		
21	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0	- NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			

DATA SET REF. NO.	YEARS INPUT	YEARS IN CYCLE	BASIS FOR YEARS	MAINTENANCE CYCLES		..FIRST PERIOD..		..SECOND PERIOD..	
				MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATION	YEAR	NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK	NO. OF WEEKS	START WEEK
22	10	10	2 - BASE YEAR=1	2 - TWO PERIODS	1	1	22	1	44
					2	2	23	1	38
					3	8	14	1	49
					4	1	22	1	50
					5	1	22	1	50
					6	7	13	1	50
					7	1	22	1	50
					8	1	23	1	50
					9	7	14	1	50
					10	1	24	1	50
23	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
24	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
25	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
28	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
33	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	3			
37	1	1	1 - BASE YEAR=0	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	2			
39	1	1	0 - INSTALLATION	0 - NO. WEEKS ONLY	1	1			

FUEL TYPES

DATA SET REF. NO.	NAME	MASS UNIT	HEAT CONTENT MBTU/MASS UNIT	..MASS UNITS AVAILABLE..		FUEL COST \$/MBTU	..TRAJECTORIES..			..SEGMENT MULT..		
				MAXIMUM	MINIMUM		MAX.	MIN.	COST	MAX.	MIN.	COST
1	GAS	DKT	1.14	-1.00	0.00	3.090000	0	0	33	0	0	0
2	OIL2	GAL	39.17	-1.00	0.00	15.690000	0	0	34	0	0	0
3	COAL	TON	14.27	-1.00	0.00	2.700000	0	0	35	0	0	0
4	COAL	TON	14.27	-1.00	0.00	2.700000	0	0	36	0	0	0
5	COAL	TON	13.22	-1.00	0.00	2.420000	0	0	37	0	0	0
6	COAL	TON	16.48	-1.00	0.00	1.800000	0	0	38	0	0	0
7	COAL	TON	13.68	-1.00	0.00	1.930000	0	0	39	0	0	0
8	PURC	NONE	0.01	-1.00	0.00	0.000000	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	BMP	TON	14.90	-1.00	0.00	6.750000	0	0	63	0	0	0
11	GAS	DKT	1.14	-1.00	0.00	3.460000	0	0	47	0	0	0
12	COAL	TON	14.07	-1.00	0.00	2.880000	0	0	43	0	0	0
13	GAS	DKT	1.14	-1.00	0.00	3.100000	0	0	50	0	0	0

 CAPACITY PLANNING ALTERNATIVES

DATA SET REF. NO.	NAME	BASIC PLANT INSTALLED	GENERIC SITE	-AVAILABLE-		TYPE	BASIC PLANT RETIRED	-----PREREQUISITE PLANNING ALTERNATIVE-----			LAG MIN	YEAR MAX	REQUIRED OPTION	
				FIRST YEAR	LAST YEAR			PLAN. ALT.	DEPENDENCY MULTIPLIER NO.	RETIRE. FLAG OPTION				
1	GE 7EA	320	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
2	WRTSLA 18V50SG	410	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
3	STORAGE1	1	0	2023	2040	0	0	12	1	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
4	SOLAR PPA	4	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
5	CFBC	490	0	2027	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
6	GE LM6000PH	340	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
7	PURCHASE POWER	310	0	2021	2040	1	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
8	GE 7EA 2x1 ADD	370	0	2026	2040	0	152	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
9	GE 7FA.05 1x1	380	0	2026	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
10	BIOMASS	430	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
11	CFBC CO2	500	0	2027	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
12	PV SOLAR5	460	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
13	SOLAR QF	5	0	2023	2024	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
14	GE LMS100PB	330	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
16	PV SOLAR50	450	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
19	SMN SGT-800 2x1	400	0	2026	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
20	WIND20	510	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
22	WIND50	520	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
23	WRTSLA 20V34SG	420	0	2024	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
40	STORAGE10	24	0	2023	2040	0	0	16	1	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
42	AC CYCLE	26	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0
43	STORAGE	27	0	2023	2040	0	0	0	0	0	0 - NO	0	-1	0

TRAJECTORIES

DATA SET REF. NO.	TRAJECTORY TYPE	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER
1	1 - RATE	2020	0.06	2021	1.57	2022	1.24	2023	1.38	2024	1.30
		2025	0.88	2026	0.89	2027	0.86	2028	0.89	2029	0.89
		2030	0.88	2031	0.87	2032	0.88	2033	0.84	2034	0.85
		2035	0.84	2036	0.85	2037	0.84	2038	0.82	2039	0.83
		2040	1.37								
2	1 - RATE	2020	5.73	2021	2.02	2022	1.40	2023	1.71	2024	1.52
		2025	0.68	2026	0.75	2027	0.70	2028	0.74	2029	0.74
		2030	0.74	2031	0.74	2032	0.73	2033	0.73	2034	0.73
		2035	0.72	2036	0.72	2037	0.72	2038	0.72	2039	0.72
		2040	1.56								
3	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
4	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	40.00	2022	28.57	2023	0.00		
5	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
6	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
7	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
8	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
9	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
10	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
11	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
12	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
13	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
14	1 - RATE	2020	0.00								
15	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
16	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	15.79	2022	13.64	2023	0.00		
18	1 - RATE	2020	1.54	2021	1.52	2022	1.50	2023	1.48	2024	1.45
		2025	1.50								
20	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
21	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	25.00	2022	60.00	2023	25.00	2024	20.00
		2025	3.00								
22	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								

TRAJECTORIES

DATA SET REF. NO.	TRAJECTORY TYPE	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER
23	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
24	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
25	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
26	1 - RATE	2020 2025	0.00 25.00	2021 2026	0.00 0.00	2022 2027	100.00 0.00	2023	50.00	2024	33.33
27	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	4.23	2022	4.06	2023	0.00		
28	1 - RATE	2020 2025	0.00 0.00	2021 2026	150.00 0.00	2022	0.00	2023	0.00	2024	0.00
29	1 - RATE	2020 2025	3.01 3.00	2021	3.00	2022	2.98	2023	3.00	2024	3.00
30	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
31	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
32	1 - RATE	2020 2025	0.00 -66.70	2021 2026	0.00 0.00	2022 2027	0.00 -100.00	2023 2028	0.00 0.00	2024	0.00
33	1 - RATE	2020 2025	29.77 3.00	2021	-6.48	2022	3.73	2023	5.91	2024	3.64
34	1 - RATE	2020 2025	3.19 3.00	2021	68.50	2022	4.22	2023	0.00	2024	0.00
35	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	0.00	2022	0.00				
36	1 - RATE	2020	-0.37	2021	0.00	2022	0.00				
37	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	0.00						
38	1 - RATE	2020 2025	4.44 3.00	2021	2.66	2022	0.00	2023	0.00	2024	0.00
39	1 - RATE	2020 2025	10.36 3.00	2021	8.45	2022	-8.23	2023	1.42	2024	0.00
40	1 - RATE	2020 2025 2030 2035	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	2021 2026 2031 2036	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	2022 2027 2032	0.00 0.00 0.00	2023 2028 2033	0.00 0.00 -65.00	2024 2029 2034	0.00 0.00 0.00
41	1 - RATE	2020	20.00	2021	33.33	2022	-25.00	2023	0.00		

TRAJECTORIES

DATA SET REF. NO.	TRAJECTORY TYPE	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER	FIRST YEAR	RATE OR MULTIPLIER
42	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	2.76	2022	4.63	2023	4.43	2024	4.24
		2025	1.71	2026	0.00						
43	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
44	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
45	1 - RATE	2020	0.00	2021	20.00	2022	-66.66	2023	0.00	2024	0.00
		2025	0.00	2026	0.00						
46	1 - RATE	2020	3.01	2021	3.01	2022	3.00				
47	1 - RATE	2020	-15.60	2021	-7.53	2022	5.56	2023	5.61	2024	3.99
		2025	3.00								
48	1 - RATE	2020	3.00								
49	1 - RATE	2020	0.00								
50	1 - RATE	2020	-13.54	2021	-8.21	2022	6.10	2023	6.13	2024	4.33
		2025	3.00								
51	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
52	1 - RATE	2021	0.00	2022	0.00	2023	0.00				
53	1 - RATE	2020	0.00								
54	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
56	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
58	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
59	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
60	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
61	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
62	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
63	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								
69	1 - RATE	2021	3.00								

LOADING BLOCKS

DATA SET REF. NO.	NUMBER OF BLOCKS	BLOCK NUMBER	CAPACITY MULTIPLIER	HEAT RATE MULTIPLIER	FORCED OUTAGE RATE MULTIPLIER
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	5	1	0.232558	1.843637	1.000000
		2	0.209302	0.776611	0.000000
		3	0.186047	0.630358	0.000000
		4	0.186047	0.771900	0.000000
		5	0.186047	0.794509	0.000000
2	5	1	0.094675	3.261365	1.000000
		2	0.213018	0.875302	0.000000
		3	0.201183	0.678515	0.000000
		4	0.307692	0.658509	0.000000
		5	0.183432	0.903074	0.000000
3	5	1	0.087394	3.045711	1.000000
		2	0.196663	0.817408	0.000000
		3	0.185726	0.633688	0.000000
		4	0.284111	0.621916	0.000000
		5	0.246106	1.132123	0.000000
4	5	1	0.094633	2.949847	1.000000
		2	0.212947	0.791637	0.000000
		3	0.201122	0.613695	0.000000
		4	0.217192	0.640240	0.000000
		5	0.274106	1.057082	0.000000
5	5	1	0.253521	1.622222	1.000000
		2	0.169014	0.742158	0.000000
		3	0.169014	0.731929	0.000000
		4	0.225352	0.794184	0.000000
		5	0.183099	0.877250	0.000000
6	5	1	0.200000	1.000000	1.000000
		2	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		3	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		4	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		5	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
7	5	1	0.200000	1.000000	1.000000
		2	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		3	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		4	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
		5	0.200000	1.000000	0.000000
8	5	1	0.095337	3.259150	1.000000
		2	0.214508	0.874707	0.000000
		3	0.202591	0.678054	0.000000
		4	0.309845	0.658062	0.000000
		5	0.177720	0.902461	0.000000

EGEAS EDIT

DATA BASE CONTENTS REPORT

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LOADING BLOCKS

DATA SET REF. NO.	NUMBER OF BLOCKS	BLOCK NUMBER	CAPACITY MULTIPLIER	HEAT RATE MULTIPLIER	FORCED OUTAGE RATE MULTIPLIER
10	5	1	0.232558	1.843637	1.000000
		2	0.209302	0.776611	0.000000
		3	0.186047	0.630358	0.000000
		4	0.186047	0.771900	0.000000
		5	0.186047	0.794509	0.000000
11	5	1	0.189189	1.200046	1.000000
		2	0.243243	1.152943	0.000000
		3	0.216216	0.880944	0.000000
		4	0.216216	0.864515	0.000000
		5	0.135135	0.851903	0.000000
12	5	1	0.277778	1.662909	0.788532
		2	0.158730	0.122915	0.084189
		3	0.238095	1.126231	0.109583
		4	0.119048	0.784241	0.128755
		5	0.206349	0.761127	0.227864
13	5	1	0.230947	1.814847	1.000000
		2	0.207852	0.764273	0.000000
		3	0.184757	0.620991	0.000000
		4	0.184757	0.759400	0.000000
		5	0.191686	0.871078	0.000000
14	5	1	0.222603	1.101436	0.599018
		2	0.188356	0.600448	0.096709
		3	0.205479	0.568950	0.311778
		4	0.205479	0.991458	0.250524
		5	0.178082	1.803029	0.258642
15	5	1	0.392761	1.065317	0.689241
		2	0.197051	0.901553	0.136186
		3	0.134048	1.166787	0.304138
		4	0.134048	0.964457	0.225042
		5	0.142091	0.832163	0.289710
16	5	1	0.363289	1.103106	0.685732
		2	0.114723	0.934620	0.100071
		3	0.114723	0.934593	0.098419
		4	0.172084	0.934593	0.232984
		5	0.235182	0.952387	0.443454
17	5	1	0.315804	1.155542	1.000000
		2	0.151549	0.868348	0.000000
		3	0.151549	0.902405	0.000000
		4	0.227416	0.945199	0.000000
		5	0.153682	0.987560	0.000000

EGEAS EDIT

DATA BASE CONTENTS REPORT

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-----LOADING BLOCKS

DATA SET REF. NO.	NUMBER OF BLOCKS	BLOCK NUMBER	CAPACITY MULTIPLIER	HEAT RATE MULTIPLIER	FORCED OUTAGE RATE MULTIPLIER
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
18	5	1	0.421546	1.105793	1.000000
		2	0.140515	0.909256	0.000000
		3	0.140515	0.918412	0.000000
		4	0.140515	0.926752	0.000000
		5	0.156909	0.935703	0.000000
19	5	1	0.232558	1.843637	1.000000
		2	0.209302	0.776611	0.000000
		3	0.186047	0.630358	0.000000
		4	0.186047	0.771900	0.000000
		5	0.186047	0.794509	0.000000

EGEAS EDIT

DATA BASE CONTENTS REPORT

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ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION

DATA SET REF. NO.	CALENDAR YEAR	COMPOUNDING OPTION	AFUDC RATE
-----	-----	-----	-----
1	2021	1 - COMPOUND	10.50

CONSTRUCTION COST EXPENDITURE PATTERN

DATA SET REF. NO.	NUMBER OF YEARS	YEAR BEFORE ON-LINE	PERCENT OF COST	YEAR BEFORE ON-LINE	PERCENT OF COST	YEAR BEFORE ON-LINE	PERCENT OF COST	YEAR BEFORE ON-LINE	PERCENT OF COST	YEAR BEFORE ON-LINE	PERCENT OF COST
31	4	1	13.70	2	35.10	3	34.80	4	16.50		
37	3	1	69.00	2	27.00	3	4.00				
38	1	1	100.00								

RETURN ON RATE BASE

DATA SET REFERENCE NUMBER 1 (DEFAULT)

CALENDAR YEAR	-----CAPITAL STRUCTURE-----			RETURN ALLOWED ON EQUITY PERCENT	COST OF PREFERRED STOCK PERCENT	DEBT INTEREST RATE PERCENT	ANNUAL INCOME TAX RATE PERCENT	PROPERTY TAX RATE PERCENT	CALCULATED RETURN ON RATE BASE PERCENT
	COMMON STOCK PERCENT	PREFERRED STOCK PERCENT	DEBT PERCENT						
2021	50.00	0.00	50.00	9.65	0.00	4.70	24.00	1.18	8.70

TAX DEPRECIATION TABLE

DATA SET REF. NO.	TAX LIFE YEARS	DEPRECIATION		DEPRECIATION		DEPRECIATION		DEPRECIATION		DEPRECIATION		
		YEAR	PERCENT	YEAR	PERCENT	YEAR	PERCENT	YEAR	PERCENT	YEAR	PERCENT	
20	21	1	3.75	2	7.22	3	6.68	4	6.18	5	5.71	
		6	5.28	7	4.89	8	4.52	9	4.46	10	4.46	
		11	4.46	12	4.46	13	4.46	14	4.46	15	4.46	
		16	4.46	17	4.46	18	4.46	19	4.46	20	4.46	
		21	2.22									
21	20	1	3.75	2	7.22	3	6.68	4	6.18	5	5.71	
		6	5.28	7	4.89	8	4.52	9	4.46	10	4.46	
		11	4.46	12	4.46	13	4.46	14	4.46	15	4.46	
		16	4.46	17	4.46	18	4.46	19	4.46	20	6.69	

SUBPERIOD DEFINITION

SEGMENT	WEEKS	HOURS
1	13	2184
2	13	2184
3	13	2184
4	13	2184
	--	----
	52	8736

SEGMENT	SUBWEEK	HOURS	TIME FRAME	HOURS
ALL	1	60	1	60
	2	60	2	60
	3	48	3	48

SUBWEEK DEFINITION

DAY	HOUR--	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
SUNDAY		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
MONDAY		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
TUESDAY		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
WEDNESDAY		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
THURSDAY		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
FRIDAY		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
SATURDAY		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

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CONTROL REPORT PAGE 1

MIRROR IMAGE REPORT PAGE 2

ERROR REPORT PAGE 20

DATA BASE CONTENTS
REPORT PAGE 21

Appendix B

EGEAS OUTPUT REPORT FOR THE BASE CASE

```

EEEEEEEE  GGGGGG  EEEEEEEE  AAAAAA  SSSSSS
EEEEEEEE  GGGGGGGG  EEEEEEEE  AAAAAAAA  SSSSSSSS
EE        GG    GG  EE        AA    AA  SS
EEEEEEEE  GG      GG  EEEEEEEE  AAAAAAAA  SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEE  GG    GGG  EEEEEEEE  AAAAAAAA  SSSSSSSS
EE        GG    GG  EE        AA    AA  SS
EEEEEEEE  GGGGGGGG  EEEEEEEE  AA    AA  SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEE  GGGGGG   EEEEEEEE  AA    AA  SSSSSS

```

ELECTRIC GENERATION EXPANSION ANALYSIS SYSTEM

REPORT PROGRAM

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
2021 Model
Base Case Run
-- Data updated for the 2021 Model

RPI 1529

ELECTRIC POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE
3420 HILLVIEW AVENUE
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304

EGEAS REPORT

CONTROL REPORT

PAGE

1

REPORT FILE OPTION 0 - STANDARD

REPORT OPTIONS

CONTROL	1	-	GENERATE
MIRROR IMAGE	1	-	GENERATE
ERROR	3	-	ALL MESSAGES
REPORT SELECTION	1	-	GENERATE

INPUT FILES	NAME	VERSION	UPDATE	RUN	CREATION DATE	CREATION TIME	DESCRIPTION	EGEAS VERS.
-----	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----	-----
EGEAS DATA BASE	2021	1	0		5/11/21	8:20: 6	2021 IRP	1300
EXPANSION PLAN	2021	1	0	1	5/11/21	8:20: 8	2021 IRP	1300
SUBPERIOD REPORT	2021	1	0	1	5/11/21	8:20: 8	2021 IRP	1300
UNIT REPORT	2021	1	0	1	5/11/21	8:20: 8	2021 IRP	1300
UNIT CAPITAL COST REPORT	2021	1	0	1	5/11/21	8:20: 8	2021 IRP	1300

EGEAS REPORT MIRROR IMAGE REPORT PAGE 2

HEADER RECORD PROGRAM VERSION DATE & TIME MODIFIED NUM
REPORT 13 05/11/21 08:20:00 1

RECORD DESCRIPTION TYP REF SQ DATA FIELDS NUM

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9																																						
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890																																													
	*			Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.								2																																					
	*			2021 Model								3																																					
	*			Base Case Run								4																																					
	*			-- Data updated for the 2021 Model								5																																					
	*			CONTROL RECORD								7																																					
	*			SbUnUcc								8																																					
	*											9																																					
	*			C	M	E	S	F				10																																					
	*			T	I	R	E	I				11																																					
	*			L	R	R	L	L	DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION			12																																					
	*			+	-	+	-	+	-----			13																																					
CONTROL RECORD	CC			1	1	3	1	0	2021 IRP			14																																					
	*											15																																					
	*			--INPUT FILES--								16																																					
	*			NAME	V	U	R	U				17																																					
	*			-----+---+----								18																																					
FILE IDENTIFICATION	FF			2021	1	0	1						19																																				
	*											20																																					
	*			== PLAN SELECTION ==								21																																					
	*			PLANS	C	O	C	E	M				22																																				
	*			DR	1	L	P	M	S	N	O																																						
	*			-+---+---+---+				--AREAS TO INCLUDE--				23																																					
	*			-----+---+----								24																																					
PLAN SELECTION	RA			1	1	1	0	1	3	2	0	25																																					
	*											26																																					
	*			== TIME PERIODS ==								27																																					
	*			--YEARS-- -SG- -SW-								28																																					
	*			1ST	LAST	1	L	1	L				29																																				
	*			---- +++ -++ - +								30																																					
TIME PERIOD	RB			2021	2040	113	1	3					31																																				
	*											32																																					
	*			== REPORT SELECTION ==								33																																					
	*			-PROD-	MNT	-STORAGE--	-FL	-EM-	-ECON	INT-	-COST	-EM	RED	CAP	34																																		
	*			S	S	S	U	O	B	R	R	S	U	D	O	S	P	-P	J-	S	U	S	S	G	C	F	T	S	T	U	C	U	T	C	A	R	R	I	T	U	N	35							
	*			Y	U	Y	A	F	N	R	L	E	E	Y	N	E	P	W	R	S	C	1	L	Y	N	Y	I	N	E	+	M	R	Y	I	N	O	F	F	N	O	O	S	A	U	N	O	N	D	36

EGEAS REPORT

MIRROR IMAGE REPORT

PAGE 3

RECORD DESCRIPTION	TYP	REF	SQ	DATA FIELDS									NUM
--------------------	-----	-----	----	-------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890								

*			S	M	SRLTDKLSST	TRKDP	E	1	L	ST	STT	NRT	NSET	PCT.	TNTVT	TN	C	TI	U	37
*			-	+	-+--+--+--+	+--+	-+--+			+ -	+ -	- -	+ -	+ -	+ -	+ -	+	-	-	38
REPORT SELECTION	RC		1	2	0111101100	00000	0			10	000	001	00000.0000	00000	00		0	00	0	39
*																				40

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
COLUMNS	123	45678	90	12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890								

PLAN 1

YEAR	NEW UNITS ADDED														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
2021	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2022	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2023	0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0.	0.
2024	0	0.	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0.	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2030	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2031	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2032	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2033	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2034	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2035	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2036	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2037	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2038	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2039	2+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2040	2+	0	0	0	0	0	1+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PLAN 1

YEAR	NEW UNITS ADDED		
	16	17	18
2021	0.	0.	0.
2022	0.	0.	0.
2023	0	0	0
2024	0	0	1+
2025	0	0	0+
2026	0	0	0+
2027	0	0	0+
2028	0	0	0+
2029	0	0	0+
2030	0	0	0+
2031	0	0	0+
2032	0	0	0+
2033	0	0	0+
2034	0	1+	0+
2035	0	0+	0+
2036	0	0+	0+
2037	1	0+	0+
2038	0	0+	0+
2039	1	0+	0+
2040	0	0+	0+

 TOTAL COST, M\$
 --W/O EXT 1233.581
 --WITH EXT 2320.682

UNIT TYPES

1 PA	7 PURCHASE POWER	10.000 MW	2 PA	8 GE 7EA 2x1 ADD	329.800 MW	3 PA	1 GE 7EA	78.300 MW
4 PA	6 GE LM6000PH	45.300 MW	5 PA	14 GE LMS100PB	90.700 MW	6 PA	9 GE 7FA.05 1x1	329.200 MW
7 PA	16 PV SOLAR50	50.000 MW	8 PA	12 PV SOLAR5	5.000 MW	9 PA	10 BIOMASS	25.000 MW
10 PA	3 STORAGE1	1.000 MW	11 PA	40 STORAGE10	10.000 MW	12 PA	20 WIND20	20.000 MW
13 PA	22 WIND50	50.000 MW	14 PA	2 WRTSLA 18V50SG	55.000 MW	15 PA	23 WRTSLA 20V34SG	36.500 MW
16 PA	43 STORAGE	10.000 MW	17 PA	4 SOLAR PPA	50.000 MW	18 PA	13 SOLAR QF	20.000 MW

NOTES: ALL COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.
 W/O EXT = COST FOR STUDY PERIOD ONLY.
 WITH EXT = TOTAL COST FOR STUDY AND EXTENSION PERIODS.
 + MEANS CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF UNITS IS AT AN UPPER BOUND.
 . MEANS LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDS ARE EQUAL.

PLAN 1

NUMBER OF NEW UNITS ADDED

YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2021	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2022	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2023	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2024	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2025	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2026	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2027	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2028	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2029	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2030	1.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2031	1.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2032	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2033	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2034	1.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2035	1.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2036	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2037	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2038	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2039	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2040	2.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	1.00 +	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
TOTAL	18.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

NOTE: + MEANS CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF UNITS IS AT AN UPPER BOUND
 . MEANS LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDS ARE EQUAL

UNIT TYPES

1 PA	7 PURCHASE POWER	10.000 MW	2 PA	8 GE 7EA 2x1 ADD	329.800 MW	3 PA	1 GE 7EA	78.300 MW
4 PA	6 GE LM6000PH	45.300 MW	5 PA	14 GE LMS100PB	90.700 MW	6 PA	9 GE 7FA.05 1x1	329.200 MW
7 PA	16 PV SOLAR50	50.000 MW	8 PA	12 PV SOLAR5	5.000 MW	9 PA	10 BIOMASS	25.000 MW
10 PA	3 STORAGE1	1.000 MW						

PLAN 1

NUMBER OF NEW UNITS ADDED

YEAR	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
2021	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2022	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00 .
2023	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 .	0.00 .	0.00	0.00	0.00
2024	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00 +
2025	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2026	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2027	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2028	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2029	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2030	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2031	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2032	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2033	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +
2034	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00 +	0.00 +
2035	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
2036	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
2037	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
2038	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
2039	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
2040	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 +	0.00 +
TOTAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	1.00	1.00

NOTE: + MEANS CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF UNITS IS AT AN UPPER BOUND
 . MEANS LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDS ARE EQUAL

UNIT TYPES

11 PA	40 STORAGE10	10.000 MW	12 PA	20 WIND20	20.000 MW	13 PA	22 WIND50	50.000 MW
14 PA	2 WRTSLA 18V50SG	55.000 MW	15 PA	23 WRTSLA 20V34SG	36.500 MW	16 PA	43 STORAGE	10.000 MW
17 PA	4 SOLAR PPA	50.000 MW	18 PA	13 SOLAR QF	20.000 MW			

PLAN 1

NEW CAPACITY ADDED, MW

YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2021	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2030	10.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2031	10.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2032	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2033	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2034	10.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2035	10.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2036	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2037	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2038	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2039	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2040	20.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	50.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	180.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	50.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

NOTE: + MEANS CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF UNITS IS AT AN UPPER BOUND
 . MEANS LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDS ARE EQUAL

UNIT TYPES

1 PA	7 PURCHASE POWER	10.000 MW	2 PA	8 GE 7EA 2x1 ADD	329.800 MW	3 PA	1 GE 7EA	78.300 MW
4 PA	6 GE LM6000PH	45.300 MW	5 PA	14 GE LMS100PB	90.700 MW	6 PA	9 GE 7FA.05 1x1	329.200 MW
7 PA	16 PV SOLAR50	50.000 MW	8 PA	12 PV SOLAR5	5.000 MW	9 PA	10 BIOMASS	25.000 MW
10 PA	3 STORAGE1	1.000 MW						

PLAN 1

NEW CAPACITY ADDED, MW

YEAR	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
2021	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.000
2025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2031	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	50.000	0.000
2035	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.000	0.000	0.000
2038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.000	0.000	0.000
2040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.000	50.000	20.000

UNIT TYPES

11 PA	40 STORAGE10	10.000 MW	12 PA	20 WIND20	20.000 MW	13 PA	22 WIND50	50.000 MW
14 PA	2 WRTSLA 18V50SG	55.000 MW	15 PA	23 WRTSLA 20V34SG	36.500 MW	16 PA	43 STORAGE	10.000 MW
17 PA	4 SOLAR PPA	50.000 MW	18 PA	13 SOLAR QF	20.000 MW			

PLAN 1

YEAR	PEAK LOAD, MW	ENERGY GWH	RATED CAPACITY, MW				RESERVE CAPACITY	RESERVE PERCENT	RELATIVE RELIABILITY	CAPITAL COSTS, M\$	
			INSTALLED	RETIRED	CHANGED	TOTAL				NEW UNITS	CHANGES
BENCH	484.9	3169.10				1335.2	581.1	21.71	1.0000		
2021	485.2	3350.60	105.0	0.0	100.0	1540.2	656.1	38.55	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2022	492.8	3418.20	0.0	52.3	272.4	1760.3	651.8	36.32	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2023	498.9	3466.20	78.3	103.8	-247.6	1487.2	596.4	22.66	1.0000	72.934	0.000
2024	505.8	3525.49	20.0	0.0	0.0	1507.2	606.4	23.01	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2025	512.4	3579.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	1507.2	606.4	21.18	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2026	516.9	3603.39	0.0	0.0	0.0	1507.2	606.4	19.96	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2027	521.5	3630.49	0.0	105.0	0.0	1402.2	576.4	12.12	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2028	526.0	3655.89	0.0	0.0	0.0	1402.2	576.4	11.02	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2029	530.7	3683.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	1402.2	576.4	9.89	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2030	535.4	3710.39	10.0	0.0	0.0	1412.2	586.4	10.93	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2031	540.1	3737.69	10.0	10.0	0.0	1412.2	586.4	9.82	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2032	544.8	3765.19	20.0	10.0	0.0	1422.2	596.4	10.84	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2033	549.6	3792.79	20.0	20.0	0.0	1422.2	596.4	9.73	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2034	554.2	3820.39	60.0	20.0	-19.5	1442.7	608.1	11.10	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2035	558.9	3848.19	10.0	10.0	0.0	1442.7	608.1	10.03	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2036	563.6	3875.99	20.0	40.0	0.0	1422.7	612.6	9.90	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2037	568.4	3903.89	30.0	20.0	0.0	1432.7	622.1	10.75	1.0000	27.601	0.000
2038	573.2	3931.99	20.0	20.0	0.0	1432.7	622.1	9.69	1.0000	0.000	0.000
2039	577.9	3960.29	30.0	20.0	0.0	1442.7	631.6	10.55	1.0000	29.282	0.000
2040	582.7	3988.79	70.0	170.0	0.0	1342.7	634.4	10.06	1.0000	121.869	0.000

.....COST SUMMARY.....

YEAR	PRODUCTION COST	CAPITAL FIXED CHARGES	ANNUAL	CUMULATIVE ANNUAL	PRESENT WORTH	CUMULATIVE PRES WORTH
2021	77.360	0.000	77.360	77.360	72.577	72.577
2022	71.393	0.000	71.393	148.753	62.838	135.415
2023	66.604	6.366	72.971	221.724	60.256	195.671
2024	71.708	6.366	78.075	299.798	60.485	256.156
2025	74.729	6.366	81.095	380.893	58.940	315.096
2026	93.227	6.366	99.593	480.487	67.910	383.005
2027	97.505	6.366	103.871	584.358	66.448	449.453
2028	107.744	6.366	114.110	698.468	68.485	517.938
2029	111.633	6.366	118.000	816.468	66.440	584.378
2030	116.436	6.366	122.802	939.270	64.870	649.248
2031	121.522	6.366	127.888	1067.158	63.380	712.628
2032	125.920	6.366	132.286	1199.445	61.506	774.134
2033	130.596	6.366	136.963	1336.407	59.743	833.877
2034	138.516	6.366	144.882	1481.289	59.290	893.167
2035	142.893	6.366	149.260	1630.549	57.305	950.473
2036	150.956	6.366	157.322	1787.871	56.667	1007.139
2037	158.037	8.989	167.025	1954.897	56.442	1063.581
2038	163.056	8.989	172.045	2126.941	54.544	1118.125
2039	169.383	11.770	181.153	2308.095	53.881	1172.006
2040	196.507	24.158	220.665	2528.760	61.575	1233.581
EXT.	999.275	87.826			1087.101	2320.682

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF CURRENT DOLLARS. PRESENT WORTH COSTS ARE SHOWN FOR THE EXTENSION PERIOD.
 - PRESENT WORTH COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.
 - CAPACITY TOTALS INCLUDE BOTH SUPPLY-SIDE AND DEMAND-SIDE RESOURCES. SEE RESERVE REPORT FOR DETAILS.

PLAN 1

YEAR	.....TOTAL SYSTEM.....		..SERVICE AREA - MDU ..	
	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$
2021	3350.60	77.360	3350.60	77.360
2022	3418.20	71.393	3418.20	71.393
2023	3466.20	66.604	3466.20	66.604
2024	3525.49	71.708	3525.49	71.708
2025	3579.09	74.729	3579.09	74.729
2026	3603.39	93.227	3603.39	93.227
2027	3630.49	97.505	3630.49	97.505
2028	3655.89	107.744	3655.89	107.744
2029	3683.09	111.633	3683.09	111.633
2030	3710.39	116.436	3710.39	116.436
2031	3737.69	121.522	3737.69	121.522
2032	3765.19	125.920	3765.19	125.920
2033	3792.79	130.596	3792.79	130.596
2034	3820.39	138.516	3820.39	138.516
2035	3848.19	142.893	3848.19	142.893
2036	3875.99	150.956	3875.99	150.956
2037	3912.31	158.037	3912.31	158.037
2038	3940.41	163.056	3940.41	163.056
2039	3977.13	169.383	3977.13	169.383
2040	4005.57	196.491	4005.57	196.491
EXT.	4005.57	999.194	4005.57	999.194

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.
 - COSTS INCLUDE FUEL, VARIABLE O+M, AND FIXED O+M.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY FUEL CLASS REPORT

PLAN 1

YEAR	.....TOTAL SYSTEM.....		..FUEL CLASS - STRG..		..FUEL CLASS - PURC..		..FUEL CLASS - SOLR..	
	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$
2021	3350.60	77.360	0.00	0.000	1171.24	30.628	0.00	0.000
2022	3418.20	71.393	0.00	0.000	1456.62	38.095	0.00	0.000
2023	3466.20	66.604	0.00	0.000	1529.86	41.326	0.00	0.000
2024	3525.49	71.708	0.00	0.000	1427.84	40.247	33.92	1.865
2025	3579.09	74.729	0.00	0.000	1288.23	38.021	33.92	1.865
2026	3603.39	93.227	0.00	0.000	1195.99	37.673	33.92	1.865
2027	3630.49	97.505	0.00	0.000	1277.64	41.282	33.92	1.865
2028	3655.89	107.744	0.00	0.000	1307.48	43.494	33.92	1.865
2029	3683.09	111.633	0.00	0.000	1240.93	42.546	33.92	1.865
2030	3710.39	116.436	0.00	0.000	1285.60	45.789	33.92	1.865
2031	3737.69	121.522	0.00	0.000	1398.82	51.215	33.92	1.865
2032	3765.19	125.920	0.00	0.000	1431.76	54.404	33.92	1.865
2033	3792.79	130.596	0.00	0.000	1367.12	53.574	33.92	1.865
2034	3820.39	138.516	0.00	0.000	1440.55	57.582	118.71	6.228
2035	3848.19	142.893	0.00	0.000	1473.71	60.640	118.71	6.228
2036	3875.99	150.956	0.00	0.000	1497.16	63.927	118.71	6.228
2037	3912.31	158.037	8.00	0.562	1614.20	70.848	118.71	6.228
2038	3940.41	163.056	8.00	0.578	1648.22	74.467	118.71	6.228
2039	3977.13	169.383	16.00	1.192	1582.32	73.703	118.71	6.228
2040	4005.57	196.491	16.00	1.227	2055.37	98.554	203.50	7.385
EXT.	4005.57	999.194	16.00	6.311	2055.37	505.710	203.50	28.433

YEAR	.. FUEL CLASS - GAS ..		..FUEL CLASS - COAL..		..FUEL CLASS - WIND..		..FUEL CLASS - HYDR..	
	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$	ENERGY, GWH	COST, M\$
2021	0.00	4.210	1428.31	58.364	736.70	-16.186	14.35	0.344
2022	0.00	4.336	1210.53	44.666	736.70	-16.049	14.35	0.344
2023	0.00	5.610	1185.29	35.232	736.70	-15.908	14.35	0.344
2024	0.00	5.779	1312.69	39.236	736.70	-15.762	14.35	0.344
2025	0.00	5.952	1505.90	44.159	736.70	-15.613	14.35	0.344
2026	0.00	6.131	1622.43	48.828	736.70	-1.614	14.35	0.344
2027	0.00	6.315	1567.89	49.155	736.70	-1.455	14.35	0.344
2028	0.00	6.504	1563.44	49.916	736.70	5.620	14.35	0.344
2029	0.00	6.699	1657.20	54.390	736.70	5.789	14.35	0.344
2030	0.00	6.900	1639.82	55.575	736.70	5.962	14.35	0.344
2031	0.00	7.107	1553.90	54.850	736.70	6.141	14.35	0.344
2032	0.00	7.320	1548.46	55.661	736.70	6.325	14.35	0.344
2033	0.00	7.540	1640.70	60.758	736.70	6.515	14.35	0.344
2034	0.11	7.773	1569.63	60.515	677.04	6.074	14.35	0.344
2035	0.00	7.999	1564.39	61.425	677.04	6.257	14.35	0.344
2036	0.05	8.242	1659.07	66.962	586.65	5.252	14.35	0.344
2037	0.14	8.496	1570.26	66.150	586.65	5.410	14.35	0.344
2038	0.07	8.746	1564.41	67.122	586.65	5.572	14.35	0.344
2039	0.05	9.006	1659.05	73.171	586.65	5.739	14.35	0.344
2040	75.01	14.229	1641.33	74.751	0.00	0.000	14.35	0.344
EXT.	75.01	73.159	1641.33	384.337	0.00	0.000	14.35	1.243

PLAN 1

YEAR	..FUEL CLASS ENERGY, GWH	- BMP .. COST, M\$
2021	0.00	0.000
2022	0.00	0.000
2023	0.00	0.000
2024	0.00	0.000
2025	0.00	0.000
2026	0.00	0.000
2027	0.00	0.000
2028	0.00	0.000
2029	0.00	0.000
2030	0.00	0.000
2031	0.00	0.000
2032	0.00	0.000
2033	0.00	0.000
2034	0.00	0.000
2035	0.00	0.000
2036	0.00	0.000
2037	0.00	0.000
2038	0.00	0.000
2039	0.00	0.000
2040	0.00	0.000
EXT.	0.00	0.000

- NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.
 - COSTS INCLUDE FUEL, VARIABLE O+M, AND FIXED O+M.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2021 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED		HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	VAR.		FIXED	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR		O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
	YEAR		MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	667.	667.	7.26
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	532.	532.	9.13
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-20756.	3371.	-17385.	-29.63
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10159.	1.880	82.62	778.05	14860.	1851.	2832.	19544.	25.12
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	302.	632.	934.	24.39
ENERGY			30.000	10500.	0.000	55.58	145.67	0.	3059.	0.	3059.	21.00
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11966.	2.130	39.31	366.40	9339.	1457.	3162.	13957.	38.09
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	300.000	10500.	0.000	37.14	973.46	0.	23295.	0.	23295.	23.93
HESKETT #2		MUST	74.600	13260.	2.690	32.54	212.05	7564.	1592.	4324.	13481.	63.57
HESKETT #1		MUST	29.200	20631.	2.700	15.81	40.34	2247.	654.	2583.	5484.	135.93
LEWIS & CLARK1		MUST	52.300	14240.	2.420	6.89	31.47	1084.	234.	4580.	5898.	187.44
MISO - On peak		HYDR	300.000	10500.	0.000	0.53	13.79	0.	368.	0.	368.	26.67
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	58.	58.	0.00
CAPACITY			75.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	900.	900.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	15.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	783.	783.	0.00
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2822.	2822.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	25.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1289.	1289.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	559.	559.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	183.	183.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	216.	216.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	315.	315.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	58.	58.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2022 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST YEAR									LODNG	K\$	$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW	NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	687.	687.	7.48
CEDAR HILLS	NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	548.	548.	9.40
THUNDER SPIRIT	NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-20756.	3472.	-17283.	-29.46
ENERGY		75.000	10500.	0.000	97.77	640.61	0.	13824.	0.	13824.	21.58
BIG STONE	MUST	107.800	10160.	1.930	90.97	856.71	16799.	2100.	2917.	21816.	25.47
WAPA PUR-FT PECK	MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT	MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	307.	651.	958.	25.01
COYOTE	MUST	106.700	12198.	2.310	30.67	285.90	8056.	1171.	3257.	12483.	43.66
MISO - Off peak	HYDR	399.999	10500.	0.000	22.26	777.69	0.	19170.	0.	19170.	24.65
HESKETT #2	MUST	74.600	13260.	2.690	8.81	57.43	2049.	444.	4454.	6947.	120.96
HESKETT #1	MUST	29.200	20631.	2.700	4.11	10.49	584.	175.	2660.	3420.	326.05
GLENDIVE CT #2		43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	325.	325.	0.00
DIESEL 2		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	59.	59.	0.00
DIESEL 3		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	59.	59.	0.00
MISO - On peak	HYDR	399.999	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.00
CAPACITY		90.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1350.	1350.	0.00
HESKETT #3		88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2906.	2906.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2		18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	576.	576.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D	17.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	934.	934.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM	D	35.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1858.	1858.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.		25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	189.	189.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1		35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	222.	222.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2023 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST		RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	VAR.		FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST	
	YEAR	LODNG						O + M K\$	O + M K\$		K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	707.	707.	7.70
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	564.	564.	9.69
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-20756.	3576.	-17179.	-29.28
ENERGY			75.000	10500.	0.000	97.84	641.02	0.	14474.	0.	14474.	22.58
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	1.930	90.54	852.70	16717.	2152.	3005.	21874.	25.65
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	311.	671.	982.	25.64
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	12197.	2.120	35.68	332.59	8600.	1403.	3354.	13357.	40.16
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	32.45	850.38	0.	21591.	0.	21591.	25.39
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	0.01	0.14	0.	4.	0.	4.	28.29
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	229.	229.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	335.	335.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	61.	61.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	61.	61.	0.00
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2993.	2993.	0.00
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1144.	1144.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	593.	593.	0.00
CAPACITY			30.006	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	720.	720.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1094.	1094.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2461.	2461.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	194.	194.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2024 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST YEAR									LODNG	K\$	$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	728.	728.	7.93
CEDAR HILLS		19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	581.	581.	9.98
THUNDER SPIRIT		150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-20756.	3684.	-17072.	-29.10
SOLAR QF	2024	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
ENERGY		75.000	10500.	0.000	98.50	645.37	0.	15218.	0.	15218.	23.58
BIG STONE		MUST 107.800	10158.	1.930	83.00	781.64	15324.	2032.	3095.	20451.	26.16
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST 2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST 7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	316.	691.	1007.	26.28
COYOTE		MUST 106.700	11406.	2.150	56.97	531.05	13022.	2307.	3455.	18785.	35.37
MISO - Off peak		HYDR 299.999	10500.	0.000	28.38	743.91	0.	19454.	0.	19454.	26.15
MISO - On peak		HYDR 299.999	10500.	0.000	0.01	0.25	0.	7.	0.	7.	29.14
GLENDIVE CT #1		35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	236.	236.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2		43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	345.	345.	0.00
DIESEL 2		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	63.	63.	0.00
DIESEL 3		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	63.	63.	0.00
HESKETT #3		88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3083.	3083.	0.00
HESKETT #4		78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1178.	1178.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2		18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	611.	611.	0.00
CAPACITY		30.006	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	900.	900.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1126.	1126.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM	D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2534.	2534.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.		25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	200.	200.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2025 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST YEAR	LODNG	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW	NDT		30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	750.	750.	8.17
CEDAR HILLS	NDT		19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	599.	599.	10.28
THUNDER SPIRIT	NDT		150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-20756.	3794.	-16961.	-28.91
SOLAR QF ENERGY	2024 NDT		20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
			75.000	10500.	0.000	99.11	649.37	0.	15962.	0.	15962.	24.58
BIG STONE	MUST		107.800	10158.	1.930	92.43	870.46	17065.	2331.	3188.	22584.	25.95
COYOTE	MUST		106.700	11105.	2.150	68.17	635.44	15172.	2843.	3559.	21574.	33.95
WAPA PUR-FT PECK	MUST		2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT	MUST		7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	321.	711.	1032.	26.94
MISO - Off peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	22.91	600.31	0.	16170.	0.	16170.	26.94
MISO - On peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	0.01	0.23	0.	7.	0.	7.	30.01
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	243.	243.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	355.	355.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	65.	65.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	65.	65.	0.00
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3176.	3176.	0.00
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1214.	1214.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	629.	629.	0.00
CAPACITY			30.006	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1080.	1080.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D		20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1160.	1160.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM	D		45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2610.	2610.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	206.	206.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2026 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST YEAR	LODNG	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL COST K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW	NDT		30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	773.	773.	8.42
CEDAR HILLS	NDT		19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	617.	617.	10.58
THUNDER SPIRIT	NDT		150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-6912.	3908.	-3004.	-5.12
SOLAR QF	2024 NDT		20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE	MUST		107.800	10158.	1.988	92.43	870.46	17577.	2401.	3284.	23262.	26.72
COYOTE	MUST		106.700	11070.	2.214	80.67	751.97	18435.	3466.	3665.	25566.	34.00
WAPA PUR-FT PECK	MUST		2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT	MUST		7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	325.	733.	1058.	27.62
ENERGY			75.000	10500.	0.000	43.74	286.59	0.	7165.	0.	7165.	25.00
MISO - Off peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	29.79	780.75	0.	21661.	0.	21661.	27.74
MISO - On peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	3.45	90.34	0.	2793.	0.	2793.	30.91
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	250.	250.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	366.	366.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	67.	67.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	67.	67.	0.00
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3271.	3271.	0.00
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1250.	1250.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	648.	648.	0.00
CAPACITY			30.006	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1113.	1113.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D		20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1195.	1195.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM	D		45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2689.	2689.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	212.	212.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2027 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST		RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$		FIXED O + M K\$		PRODUCTION COST K\$ \$/MWH	
	YEAR	LODNG							K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	796.	796.	796.	8.67	
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	635.	635.	635.	10.90	
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	-6912.	4025.	-2886.	-2886.	-4.92	
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	1865.	54.98	
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11033.	2.281	84.35	786.25	19787.	3733.	3775.	27295.	27295.	34.72	
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.048	83.00	781.64	16257.	2221.	3382.	21860.	21860.	27.97	
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	344.	24.00	
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	330.	755.	1085.	1085.	28.33	
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	28576.	0.	28576.	28576.	28.58	
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	9.13	239.33	0.	7620.	0.	7620.	7620.	31.84	
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	219.	219.	219.	0.00	
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	258.	258.	258.	0.00	
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	377.	377.	377.	0.00	
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	69.	69.	69.	0.00	
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	69.	69.	69.	0.00	
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3369.	3369.	3369.	0.00	
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1287.	1287.	1287.	0.00	
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	667.	667.	667.	0.00	
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1231.	1231.	1231.	0.00	
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2769.	2769.	2769.	0.00	

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2028 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST		RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$		FIXED O + M K\$		PRODUCTION COST K\$ \$/MWH	
	YEAR	LODNG							K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	820.	820.	820.	8.93	
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	654.	654.	654.	11.23	
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4146.	4146.	4146.	7.07	
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	1865.	54.98	
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.109	92.43	870.46	18648.	2547.	3484.	24679.	24679.	28.35	
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11032.	2.349	74.34	692.98	17961.	3388.	3889.	25238.	25238.	36.42	
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	344.	24.00	
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	335.	777.	1113.	1113.	29.05	
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	29433.	0.	29433.	29433.	29.43	
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	10.27	269.17	0.	8828.	0.	8828.	8828.	32.80	
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	225.	225.	225.	0.00	
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	265.	265.	265.	0.00	
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	388.	388.	388.	0.00	
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	71.	71.	71.	0.00	
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	71.	71.	71.	0.00	
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3470.	3470.	3470.	0.00	
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1326.	1326.	1326.	0.00	
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	687.	687.	687.	0.00	
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1268.	1268.	1268.	0.00	
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2853.	2853.	2853.	0.00	

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2029 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED		HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	YEAR	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST		FACTOR	O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
				MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW			NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	844.	844.	9.20
CEDAR HILLS			NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	674.	674.	11.56
THUNDER SPIRIT			NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4271.	4271.	7.28
SOLAR QF		2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE			MUST	107.800	10158.	2.172	92.43	870.46	19207.	2624.	3588.	25419.	29.20
COYOTE			MUST	106.700	11033.	2.420	84.40	786.74	21004.	3962.	4005.	28972.	36.82
WAPA PUR-FT PECK			MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT			MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	340.	801.	1141.	29.79
MISO - Off peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	30316.	0.	30316.	30.32
MISO - On peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	7.73	202.62	0.	6844.	0.	6844.	33.78
MILES CITY C.T.				25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	232.	232.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1				35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	273.	273.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2				43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	399.	399.	0.00
DIESEL 2				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	73.	73.	0.00
DIESEL 3				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	73.	73.	0.00
HESKETT #3				88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3574.	3574.	0.00
HESKETT #4				78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1366.	1366.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2				18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	708.	708.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES			D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1306.	1306.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM			D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	2938.	2938.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2030 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED		HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	YEAR	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST		FACTOR	O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
				MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW			NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	870.	870.	9.47
CEDAR HILLS			NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	694.	694.	11.91
THUNDER SPIRIT			NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4399.	4399.	7.50
SOLAR QF		2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE			MUST	107.800	10158.	2.237	90.54	852.70	19380.	2647.	3696.	25723.	30.17
COYOTE			MUST	106.700	11032.	2.492	84.44	787.13	21644.	4083.	4125.	29853.	37.93
WAPA PUR-FT PECK			MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT			MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	345.	825.	1170.	30.55
MISO - Off peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	31226.	0.	31226.	31.23
MISO - On peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	9.44	247.29	0.	8604.	0.	8604.	34.79
MILES CITY C.T.				25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	239.	239.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1				35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	281.	281.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2				43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	411.	411.	0.00
DIESEL 2				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	75.	75.	0.00
DIESEL 3				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	75.	75.	0.00
HESKETT #3				88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3682.	3682.	0.00
HESKETT #4				78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1407.	1407.	0.00
LEWIS & CLARK2				18.600	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	729.	729.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES			D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1345.	1345.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM			D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3026.	3026.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER		2030		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	417.	417.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2031 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST YEAR	LODNG	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST	
											K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW	NDT		30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	896.	896.	9.76
CEDAR HILLS	NDT		19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	715.	715.	12.27
THUNDER SPIRIT	NDT		150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4531.	4531.	7.72
SOLAR QF	2024 NDT		20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE	MUST		107.800	10158.	2.305	83.00	781.64	18298.	2499.	3807.	24604.	31.48
COYOTE	MUST		106.700	11032.	2.567	82.85	772.27	21871.	4126.	4249.	30246.	39.17
WAPA PUR-FT PECK	MUST		2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT	MUST		7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	351.	850.	1200.	31.33
MISO - Off peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	32163.	0.	32163.	32.16
MISO - On peak	HYDR		299.999	10500.	0.000	13.76	360.51	0.	12920.	0.	12920.	35.84
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	10372.	3.738	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	751.	751.	*****
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	290.	290.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	424.	424.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	78.	78.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	78.	78.	0.00
HESKETT #3			88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3792.	3792.	0.00
HESKETT #4			78.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1449.	1449.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D		20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1385.	1385.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM	D		45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3117.	3117.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	246.	246.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2031		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	430.	430.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2032 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED		HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	YEAR	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST		FACTOR	O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
				MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW			NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	923.	923.	10.05
CEDAR HILLS			NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	736.	736.	12.64
THUNDER SPIRIT			NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4667.	4667.	7.95
SOLAR QF		2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE			MUST	107.800	10158.	2.374	92.43	870.46	20988.	2867.	3921.	27776.	31.91
COYOTE			MUST	106.700	11031.	2.644	72.74	678.00	19777.	3731.	4377.	27885.	41.13
WAPA PUR-FT PECK			MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT			MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	356.	875.	1231.	32.13
MISO - Off peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	33127.	0.	33127.	33.13
MISO - On peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	15.01	393.45	0.	14523.	0.	14523.	36.91
LEWIS & CLARK2				18.600	9303.	3.850	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	774.	774.	*****
HESKETT #4				78.300	25499.	3.555	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1492.	1492.	*****
GLENDIVE CT #2				43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	436.	436.	0.00
DIESEL 2				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	80.	80.	0.00
DIESEL 3				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	80.	80.	0.00
HESKETT #3				88.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3906.	3906.	0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES			D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1427.	1427.	0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM			D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3211.	3211.	0.00
MILES CITY C.T.				25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	254.	254.	0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1				35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	299.	299.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER		2032		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	443.	443.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER		2032		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	443.	443.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2033 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED	HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST	CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR			O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
	YEAR	LODNG	MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	30.000	0.	0.000	35.02	91.79	0.	0.	950.	10.35
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	758.	13.02
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4807.	8.19
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	54.98
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.445	90.54	852.70	21177.	2893.	4038.	32.96
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11032.	2.724	84.54	788.01	23676.	4467.	4508.	41.43
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	361.	901.	32.95
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	34121.	0.	34.12
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	12.55	328.81	0.	12501.	0.	38.02
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	9225.	3.965	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	797.	797.*****
HESKETT #4			78.300	23286.	3.661	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1537.	1537.*****
HESKETT #3			88.000	37447.	3.661	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	4023.	4023.*****
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	82.	82. 0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	82.	82. 0.00
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1470.	1470. 0.00
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3307.	3307. 0.00
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	261.	261. 0.00
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	308.	308. 0.00
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	450.	450. 0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2033		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	456.	456. 0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2033		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	456.	456. 0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2034 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$	FIXED O + M K\$	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST YEAR									LODNG	K\$	$/MWH
DIAMOND WILLOW		10.500	0.	0.000	35.02	32.13	0.	0.	343.	343.	10.66
CEDAR HILLS		19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	781.	781.	13.41
THUNDER SPIRIT		150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	4951.	4951.	8.44
SOLAR PPA	2034	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
COYOTE		MUST 106.700	11032.	2.805	84.54	788.02	24386.	4601.	4643.	33631.	42.68
BIG STONE		MUST 107.800	10158.	2.518	83.00	781.61	19994.	2731.	4160.	26884.	34.40
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST 2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST 7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	367.	928.	1295.	33.80
MISO - Off peak		HYDR 299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	35145.	0.	35145.	35.14
MISO - On peak		HYDR 299.999	10500.	0.000	15.35	402.24	0.	15752.	0.	15752.	39.16
LEWIS & CLARK2		18.600	8879.	4.084	0.02	0.04	1.	0.	821.	822.	23304.95
HESKETT #4		78.300	16946.	3.771	0.01	0.04	3.	0.	1583.	1586.	36695.43
HESKETT #3		88.000	18325.	3.771	0.00	0.02	1.	0.	4144.	4145.	218825.67
GLENDIVE CT #2		43.300	11067.	5.571	0.00	0.01	0.	0.	463.	464.	61258.93
GLENDIVE CT #1		35.500	13940.	5.571	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	317.	317.	86208.00
INTERRUPTIBLES	D	20.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	1.	1514.	1514.	738951.81
MILES CITY C.T.		25.200	16298.	5.571	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	269.	269.	138515.67
COMMERCIAL DSM	D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3406.	3406.	0.00
DIESEL 2		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	85.	85.	0.00
DIESEL 3		2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	85.	85.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2034	10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	470.	470.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2035 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT INST		RATED CAPACITY MW	HEAT RATE BTU/KWH	FUEL COST \$/MBTU	CAP. FACTOR %	GENERATION GWH	FUEL K\$	VAR. O + M K\$		FIXED O + M K\$		PRODUCTION COST K\$ \$/MWH	
	YEAR	LODNG							O + M K\$	O + M K\$	K\$	\$/MWH		
DIAMOND WILLOW		NDT	10.500	0.	0.000	35.02	32.13	0.	0.	353.	353.	10.98		
CEDAR HILLS		NDT	19.500	0.	0.000	34.20	58.26	0.	0.	804.	804.	13.81		
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	5099.	5099.	8.69		
SOLAR PPA	2034	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45		
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98		
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.594	92.43	870.43	22934.	3133.	4284.	30351.	34.87		
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11031.	2.889	74.45	693.96	22119.	4173.	4783.	31074.	44.78		
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00		
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	372.	956.	1328.	34.67		
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	36199.	0.	36199.	36.20		
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	16.61	435.40	0.	17562.	0.	17562.	40.33		
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	9002.	4.207	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	845.	845.	*****		
HESKETT #4			78.300	15952.	3.884	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1631.	1631.	*****		
HESKETT #3			88.000	15908.	3.884	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	4268.	4268.	*****		
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	87.	87.	0.00		
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	87.	87.	0.00		
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1559.	1559.	0.00		
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3508.	3508.	0.00		
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	277.	277.	0.00		
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	326.	326.	0.00		
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	477.	477.	0.00		
PURCHASE POWER	2035		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	484.	484.	0.00		

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2036 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED	HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR			O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
	YEAR	LODNG	MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	5252.	5252.	8.95
SOLAR PPA	2034	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.672	92.43	870.46	23622.	3227.	4413.	31262.	35.91
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11031.	2.976	84.60	788.61	25889.	4885.	4926.	35700.	45.27
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	378.	985.	1363.	35.57
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	37285.	0.	37285.	37.29
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	17.51	458.85	0.	19063.	0.	19063.	41.54
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	8958.	4.333	0.01	0.02	1.	0.	871.	871.	47486.29
HESKETT #4			78.300	19305.	4.001	0.00	0.02	1.	0.	1680.	1681.	97428.48
HESKETT #3			88.000	19814.	4.001	0.00	0.01	1.	0.	4396.	4397.	549048.88
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	11223.	5.911	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	491.	492.	133043.11
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	14199.	5.911	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	336.	336.	185821.64
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1606.	1606.	*****
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	16504.	5.911	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	285.	286.	304364.59
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3613.	3613.	0.00
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	90.	90.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	90.	90.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2036		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	498.	498.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2036		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	498.	498.	0.00

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1 YEAR 2037 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED		HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	YEAR	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST		FACTOR	O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
				MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
THUNDER SPIRIT			NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	5410.	5410.	9.22
SOLAR PPA	2034		NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024		NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
COYOTE			MUST	106.700	11031.	3.065	84.60	788.62	26667.	5031.	5074.	36772.	46.63
BIG STONE			MUST	107.800	10158.	2.752	83.00	781.64	21848.	2984.	4545.	29378.	37.59
WAPA PUR-FT PECK			MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT			MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	383.	1014.	1398.	36.49
MISO - Off peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	38404.	0.	38404.	38.40
MISO - On peak			HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	21.97	575.88	0.	24643.	0.	24643.	42.79
LEWIS & CLARK2				18.600	8919.	4.463	0.03	0.05	2.	0.	897.	899.	19391.21
HESKETT #4				78.300	17882.	4.121	0.01	0.05	4.	0.	1730.	1734.	34219.80
HESKETT #3				88.000	19183.	4.121	0.00	0.02	2.	0.	4528.	4530.	188214.66
GLENDIVE CT #2				43.300	11078.	6.088	0.00	0.01	1.	0.	506.	507.	46435.33
INTERRUPTIBLES		D		20.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	1.	1654.	1655.	518812.28
GLENDIVE CT #1				35.500	14001.	6.088	0.00	0.01	0.	0.	346.	347.	63837.07
MILES CITY C.T.				25.200	16331.	6.088	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	294.	294.	102148.95
COMMERCIAL DSM		D		45.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3722.	3722.	*****
DIESEL 2				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	93.	93.	0.00
DIESEL 3				2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	93.	93.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2037			10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	513.	513.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2037			10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	513.	513.	0.00
STORAGE	2037	CHRG		10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2037	STOR		10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	562.	562.	70.21

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2038 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	RATED	HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST		
	INST	CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR					O + M	O + M	K\$	$/MWH
	YEAR	LODNG	MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH	
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	5572.	5572.	9.50
SOLAR PPA	2034	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.834	92.43	870.46	25061.	3423.	4682.	33166.	38.10
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11031.	3.157	74.45	693.95	24169.	4560.	5226.	33956.	48.93
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	389.	1045.	1434.	37.43
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	39556.	0.	39556.	39.56
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	23.27	609.91	0.	26881.	0.	26881.	44.07
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	8973.	4.597	0.02	0.03	1.	0.	924.	925.	36067.40
HESKETT #4			78.300	19060.	4.245	0.00	0.02	2.	0.	1782.	1784.	71966.06
HESKETT #3			88.000	19070.	4.245	0.00	0.01	1.	0.	4664.	4665.	404569.88
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	11044.	6.271	0.00	0.01	0.	0.	521.	522.	95378.39
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	14207.	6.271	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	357.	357.	120420.85
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1704.	1704.	*****
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	16484.	6.271	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	303.	303.	195767.75
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3834.	3834.	*****
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	95.	95.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	95.	95.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2038		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	529.	529.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2038		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	529.	529.	0.00
STORAGE	2037	CHRG	10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2037	STOR	10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	578.	578.	72.31

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2039 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT		RATED	HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST	LODNG	CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR		O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
	YEAR		MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$	K\$	\$/MWH
THUNDER SPIRIT		NDT	150.000	0.	0.000	44.77	586.65	0.	0.	5739.	5739.	9.78
SOLAR PPA	2034	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	2.919	92.43	870.46	25813.	3526.	4822.	34161.	39.24
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11031.	3.252	84.60	788.59	28290.	5338.	5383.	39010.	49.47
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	395.	1076.	1471.	38.40
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	40743.	0.	40743.	40.74
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	20.76	544.01	0.	24697.	0.	24697.	45.40
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	8974.	4.735	0.01	0.02	1.	0.	951.	952.	55955.34
HESKETT #4			78.300	19210.	4.372	0.00	0.02	1.	0.	1836.	1837.	113330.81
HESKETT #3			88.000	19427.	4.372	0.00	0.01	1.	0.	4804.	4804.	627834.69
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	11222.	6.459	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	537.	537.	152977.44
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	14309.	6.459	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	367.	367.	207173.27
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	16588.	6.459	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	312.	312.	340114.06
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	1755.	1755.	*****
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	1.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	3949.	3949.	*****
DIESEL 2			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	98.	98.	0.00
DIESEL 3			2.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	98.	98.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2039		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	545.	545.	0.00
PURCHASE POWER	2039		10.000	0.	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.	0.	545.	545.	0.00
STORAGE	2037	CHRG	10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2037	STOR	10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	596.	596.	74.48
STORAGE	2039	CHRG	10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2039	STOR	10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	596.	596.	74.48

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

EGEAS REPORT

PRODUCTION COST - ANNUAL BY UNITS REPORT

PLAN 1 YEAR 2040 * CAPACITY FACTOR ORDER *

UNIT NAME	ALT	LODNG	RATED	HEAT	FUEL	CAP.	GENERATION	FUEL	VAR.	FIXED	PRODUCTION COST	
	INST		CAPACITY	RATE	COST	FACTOR		O + M	O + M	O + M	K\$	\$/MWH
	YEAR		MW	BTU/KWH	\$/MBTU	%	GWH	K\$	K\$	K\$		
PV SOLAR50	2040	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	0.	1157.	1157.	13.65
SOLAR PPA	2034	NDT	50.000	0.	0.000	19.41	84.79	0.	4363.	0.	4363.	51.45
SOLAR QF	2024	NDT	20.000	0.	0.000	19.41	33.92	0.	840.	1025.	1865.	54.98
BIG STONE		MUST	107.800	10158.	3.007	90.54	852.70	26045.	3558.	4967.	34569.	40.54
COYOTE		MUST	106.700	11031.	3.350	84.61	788.64	29140.	5498.	5544.	40182.	50.95
WAPA PUR-FT PECK		MUST	2.800	0.	0.000	58.67	14.35	0.	344.	0.	344.	24.00
GLEN ULLIN ORMAT		MUST	7.500	1.	0.000	58.47	38.31	0.	401.	1108.	1509.	39.40
MISO - On peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.75	1015.52	0.	47485.	0.	47485.	46.76
MISO - Off peak		HYDR	299.999	10500.	0.000	38.16	1000.00	0.	41965.	0.	41965.	41.96
LEWIS & CLARK2			18.600	8646.	4.877	12.45	20.23	853.	132.	980.	1964.	97.10
HESKETT #4			78.300	14069.	4.503	6.26	42.83	2713.	68.	1891.	4671.	109.08
HESKETT #3			88.000	21858.	4.503	1.15	8.84	870.	43.	4948.	5861.	662.86
INTERRUPTIBLES		D	20.000	1.	0.000	0.43	0.76	0.	228.	1808.	2035.	2682.51
GLENDIVE CT #2			43.300	10247.	6.653	0.43	1.64	112.	12.	553.	677.	412.81
GLENDIVE CT #1			35.500	13221.	6.653	0.30	0.92	81.	7.	378.	466.	507.46
MILES CITY C.T.			25.200	15689.	6.653	0.25	0.54	56.	4.	321.	382.	705.89
COMMERCIAL DSM		D	45.000	1.	0.000	0.18	0.69	0.	207.	4067.	4274.	6183.12
PURCHASE POWER	2040		10.000	1.	0.000	0.06	0.05	0.	97.	561.	658.	12268.89
PURCHASE POWER	2040		10.000	1.	0.000	0.04	0.04	0.	67.	561.	628.	16883.17
DIESEL 2			2.000	8687.	44.293	0.04	0.01	3.	0.	101.	104.	15814.48
DIESEL 3			2.000	8687.	44.293	0.04	0.01	2.	0.	101.	104.	16290.16
STORAGE	2037	CHRG	10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2037	STOR	10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	614.	614.	76.72
STORAGE	2039	CHRG	10.000				-8.42					
STORAGE	2039	STOR	10.000	0.	0.000	9.16	8.00	0.	0.	614.	614.	76.72

NOTES - ANNUAL COSTS ARE IN CURRENT DOLLARS.
 - EXTENSION PERIOD COSTS ARE DISCOUNTED TO THE BEGINNING OF 2020.

PLAN 1

YEAR	PEAK LOAD MW	ENERGY GWH	RESERVE CAPACITY MW	RESERVE MARGIN PCT.	EMERGENCY CAPACITY MW	---LOSS OF LOAD--- HOURS	PROB.	OPERATING CAPACITY MW	--UNSERVED GWH	ENERGY-- PCT.
2021	485.2	3350.60	656.1	38.55	1537.7	0.00	0.000000	1501.9	0.00	0.00
2022	492.8	3418.20	651.8	36.32	1757.8	0.00	0.000000	1729.3	0.00	0.00
2023	498.9	3466.20	596.4	22.66	1484.7	0.00	0.000000	1459.1	0.00	0.00
2024	505.8	3525.49	606.4	23.01	1504.7	0.00	0.000000	1479.1	0.00	0.00
2025	512.4	3579.09	606.4	21.18	1504.7	0.00	0.000000	1479.1	0.00	0.00
2026	516.9	3603.39	606.4	19.96	1504.7	0.00	0.000000	1479.1	0.00	0.00
2027	521.5	3630.49	576.4	12.12	1399.7	0.00	0.000000	1374.1	0.00	0.00
2028	526.0	3655.89	576.4	11.02	1399.7	0.00	0.000000	1374.1	0.00	0.00
2029	530.7	3683.09	576.4	9.89	1399.7	0.00	0.000000	1374.1	0.00	0.00
2030	535.4	3710.39	586.4	10.93	1409.7	0.00	0.000000	1384.1	0.00	0.00
2031	540.1	3737.69	586.4	9.82	1409.7	0.00	0.000000	1384.1	0.00	0.00
2032	544.8	3765.19	596.4	10.84	1419.7	0.00	0.000000	1394.1	0.00	0.00
2033	549.6	3792.79	596.4	9.73	1419.7	0.00	0.000000	1394.1	0.00	0.00
2034	554.2	3820.39	608.1	11.10	1440.2	0.00	0.000000	1414.6	0.00	0.00
2035	558.9	3848.19	608.1	10.03	1440.2	0.00	0.000000	1414.6	0.00	0.00
2036	563.6	3875.99	612.6	9.90	1420.2	0.00	0.000000	1394.6	0.00	0.00
2037	568.4	3903.89	622.1	10.75	1430.2	0.00	0.000000	1404.6	0.00	0.00
2038	573.2	3931.99	622.1	9.69	1430.2	0.00	0.000000	1404.6	0.00	0.00
2039	577.9	3960.29	631.6	10.55	1440.2	0.00	0.000000	1414.6	0.00	0.00
2040	582.7	3988.79	634.4	10.06	1340.2	0.00	0.000000	1314.6	0.07	0.00
EXT.	582.7	3988.79	634.4	10.06	1340.2	0.00	0.000000	1314.6	0.07	0.00

NOTE - RESERVE MARGIN: ANNUAL CALCULATION, CAPACITIES NOT DERATED FOR MAINTENANCE. SEE RESERVE REPORT FOR DETAIL.
 - LOSS OF LOAD: ANNUAL CALCULATION, CAPACITIES DERATED FOR MAINTENANCE.
 - RESERVE, EMERGENCY AND OPERATING CAPACITIES SHOWN ABOVE ARE NOT DERATED FOR MAINTENANCE.
 - CAPACITY TOTALS INCLUDE BOTH SUPPLY-SIDE AND DEMAND-SIDE RESOURCES.

PLAN 1

YEAR	-----LOADS-----				-----RESOURCES-----				RESERVE MARGIN PCT.
	PEAK LOAD MW	PURCH./SALE CONTRACTS	DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT	NET LOADS MW	CAPACITY MW	RESERVE SHARING	PURCH./SALE CONTRACTS	NET RESOURCES MW	
2021	485.2	0.0	-41.9	443.3	614.2	0.0	0.0	614.2	38.55
2022	492.8	0.0	-55.2	437.6	596.6	0.0	0.0	596.6	36.32
2023	498.9	0.0	-68.4	430.5	528.0	0.0	0.0	528.0	22.66
2024	505.8	0.0	-68.4	437.4	538.0	0.0	0.0	538.0	23.01
2025	512.4	0.0	-68.4	444.0	538.0	0.0	0.0	538.0	21.18
2026	516.9	0.0	-68.4	448.5	538.0	0.0	0.0	538.0	19.96
2027	521.5	0.0	-68.4	453.1	508.0	0.0	0.0	508.0	12.12
2028	526.0	0.0	-68.4	457.6	508.0	0.0	0.0	508.0	11.02
2029	530.7	0.0	-68.4	462.3	508.0	0.0	0.0	508.0	9.89
2030	535.4	0.0	-68.4	467.0	518.0	0.0	0.0	518.0	10.93
2031	540.1	0.0	-68.4	471.7	518.0	0.0	0.0	518.0	9.82
2032	544.8	0.0	-68.4	476.4	528.0	0.0	0.0	528.0	10.84
2033	549.6	0.0	-68.4	481.2	528.0	0.0	0.0	528.0	9.73
2034	554.2	0.0	-68.4	485.8	539.7	0.0	0.0	539.7	11.10
2035	558.9	0.0	-68.4	490.5	539.7	0.0	0.0	539.7	10.03
2036	563.6	0.0	-68.4	495.2	544.2	0.0	0.0	544.2	9.90
2037	568.4	0.0	-68.4	500.0	553.7	0.0	0.0	553.7	10.75
2038	573.2	0.0	-68.4	504.8	553.7	0.0	0.0	553.7	9.69
2039	577.9	0.0	-68.4	509.5	563.2	0.0	0.0	563.2	10.55
2040	582.7	0.0	-68.4	514.3	566.0	0.0	0.0	566.0	10.06
EXT.	582.7	0.0	-68.4	514.3	566.0	0.0	0.0	566.0	10.06

PLAN 1 YEAR 2021

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	40.34	20631.	TON	14.27	5.83217E+04					2.70	2247.	55.70
COAL	212.05	13260.	TON	14.27	1.97046E+05					2.69	7564.	35.67
COAL	31.47	14240.	TON	13.22	3.38956E+04					2.42	1084.	34.46
COAL	778.05	10159.	TON	16.48	4.79625E+05					1.88	14860.	19.10
COAL	366.40	11966.	TON	13.68	3.20501E+05					2.13	9339.	25.49
PURC	1171.24	10157.	NONE	0.01	1.18958E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

PLAN 1 YEAR 2022

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	10.49	20631.	TON	14.27	1.51636E+04					2.70	584.	55.70
COAL	57.43	13260.	TON	14.27	5.33667E+04					2.69	2049.	35.67
COAL	856.71	10160.	TON	16.48	5.28168E+05					1.93	16799.	19.61
COAL	285.90	12198.	TON	13.68	2.54931E+05					2.31	8056.	28.18
PURC	1456.62	10224.	NONE	0.01	1.48923E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2023

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	852.70	10158.	TON	16.48	5.25590E+05					1.93	16717.	19.60
COAL	332.59	12197.	TON	13.68	2.96541E+05					2.12	8600.	25.86
PURC	1529.86	10237.	NONE	0.01	1.56613E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

PLAN 1 YEAR 2024

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	781.64	10158.	TON	16.48	4.81791E+05					1.93	15324.	19.60
COAL	531.05	11406.	TON	13.68	4.42763E+05					2.15	13022.	24.52
PURC	1427.84	10218.	NONE	0.01	1.45901E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

PLAN 1 YEAR 2025

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.46	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36540E+05					1.93	17065.	19.60
COAL	635.44	11105.	TON	13.68	5.15847E+05					2.15	15172.	23.88
PURC	1288.23	10188.	NONE	0.01	1.31242E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2026

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.46	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36540E+05					1.99	17577.	20.19
COAL	751.97	11070.	TON	13.68	6.08524E+05					2.21	18435.	24.52
PURC	1195.99	10164.	NONE	0.01	1.21557E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2027

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	781.64	10158.	TON	16.48	4.81791E+05					2.05	16257.	20.80
COAL	786.25	11033.	TON	13.68	6.34127E+05					2.28	19787.	25.17
PURC	1277.64	10185.	NONE	0.01	1.30130E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2028

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.46	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36540E+05					2.11	18648.	21.42
COAL	692.98	11032.	TON	13.68	5.58844E+05					2.35	17961.	25.92
PURC	1307.48	10192.	NONE	0.01	1.33264E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

PLAN 1 YEAR 2029

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.46	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36540E+05					2.17	19207.	22.07
COAL	786.74	11033.	TON	13.68	6.34494E+05					2.42	21004.	26.70
PURC	1240.93	10176.	NONE	0.01	1.26275E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

PLAN 1 YEAR 2030

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	852.70	10158.	TON	16.48	5.25590E+05					2.24	19380.	22.73
COAL	787.13	11032.	TON	13.68	6.34788E+05					2.49	21644.	27.50
PURC	1285.60	10187.	NONE	0.01	1.30966E+09					0.00	0.	0.00

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2031

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	781.64	10158.	TON	16.48		4.81791E+05				2.30	18298.	23.41
COAL	772.27	11032.	TON	13.68		6.22756E+05				2.57	21871.	28.32
PURC	1398.82	10212.	NONE	0.01		1.42854E+09				0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.00	10372.	DKT	1.14		2.35953E-01				3.74	0.	38.77

PLAN 1 YEAR 2032

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.46	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36540E+05					2.37	20988.	24.11
COAL	678.00	11031.	TON	13.68	5.46724E+05					2.64	19777.	29.17
PURC	1431.76	10219.	NONE	0.01	1.46313E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.00	9303.	DKT	1.14	1.02001E+00					3.85	0.	35.81
GAS	0.00	25499.	DKT	1.14	1.65046E+00					3.55	0.	90.64

PLAN 1 YEAR 2033

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	852.70	10158.	TON	16.48	5.25590E+05					2.44	21177.	24.84
COAL	788.01	11032.	TON	13.68	6.35449E+05					2.72	23676.	30.04
PURC	1367.12	10206.	NONE	0.01	1.39526E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.00	9225.	DKT	1.14	1.59482E+00					3.97	0.	36.58
GAS	0.00	26509.	DKT	1.14	4.11794E+00					3.66	0.	97.06

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2034

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	0.01	12639.DKT		1.14		1.46239E+02				5.57	1.	70.42
COAL	781.61	10158.TON		16.48		4.81774E+05				2.52	19994.	25.58
COAL	788.02	11032.TON		13.68		6.35461E+05				2.81	24386.	30.95
PURC	1440.55	10221.NONE		0.01		1.47236E+09				0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.04	8879.DKT		1.14		2.74762E+02				4.08	1.	36.26
GAS	0.06	17366.DKT		1.14		9.47010E+02				3.77	4.	65.49

EGEAS REPORT

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2035

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
COAL	870.43	10158.	TON	16.48	5.36523E+05					2.59	22934.	26.35
COAL	693.96	11031.	TON	13.68	5.59581E+05					2.89	22119.	31.87
PURC	1473.71	10227.	NONE	0.01	1.50717E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.00	9002.	DKT	1.14	1.75079E+00					4.21	0.	37.87
GAS	0.00	15939.	DKT	1.14	6.33553E+00					3.88	0.	61.91

PLAN 1 YEAR 2036

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	0.01	12828.DKT		1.14		7.24923E+01				5.91	0.	75.82
COAL	870.46	10158.TON		16.48		5.36540E+05				2.67	23622.	27.14
COAL	788.61	11031.TON		13.68		6.35902E+05				2.98	25889.	32.83
PURC	1497.16	10231.NONE		0.01		1.53180E+09				0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.02	8958.DKT		1.14		1.44203E+02				4.33	1.	38.81
GAS	0.03	19467.DKT		1.14		4.31390E+02				4.00	2.	77.88

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PLAN 1 YEAR 2037

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT	FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/ MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	0.02	12691.	DKT	1.14	2.14044E+02					6.09	1.	77.26
COAL	781.64	10158.	TON	16.48	4.81791E+05					2.75	21848.	27.95
COAL	788.62	11031.	TON	13.68	6.35916E+05					3.07	26667.	33.81
PURC	1614.20	10251.	NONE	0.01	1.65468E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.05	8919.	DKT	1.14	3.62678E+02					4.46	2.	39.81
GAS	0.07	18301.	DKT	1.14	1.19984E+03					4.12	6.	75.42

PLAN 1 YEAR 2038

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	0.01	12827.DKT		1.14		1.12294E+02				6.27	1.	80.43
COAL	870.46	10158.TON		16.48		5.36540E+05				2.83	25061.	28.79
COAL	693.95	11031.TON		13.68		5.59576E+05				3.16	24169.	34.83
PURC	1648.22	10256.NONE		0.01		1.69041E+09				0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.03	8973.DKT		1.14		2.01848E+02				4.60	1.	41.25
GAS	0.04	19063.DKT		1.14		6.07368E+02				4.24	3.	80.91

PLAN 1 YEAR 2039

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	0.01	12899.DKT		1.14	7.01735E+01					6.46	1.	83.31
COAL	870.46	10158.TON		16.48	5.36540E+05					2.92	25813.	29.65
COAL	788.59	11031.TON		13.68	6.35891E+05					3.25	28290.	35.87
PURC	1582.32	10246.NONE		0.01	1.62122E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	0.02	8974.DKT		1.14	1.33966E+02					4.73	1.	42.49
GAS	0.02	19280.DKT		1.14	4.03533E+02					4.37	2.	84.29

PLAN 1 YEAR 2040

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	3.10	12078.	.DKT	1.14	3.28412E+04					6.65	249.	80.35
OIL2	0.01	8687.	.GAL	39.17	2.86542E+00					44.29	5.	384.77
COAL	852.70	10158.	.TON	16.48	5.25590E+05					3.01	26045.	30.54
COAL	788.64	11031.	.TON	13.68	6.35925E+05					3.35	29140.	36.95
PURC	2055.37	10296.	.NONE	0.01	2.11630E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	20.23	8646.	.DKT	1.14	1.53430E+05					4.88	853.	42.16
GAS	51.67	15402.	.DKT	1.14	6.98028E+05					4.50	3583.	69.35

PLAN 1 EXTENSION PERIOD

FUEL TYPE	ENERGY GENERATED	AVERAGE HT. RATE	UNIT OF MASS	HEAT CONTENT		.....FUEL CONSUMPTION, MASS UNITS.....				FUEL COST	TOTAL FUEL COST	
	GWH	BTU/KWH	MASS	MBTU/MASS UNIT	MASS UNIT	TOTAL	NOT USED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	\$/MBTU	K\$	\$/MWH
GAS	3.10	12078.	DKT	1.14	3.28412E+04					34.20	1281.	413.12
OIL2	0.01	8687.	GAL	39.17	2.86542E+00					227.73	26.	1978.33
COAL	852.70	10158.	TON	16.48	5.25590E+05					15.46	133910.	157.04
COAL	788.64	11031.	TON	13.68	6.35925E+05					17.22	149824.	189.98
PURC	2055.37	10296.	NONE	0.01	2.11630E+09					0.00	0.	0.00
GAS	20.23	8646.	DKT	1.14	1.53430E+05					25.07	4386.	216.78
GAS	51.67	15402.	DKT	1.14	6.98028E+05					23.15	18424.	356.59

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Attachment D

PUBLIC ADVISORY GROUP DOCUMENTATION

ATTACHMENT D
PUBLIC ADVISORY GROUP DOCUMENTATION

This Attachment is comprised of the official Public Advisory Group roster as well as the description of the meetings and the topics discussed at each meeting. No minutes of the meetings were taken.

MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO. INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLANNING
2020-2021 PUBLIC ADVISORY GROUP ROSTER

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In addition to the PAG members and Montana-Dakota personnel included on the roster, the following Montana-Dakota personnel and invited guests participated in one or more of the Public Advisory Group meetings as presenters:

Abbie Krebsbach

Director of Environmental

Cory Fong

Director of Communications & Public Affairs

Jacob Hein

Engineer – Power Production

Jay Skabo

VP Electric Supply

MEETINGS OF THE IRP PUBLIC ADVISORY GROUP

November 2, 2020 Meeting Agenda

2019 IRP Action Plan Updates	Darcy Neigum
2020 RFP	Brian Giggee
Coyote Regional Haze	Abbie Krebsbach
Request for Proposals	Brian Giggee
2021 Supply Side Overview	Brian Giggee
Wrap-up	Group Discussion
Meeting Logistics	
Discussion Topics for Future Meetings	

March 23, 2021 Meeting Agenda

2021 Cold Weather	Jay Skabo
Load Forecast	Joanne Mahrer
Resource Alternatives/Heskett 4	Jake Hein
2021 IRP Modeling	Brian Giggee
Wrap-up	
Meeting Logistics	
Discussion Topics for Future Meetings	

June 14, 2021 Meeting Agenda

Legislative Session Recap	Cory Fong
Environmental Update	Abbie Krebsbach
Demand Side Update	Larry Oswald
Supply-Side Analysis	Brian Giggee
Two-year Action Plan	Darcy Neigum

Wrap-up

IRP Filing Timeline

Feedback from the PAG members

Future PAG membership for 2021 IRP

Attachment E

SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCES STUDY



2021 Renewables and Storage Technology Assessment



Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.

2021 Renewables and Storage Technology Assessment
Project No. 127909

Revision 3
December 2020



2021 Renewables and Storage Technology Assessment

prepared for

**Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
2021 Renewables and Storage Technology Assessment
Bismarck, North Dakota**

Project No. 127909

**Revision 3
December 2020**

prepared by

**Burns & McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc.
Kansas City, Missouri**

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APPENDIX A – SCOPE MATRIX

**APPENDIX B – 2021 RENEWABLES & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT
SUMMARY TABLE**

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Term/Phrase/Name</u>
BMcD	Burns & McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc.
CAES	Compressed Air Energy Storage
CO	Carbon Monoxide
COD	Commercial Operating Date
DOE	Department of Energy
EpCM	Engineer, Procurement-Assistance, Construction Management
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
GCF	Gross Capacity Factor
GSU	Generator Step-Up Transformer
ILR	Inverter Loading Ratio
ITC	Investment Tax Credit
LAES	Liquid Air Energy Storage
MCFC	Molten-Carbonate Fuel Cell
MDU	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
NCF	Net Capacity Factor
NO _x	Nitrous Oxides
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory
PM	Particulate Matter
PEM	Polymer Electrolyte Membrane
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
PTC	Production Tax Credit

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Term/Phrase/Name</u>
PV	Photovoltaic
TES	Thermal Energy Storage
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
SOFC	Solid Oxide Fuel Cell

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (Montana-Dakota, MDU, or Owner) retained Burns & McDonnell Engineering Company (BMcD) to evaluate various power generation technologies in support of its power supply planning efforts. The 2021 IRP Technology Assessment (Assessment) is screening-level in nature and includes a comparison of technical features, cost, performance, and emissions characteristics of the generation technologies listed below. Information provided in this Assessment is preliminary in nature and is intended to highlight indicative, differential costs associated with each technology. Estimates and projections prepared by BMcD relating to performance, construction costs, and operating and maintenance costs are based on experience, qualifications, and judgment as a professional consultant. The basis for all estimates and projections is included in this report in Section 2.0.

It is the understanding of BMcD that this Assessment will be used for preliminary information in support of the Owner's long-term power supply planning process and should not be used for construction purposes. Any technologies of interest to the Owner should be followed by additional detailed studies to further investigate each technology and its direct application within the Owner's long-term plans.

1.1 Evaluated Technologies

- Wind Generation
 - 20 MW – 8 x GE 2.82-127
 - 50 MW – 18 x GE 2.82-127
- Solar PV
 - 5 MW_{AC}
 - Single axis tracking
 - Add-On Cost for 1 MW / 4 MWh co-located Li-Ion battery energy storage
 - 50 MW_{AC}
 - Single axis tracking
 - Add-On Cost for 10 MW / 40 MWh co-located Li-Ion battery energy storage

1.2 Assessment Approach

This report accompanies the 2021 IRP Technology Assessment spreadsheet file (Summary Table) provided by BMcD in Appendix B.

This report compiles the assumptions and methodologies used by BMcD during the Assessment. Its purpose is to articulate that the delivered information is in alignment with Montana-Dakota's intent to

advance its resource planning initiatives. Appendix A includes a scope assumptions matrix that was sent to Montana-Dakota and incorporates comments from Montana-Dakota.

1.3 Statement of Limitations

Estimates and projections prepared by BMcD relating to performance, construction costs, and operating and maintenance costs are based on experience, qualifications, and judgment as a professional consultant. BMcD has no control over weather, cost and availability of labor, material and equipment, labor productivity, construction contractor's procedures and methods, unavoidable delays, construction contractor's method of determining prices, economic conditions, government regulations and laws (including interpretation thereof), competitive bidding and market conditions or other factors affecting such estimates or projections. Actual rates, costs, performance ratings, schedules, etc., may vary from the data provided.

2.0 STUDY BASIS AND ASSUMPTIONS

2.1 Scope Basis and Assumptions Matrix

Scope and economic assumptions used in developing the Assessment are presented below. A spreadsheet-based scope matrix was delivered to MDU at the start of the project. An updated matrix is included for reference in Appendix A.

2.2 General Assumptions

The assumptions below govern the overall approach of the Assessment:

- All estimates are screening-level in nature, do not reflect guaranteed costs, and are not intended for budgetary purposes. Estimates concentrate on differential values between options and not absolute information.
- All information is preliminary and should not be used for construction purposes.
- All capital cost and O&M estimates are stated in 2021 US dollars (USD). Escalation is excluded.
- Estimates assume an EpCM philosophy for project execution. This philosophy assumes that the contractor will provide engineering services, aid in procurement activities like specification development and bid analysis and provide construction management services.
- Unless stated otherwise, all options are based on a generic site with no existing structures or underground utilities and with sufficient area to receive, assemble and temporarily store construction material.
- Sites are assumed to be flat, with minimal rock and with soils suitable for spread footings.
- Costs and performances are based on North Dakota siting.
- All performance estimates assume new and clean equipment. Operating degradation is excluded.
- Interconnection allowances for transmission are listed in the Summary Table and general assumptions are discussed in the Owner Cost section of this report.
- Piling is included under heavily loaded foundations.
- EpCM electrical scope is assumed to end at the high side of the generator step up transformer (GSU) at 115 kV except for the 5 MW_{AC} PV option, which is assumed to interconnect at 34.5 kV. Allowances for equipment after the high side of the GSU and network upgrades are discussed in subsection 2.4.
- Demolition or removal of hazardous materials is not included.

2.3 EPC Project Indirect Costs

The following project indirect costs are included in capital cost estimates:

- Performance testing (where applicable)
- Construction/startup technical service
- Engineering and construction management
- Freight
- Startup spare parts

2.4 Owner Costs

Allowances for the following Owner's costs are included in the pricing estimates:

- Owner's project development
- Owner's operational personnel prior to COD
- Owner's project management
- Owner's legal costs
- Owner's Start-up Engineering
- No land allowances are included, as wind and PV options are assumed to be located onto leased land.
- Permitting and licensing fees
- Construction power, temporary utilities
- Site security
- Operating spare parts
- Switchyard (assumes 115 kV for transmission voltage, except for the 5 MW_{AC} PV option)
- MISO Queue Fees and Network Upgrades are presented as allowances as provided by Montana-Dakota.
- Political concessions / area development fees for greenfield projects as applicable.
- Permanent plant equipment and furnishings.
- Builder's risk insurance at 0.45% of construction cost.
- Owner project contingency at 10% of total costs for screening purposes.

2.5 Project Capital Cost Estimate Exclusions

The following costs are excluded from all Project Capital Cost estimates:

- Financing fees
- Escalation
- Sales tax

- Property tax and property insurance. Included in O&M with rates provided by MDU.
- Off-site infrastructure
- Utility demand costs
- Decommissioning costs
- Salvage values

2.6 Loaded Costs

Interest During Construction (IDC) is presented in the Summary Table as determined by Montana-Dakota based on cash flows provided by BMcD.

2.7 Operating and Maintenance Assumptions

Operations and maintenance (O&M) estimates are based on the following assumptions:

- O&M costs are based on a greenfield facility with new and clean equipment.
- O&M costs are in 2021 USD.
- Property tax and insurance are presented in the Summary Table as part of Fixed O&M costs with rates provided by MDU.
- Land lease allowance included for PV and onshore wind options.
- Where applicable, fixed O&M cost estimates include labor, office and administration, training, contract labor, safety, building and ground maintenance, communication, and laboratory expenses.
- Personnel counts for each technology are included in the scope matrix in Appendix A.
- Where applicable, variable O&M costs include routine maintenance, capacity augmentation, and other consumables.
- Where applicable, major maintenance costs are shown separately from variable O&M costs.

3.0 RENEWABLE TECHNOLOGY – ONSHORE WIND

3.1 Wind Energy General Description

Wind turbines convert the kinetic energy of wind into mechanical energy, which can be used to generate electrical energy that is supplied to the grid. Wind turbine energy conversion is a mature technology and is generally grouped into two types of configurations:

- Vertical-axis wind turbines, with the axis of rotation perpendicular to the ground.
- Horizontal-axis wind turbines, with the axis of rotation parallel to the ground.

Over 95 percent of turbines over 100 kW operate are horizontal-axis. Subsystems for either configuration typically include the following: a blade/rotor assembly to convert the energy in the wind to rotational shaft energy; a drive train, usually including a gearbox and a generator; a tower that supports the rotor and drive train; and other equipment, including controls, electrical cables, ground support equipment and interconnection equipment.

Wind turbine capacity is directly related to wind speed and equipment size, particularly to the rotor/blade diameter. The power generated by a turbine is proportional to the cube of the prevailing wind, that is, if the wind speed doubles, the available power will increase by a factor of eight. Because of this relationship, proper siting of turbines at locations with the highest possible average wind speeds is vital. According to the Department of Energy's (DOE) National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), Class 3 wind areas (wind speeds of 14.5 mph) are generally considered to have suitable wind resources for wind generation development.

Locations were selected for their proximity to relatively high wind speeds in accordance with NREL wind maps, but they are otherwise arbitrary. They were not selected with respect to actual, expected, or preferred locations for current or future wind development. They were not selected with respect to actual, expected, or preferred locations for current or future wind development. Instead, they were intended to represent the average expected wind speeds available if the project were to be built within each service area.

3.2 Wind Energy Emission Controls

No emission controls are necessary for a wind energy installation.

3.3 Wind Performance

This Assessment includes 20 MW and 50 MW onshore wind generating facilities in the North Dakota service area. BMcD relied on publicly available data and proprietary computational programs to complete the net capacity factor characterization.

The GE 2.82-127 wind turbine model was assumed for this analysis, with a nameplate capacity of 2.8 MW. The maximum tip height of this package is expected to be ~500 feet, which means that a permitting process through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) may be required since the tip height could reach altitudes available for general aircraft. A generic power curve at standard atmospheric conditions (i.e., sea level air density, normal turbulence intensity) was utilized for the GE 2.82-127. Note that this turbine is intended only to be representative of a typical wind turbine utilized for utility scale projects. Because this analysis assumes generic site locations, the turbine selection is not optimized for a specific location or condition. Actual turbine selection requires further site-specific analysis.

Using the NREL wind resource maps, the mean annual hub height wind speed at each potential project location was estimated and then extrapolated for an 89 m hub height for the GE 2.82-127 to determine a representative wind speed. Using a Rayleigh distribution and power curve for the turbine technology described above, a gross annual capacity factor (GCF) was subsequently estimated for each site.

Annual losses for a wind energy facility were estimated at approximately 15 percent, which is a common assumption for screening level estimates in the wind industry. This loss factor was applied to the gross capacity factor estimates to derive a net annual capacity factor (NCF) for each potential site. Ideally, a utility-scale generation project should have an NCF of 30 percent or better.

3.4 Wind Cost Estimate

The wind energy cost estimate is shown in the Summary Tables. The cost estimate assumes a two-contract approach with the Owner awarding a turbine supply contract and a separate BOP contract. Typical Owner's costs are also shown. Costs are based on 20 MW and 50 MW plants with 2.8 MW turbines (8 and 18 total turbines, respectively).

- The EPC scope includes a GSU transformer for interconnection at 115 kV.
- Land costs are excluded from the EPC and Owner's cost. For the 2021 Study, it is assumed that land is leased, and those costs are incorporated into the O&M estimate.
- Cost estimates also exclude escalation, interest during construction, financing fees, off-site infrastructure, and transmission.

3.5 Wind Energy O&M Estimates

O&M costs in the Summary Tables are derived from in-house information based on BMcD project experience and vendor information. Wind O&M costs are modeled as fixed O&M, including all typical operating expenses with the following breakdown:

- Labor costs
- Turbine O&M
- BOP O&M and other fixed costs (G&A, insurance, environmental costs, etc.)
- Property taxes
- Land lease payments

An allowance for capital replacement costs is not included within the annual O&M estimate in the Summary Table. A capital expenditures budget for a wind farm is generally a reserve that is funded over the life of the project that is dedicated to major component failures. An adequate capital expenditures budget is important for the long-term viability of the project, as major component failures are expected to occur, particularly as the facility ages.

If a capital replacement allowance is desired for planning purposes, the table below shows indicative budget expectations as a percentage of the total operating cost. As with operating expenses, however, these costs can vary with the type, size, or age of the facility, and project-specific considerations may justify deviations in the budgeted amounts.

Table 3-1: Summary of Indicative Capital Expenditures Budget by Year

Operational Years	Capital Expenditure Budget
0 – 2	None (warranty)
3 – 5	3% – 5%
6 – 10	5% – 10%
11 – 20	10% – 15%
21 – 30	15% – 20%
31 – 40	20% – 25%

3.6 Wind Energy Production Tax Credit

Tax credits such as the production tax credit (PTC) and investment tax credit (ITC) are not factored into the cost or O&M estimates in this Assessment, but an overview of the PTC is included below for reference.

To incentivize wind energy development, the PTC for wind was first included in the Energy Policy Act of 1992. It began as a \$15/MWh production credit and has since been adjusted for inflation. In December 2019, Congress passed extensions of the PTC for wind through 2020. Wind projects will qualify if developers begin construction before the end of 2020. The value of the PTC for each year is summarized below.

The PTC is awarded annually for the first 10 years of a wind facility's operation. Unlike the ITC that is common in the solar industry, there is no upfront incentive to offset capital costs. The PTC value is calculated by multiplying the \$/MWh credit times the total energy sold during a given tax year. At the end of the tax year, the total value of the PTC is applied to reduce or eliminate taxes that the owners would normally owe. If the PTC value is greater than the annual tax bill, the excess credits can potentially go unused unless the owner has a suitable tax equity partner.

Since 1992, the changing PTC expiration/phaseout schedules have directly impacted market fluctuations, driving wind industry expansions and contractions. The PTC is currently available for projects that begin construction by the end of 2020, but with a phaseout schedule that began in 2017. Projects that started construction after 2016 will receive reduced credits. Projects have four years from commencing construction to begin producing electricity. Guidance from the Department of Energy estimates the following allowable tax credits per unit of energy production:

- 2019: 1 ¢/kWh
- 2020: 1.5 ¢/kWh
- 2021: PTC Expires

To avoid receiving a reduction in the PTC, a "Safe Harbor" clause allow developers to avoid the reduction through an upfront investment in wind turbines before the phase out of the PTC. The Safe Harbor clause allows for wind projects to be considered as having begun construction by the end of the year if a minimum of 5% of the project's total capital cost was incurred before January 1st of the applicable year.

Many wind farms were planned for construction and operation when it was assumed that they would receive 100% of the PTC. However, with the reduction in the PTC some of these projects are no longer financially viable for developers to operate. This may result in renegotiated or canceled PPAs, or transfers to utilities for operation.

4.0 RENEWABLE TECHNOLOGY – SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC

This Assessment includes single axis tracking photovoltaic (PV) options at 5 MW_{AC} and 50 MW_{AC}. Each of these options are solar-plus-storage options with 1 MW | 4 MWh and 10 MW | 40 MWh lithium ion batteries included respectively.

4.1 PV General Description

The conversion of solar radiation to useful energy in the form of electricity is a mature concept with extensive commercial experience that is continually developing into a diverse mix of technological designs. PV cells consist of a base material (most commonly silicon), which is manufactured into thin slices and then layered with positively (i.e. Phosphorus) and negatively (i.e. Boron) charged materials. At the junction of these oppositely charged materials, a "depletion" layer forms. When sunlight strikes the cell, the separation of charged particles generates an electric field that forces current to flow from the negative material to the positive material. This flow of current is captured via wiring connected to an electrode array on one side of the cell and an aluminum back-plate on the other. Approximately 15% of the solar energy incident on the solar cell can be converted to electrical energy by a typical silicon solar cell. As the cell ages, the conversion efficiency degrades at a rate of approximately 2% in the first year and 0.5% per year thereafter. At the end of a typical 30-year period, the conversion efficiency of the cell will still be approximately 80% of its initial efficiency.

4.2 PV Emission Controls

No emission controls are necessary for a PV system.

4.3 PV Performance

BMcD ran simulations of each PV option using PVsyst software. The resultant capacity factors for fixed tilt (60° angle) and single axis tracking systems are shown in the Summary Table. An Inverter Loading Ratio (ILR) of 1.25 for each system was assumed, which is within a range of typical utility systems design. Depending on the application and requirements for firmer solar generation, ILR values can commonly range from just greater than 1 to 1.4. This value will also depend on expected interconnection type, AC capacity ratio between the PV facility to the interconnection limit, and potential use cases when paired with an energy storage system. A larger ILR value will typically yield greater capacity factors at greater overall cost of installation of the PV facility to install greater DC capacity.

Capacity factors are better for single axis tracking systems, but costs are higher for similar ILR ratios. Single axis tracking systems tend to perform better in the summer, when they are able to make better use

of longer days and higher sun heights. However, they also can underperform when compared to fixed tilt systems in the winter at high latitude sites since single axis tracking systems lay flat on their racking structures and are not tilted to the equator. Further analysis would be required to select which mounting system is best suited for a given site.

Panel technologies may also exhibit different performance characteristics depending on the site. Thin film technologies are typically cheaper per panel, but they are also less energy dense, so it's likely that more panels would be required to achieve the same output. In addition, the two technologies respond differently to shaded conditions and ambient and PV cell temperature effects.

Additional assumptions are listed in the scope matrix in Appendix A.

4.4 PV Cost Estimates

Cost estimates were developed using in-house information based on BMcD project experience. Cost estimates assume an EPC project plus typical Owner's costs.

PV cost estimates for the fixed tilt and single axis tracking systems with 1,500V central inverters are included in the Summary Tables. The project scope for the 5 MW option assumes a medium voltage interconnection and the Owner's costs include an allowance for interconnection downstream of the 34.5 kV circuit breaker. The 50 MW option scope includes interconnection at 115 kV.

PV installed costs have steadily declined for years. The main drivers of cost decreases include substantial module price reductions, lower inverter prices, and higher module efficiency. However, also impacting PV prices are US tariffs on PV panels and steel imports. The panel tariffs only impact crystalline solar modules, however the availability of CdTe is limited for the next couple years, so it is prudent to assume similar cost increases for thin film panels until the impacts of the tariff are clearer.

The 2021 Assessment excludes land costs from capital and Owner costs. It is assumed that all PV projects will be on leased land with allowances provided in the O&M costs.

4.5 PV O&M Cost Estimate

O&M costs for the PV options are shown in the Summary Tables. O&M costs are derived from BMcD project experience and vendor information. The 2021 Assessment includes allowances for land lease and property tax costs.

The following assumptions and clarifications apply to PV O&M:

- O&M costs assume that the system is remotely operated and that all O&M activities are performed through a third-party contract. Therefore, all O&M costs are modeled as fixed costs, shown in terms of \$MM per year.
- Land lease and property tax allowances are based on input from Duke.
- Equipment O&M costs account for inverter maintenance and other routine equipment inspections.
- BOP costs account for monitoring & security and site maintenance (vegetation, fencing, etc.).
- Panel cleaning and snow removal are not included in O&M costs.
- The capital replacement allowance is a sinking fund for inverter replacements, assuming they will be replaced once during the project life. It is a 15-year levelized cost based on the current inverter capital cost.

5.0 EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

5.1 General Description

To support Montana-Dakota's integrated resource planning, the following emerging technologies are described below:

- Flow batteries
- Liquid Air Energy Storage (LAES)
- Fuel Cells
- Compressed Air Energy Storage (CAES)
- Hydrogen Generation and Applications

These technologies have begun to see commercial applications and are beginning to accrue operating hours in some installations.

5.1.1 Flow Batteries

Flow batteries utilize an electrode cell stack with externally stored electrolyte material. The flow battery is comprised of positive and negative electrode cell stacks separated by a selectively permeable ion exchange membrane, in which the charge-inducing chemical reaction occurs, and liquid electrolyte storage tanks, which hold the stored energy until discharge is required. Various control and pumped circulation systems complete the flow battery system in which the cells can be stacked in series to achieve the desired voltage difference.

The battery is charged as the liquid electrolytes are pumped through the electrode cell stacks, which serve only as a catalyst and transport medium to the ion-inducing chemical reaction. The excess positive ions at the anode are allowed through the ion-selective membrane to maintain electroneutrality at the cathode, which experiences a buildup of negative ions. The charged electrolyte solution is circulated back to storage tanks until the process is allowed to repeat in reverse for discharge as necessary.

In addition to external electrolyte storage, flow batteries differ from traditional batteries in that energy conversion occurs as a direct result of the reduction-oxidation reactions occurring in the electrolyte solution itself. The electrode is not a component of the electrochemical fuel and does not participate in the chemical reaction. Therefore, the electrodes are not subject to the same deterioration that depletes electrical performance of traditional batteries, resulting in high cycling life of the flow battery.

Depending on the technology and design, some flow battery technologies are able to scale power and energy independently, such that the storage duration can be increased by adding electrolyte volume. Other technologies may also need to add surface area to the electrode cell stack in addition to adding

electrolyte volume. Round trip efficiencies for flow battery technologies are generally in the 65% - 75% range, depending on the technology type and system losses.

Flow battery technology is generally believed to be better suited for long duration (>6 hours) storage than other leading battery technologies such as lithium ion. The demand for long duration storage is expected to increase as renewable energy penetration increases, and therefore manufacturers are rapidly developing products to meet potential future demand.

Operation and maintenance for flow batteries differs from lithium ion storage technology because there is more mechanical equipment, but there is generally no performance degradation. Lithium ion battery performance degrades over time regardless of operation, and degradation increases with each charge/discharge cycle. So, while there may be routine maintenance requirements for pumps, tanks, valves, and electrolyte chemistry, flow batteries do not require regular augmentation to maintain guaranteed system performance.

There are several flow battery manufacturers offering products in various stages of commercial development, and some with utility scale, multi-MW installations installed or planned. It is recommended that Montana-Dakota monitor flow battery market and product development in the coming years.

5.1.2 Liquid Air Energy Storage

Liquid air energy storage (LAES) uses electricity to drive a compression/refrigeration system that cools ambient air to approximately -320 °F, at which point it becomes a liquid. Liquefying air is advantageous because it achieves a volume reduction of approximately 700:1, meaning that large quantities of air can be stored in a significantly smaller volume. The liquid air is stored until it is ready for use. Energy is then recaptured by re-vaporizing the liquid air and generating power as the heated air travels through a series of heat exchangers and expanders. The overall system is optimized by taking advantage of waste heat and “waste cold” in the process to reduce the amount of power required to liquefy the air.

LAES is a relatively new application in the energy storage market, however, the major equipment components and technologies used to liquefy, store, and re-vaporize the air have been widely used in many other industry applications for decades. Highview Power is one of the major LAES technology licensors in the market, having completed a LAES pilot plant in Heathrow, UK in 2011. This operational facility uses 350 kW to liquefy the air and provides 2.5 MWh of energy storage.

One of the major similarities between LAES and CAES is that the LAES technology also offers the ability to take advantage of off-peak power to charge the system that can then be later discharged during peak demand hours as described in Section 5.1.4.

Another similarity LAES shares with adiabatic CAES is a zero emissions process. When coupled with a renewable energy source to provide power for the system, LAES is considered a completely green technology, meaning that it does not have any emissions associated with the process. The system utilizes motor-driven equipment, as opposed to a gas turbine, for the main air compressors and other auxiliary equipment, so there are no emissions generated from combustion. Additionally, there are no hydrocarbons used in the process at all – only air – so fugitive emissions are also non-existent.

The LAES technology can be broken down into three (3) major systems; system charging (air liquefaction), energy storage (liquid air storage), and system discharge (power generation). Each of these systems are relatively independent of one another and therefore can be designed for different amounts of capacity, depending on the specific application and use case. For example, the charging section of the facility (air liquefaction) could be designed to produce liquid air at a rate sufficient enough to utilize any excess energy generated from renewable sources that otherwise would need to be curtailed due to transmission constraints. However, the discharge system could be designed to generate power at the rate required to meet the demand during peak times; this rate may or may not be the same as the charging rate. The number of hours of available storage can be easily modified by adding additional liquid air storage tanks.

Ambient air is used as the source of air for the process. The air is sent through a series of compressors and heat exchangers to increase the pressure from atmospheric to approximately 850 psig. This initial air compression requires the largest amount of power usage for the entire process; there are other users within the process, but they are significantly smaller than the main air compressor.

Contaminants in the air such as carbon dioxide, water, and particulates must be removed prior to the liquefaction process. Carbon dioxide and water will freeze at the cryogenic temperatures and could clog the piping, valves, or equipment. The air flows through a set of molecular-sieve beds that adsorb the water and CO₂ from the air – this technology is very similar to the process used in liquefied natural gas (LNG) facilities. Once saturated, the molecular-sieve is regenerated with dry air and ready to be used again.

A common process used to liquefy air is the Claude cycle. In the Claude cycle, the air acts as the process fluid to be cooled as well as the refrigerant. The high pressure air is let-down across an expander and/or valve to low pressure. This rapid reduction in pressure creates a cooling effect, known as the Joule-

Thompson (JT) effect, and a portion of the air becomes the liquid air product. Any air that is not liquefied is used as a refrigerant to further cool the system and is recycled to go through the process again. This is a well-known and widely industry-recognized process for liquefying air.

Once the air is liquefied, it must be stored until ready for use. A benefit that LAES provides over CAES is that a specialized storage site, such as a salt cavern, is not required. Liquid air is stored in field-erected, insulated, cryogenic, storage tanks. These tanks are very similar to the storage tanks used to store other cryogenic liquids (such as liquid nitrogen or liquefied natural gas) and are widely utilized in the oil, gas, and chemicals industry. By not depending on the geological formations of the site for storage, LAES facilities can be built in any location in which sufficient space is available.

Although the tanks are very well insulated, there will be some amount of the liquid air that “boils-off” as the system sits stagnant. Fortunately, since the contents of the storage system are only air (nitrogen, oxygen, argon, etc.), this “boil-off” vapor can be vented directly to atmosphere with no additional handling equipment required.

Depending on the amount of storage duration desired (i.e. hours of storage), the volume and quantities of storage tanks can be modified. Additional storage duration requires additional storage volume. When determining the size/capacity of the charging system, it is important to consider how long it will take to fill the storage tanks. If the charging duration is too long, it may be advantageous to increase the charging system capacity.

When ready to use to generate power, the liquid air is pumped from the storage tanks to a heat exchanger in which it is re-vaporized. The warm air then flows through series of heat exchangers and expanders, similar to CAES, in order to generate power via the expander. The rate in which power is generated is determined by the pumping capacity and the expander capacity. The higher discharge rate required, the larger the expander required. Once the air is fully expanded, it is released back into the atmosphere.

The industry in general is investigating the potential of LAES systems but there are limited manufacturers offering products in various stages of commercial development. It is recommended that Montana-Dakota monitor the LAES systems market and product development in the coming years.

5.1.3 Fuel Cells

Fuel cells consist of an electrolyte material held between a negatively charged anode and a positively charged cathode, and then placed between two flow field plates. Via the flow plates, hydrogen fuel is forced through the anode while oxygen (air) flows through the cathode. The resultant chemical reaction

splits the hydrogen into particles by charge. The electrolyte is impermeable to the negatively charged particles, which are then forced through a circuit, generating current. Positively charged particles pass through the electrolyte and recombine with oxygen and the negatively charged particles at the anode to form water and carbon dioxide byproducts. This process also yields heat which can be recuperated to generate high temperature steam used in the reformation of natural gas to produce the hydrogen fuel.

As fuel cell technology matures and installations accrue more operating hours, research and development continues in both private and government funded institutions to optimize operating efficiency and reduce costs. Many states offer financial incentives that can reduce the installed cost of fuel cells.

Molten-carbonate fuel cells (MCFCs) utilize a high temperature salt (typically sodium or magnesium) based electrolyte core. The electrolyte compound is held in molten state, operating at 1,100°F to 1,300°F. While this yields relatively high thermal efficiencies in the range of 50 percent to 60 percent, the elevated temperatures also result in increased corrosiveness of the liquid electrolyte. MCFCs are currently being marketed as commercially available technology for megawatt-scale generation needs, however this is still a developing generation technology with limited operational experience compared to simple cycle turbine and engine technologies. Research and development efforts are focused on increased size and reliability while reducing the cost of manufacture.

Solid Oxide fuel cells (SOFCs) utilize a solid ceramic and metal oxide based electrolyte but operate at even higher temperatures than the MCFC, in the range of 1,200°F to 1,800°F at similar thermal efficiencies. Elevated operating temperatures yield the possibility of internal gas reformation and can limit cell component life. However, elevated temperatures can provide benefits in steam co-generation applications. SOFCs are commercially available, but like MCFCs, they are a relatively recent development in fuel cell technology with limited operating experience in the utility market.

Due to the configuration of the cell and electrolyte core, MCFCs are more commonly scalable and are commercially available in modular units approaching 3,000 kW output. This scalability lends the MCFC to better suitability for distributed generation applications at the utility scale, particularly in excess of 1 to 2 MW of output. Recent domestic SOFC installations have trended more towards single consumer use at large company headquarters, rather than for the sole purpose of power generation and sale to the grid. In addition, manufacture of SOFCs is limited, which has led to high cell cost and concern over product value. There are technologies including phosphoric acid fuel cells and polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cells, but these are better suited for residential, commercial, or transportation applications.

Fuel cells do not rely on fuel combustion and therefore NO_x, CO, and PM emissions are inherently low compared to most generation technologies. CO₂ emission rates are comparable to natural gas combustion technologies. No external emission control technologies are expected for fuel cell technologies. Fuel cell heat rates are generally in line with modern combined cycle plant heat rates. Fuel cell costs are generally declining as the technology matures, and installations are increasing in areas with high electricity costs (i.e. California) and/or prominent incentives (i.e. Connecticut). The two leading fuel cell manufacturers in the utility space commonly offer full turnkey solutions, in which they engineer, construct, own, and operate their facilities, selling electricity directly to their customer. It is recommended that Montana-Dakota monitor the market and technology development for fuel cell systems in the coming years.

5.1.4 Compressed Air Energy Storage

Compressed air energy storage (CAES) offers a way of storing off peak generation that can be dispatched during peak demand hours. CAES is a proven, utility-scale energy storage technology that has been in operation globally for over 30 years. CAES has two primary application methods: diabatic and adiabatic. To utilize CAES, the project needs a suitable storage site, either a salt cavern or mined hard-rock cavern. Salt caverns are the most preferred due to the low cavern construction costs, however mined hard-rock caverns are now a viable option in areas that do not have salt formations with the use of hydrostatic compensation to increase energy storage density and reduce the cavern volume required. CAES facilities use off-peak electricity to power a compressor train that compresses air into an underground reservoir at approximately 850 psig. Energy is then recaptured by releasing the compressed air, heating it, and generating power as the heated air travels through an expander.

The difference between diabatic and adiabatic compressed air energy storage is in the method that the air is heated during generation. Diabatic CAES uses natural gas firing during generation via a gas turbine expansion train. Expansion train technology is also currently allowing for 30% H₂ co-firing today and there are plans to develop the technology to support 100% H₂. Round-trip efficiencies for diabatic CAES plants account for the energy input of the compressors as well as the energy input of the gas turbine. The energy input of the compressors is a design choice that will be made to balance cost and benefit. The round-trip efficiencies represented in this technology assessment are the efficiencies that can be reached at the cost that is shown. The heat input of the gas turbine during generation takes into account the heat rate of the turbine. The total energy output of the CAES plant is divided by the combination of these two figures (compressor energy and natural gas heat input) to calculate the round-trip efficiency. There have been two commercial CAES plants built and operated in the world. The first plant began commercial operations in 1978 and was installed near Huntorf, Germany. This 290 MW facility included major equipment by Brown, Boveri, and Company (BBC). The second is located near McIntosh, Alabama and

is currently owned and operated by PowerSouth (originally by Alabama Electric Cooperative). This 110 MW facility began commercial operations in 1991 and employs Dresser Rand (DR) equipment. BMcD served as the Owner's engineer for this project. In new projects, however, diabatic CAES is not as popular due to a shift in focus from developers to adiabatic CAES, which offers zero emissions storage.

Adiabatic CAES does not require natural gas or hydrogen firing during expansion/discharge. Heat is recovered in a Thermal Energy Storage (TES) system while air is being compressed and this energy is released to heat the air during expansion and generation. During compression, air temperatures can reach up to 1000°F. The use of a TES (with oil, molten salt, etc..) to capture and release this heat allows the adiabatic CAES technology to work free of any fuel. This trait can decrease operating and construction costs. The absence of a gas turbine makes the calculation for round-trip efficiency the total energy output of the plant divided by the energy input of the compressors. Again, the size and energy requirements of the compressors is a design choice and the efficiencies represented in the technology assessment table are in conjunction with the costs also represented for each option. This technology is currently in service or in construction at 3 plants in Canada and Australia that total 25 MWh of storage capacity.

A Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) system is utilized in the diabatic CAES design along with demineralized water injection in the combustor to achieve NO_x emissions of 2 parts per million, volumetric dry (ppmvd). A carbon monoxide (CO) catalyst is also used to control CO emissions to 2 ppmvd at the exit of the stack.

The use of an SCR and a CO catalyst requires additional site infrastructure. An SCR system injects ammonia into the exhaust gas to absorb and react with the exhaust gas to strip out NO_x. This requires onsite ammonia storage and provisions for ammonia unloading and transfer. Adiabatic CAES is an emissions-free operation and does not require an emissions control system. It is recommended that Montana-Dakota monitor the market and technology development of CAES in the coming years.

5.1.5 Hydrogen Generation and Applications

Hydrogen production can play a part in enabling carbon emission reduction targets and has been proposed as a part of an overarching hydrogen economy since the early 1970s. High hydrogen fuel blends or 100% hydrogen combustion is an attractive avenue due to the potential of retrofitting existing units and to experience in compression and storage of other gases. Low carbon sources of hydrogen include fuel stock gasification, methane reforming (potentially paired with carbon capture and sequestration), and water electrolysis. Industry has colorful monikers for each of these options. Gasification of biomass and solid fossil fuels takes place in a sub-stoichiometric partial combustion in hot air, oxygen, or steam and is

sometimes called “white” hydrogen when paired with carbon capture technology. Methane reforming requires superheated steam to form hydrogen from a natural gas stream. This process also results in carbon monoxide that requires sequestration to limit the carbon emissions from the process. This hydrogen generation and carbon capture combination is generally called “blue” hydrogen.

Water electrolysis has seen limited deployment to date. Electrolysis generates hydrogen through the decomposition of water into its formative atoms in a polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) or alkaline water process using an electrical current. PEM technology is generally more compact, simple to operate and exhibit higher initial efficiencies compared to alkaline water options. However, PEM technology also typically degrades at a greater rate, is more expensive, and has had fewer large-scale installations. Both solutions have commercially available options and manufacturers. In addition to the electrolysis equipment, these hydrogen generating technologies also require balance of plant equipment and tie-ins like feed water storage, a demineralized water feed, nitrogen purge systems, medium and low voltage power feeds, and alkali reagent storage and unloading for alkaline electrolyzers. Electrolysis has been touted as a potential source of hydrogen in the future thanks to potential utilization of curtailed energy from renewable sources allowing for “green” hydrogen. However, this mode of operation is not yet widespread and might require firmer power to maintain economic viability. Due to these potential issues in these facets of the supply chain, in addition to storage and transport of the hydrogen, there are significant developments required for widespread use of hydrogen as a fuel source. Hydrogen leaks much easier than other commonly stored gases due to its small molecule size, making leak detection, ventilation, and continuous monitoring of storage container conditions for embrittlement of high importance. Hydrogen storage in compressed form would likely require high pressure rating tubing and tanks with potential metal and plastic lining that is available commercially. Metal hydride and adsorption storage, liquid storage, and geological storage might also serve as potential storage solutions.

In the following sections, discussion is provided about hydrogen combustion specific performance and cost concerns for simple cycle and combined cycle gas turbine applications. While reciprocating engines have some capabilities of burning hydrogen fuels, there are limitations on the maximum capability by volume that is expected to be lower than that of combustion turbine options.

5.1.5.1 Simple Cycle Gas Turbine

To combust high hydrogen fuels, available aeroderivative & frame gas turbines models typically require either steam injection or water injection methods in order to control emissions. This requirement for water can greatly influence the viability of these technologies depending on project siting and conditions. Plants

firing high hydrogen fuels would accordingly be expected to have variable O&M impacts to acquire water of the quality necessary to meet these needs.

Frame engines capable of firing high hydrogen fuel are offered in a large range of sizes by multiple suppliers, including GE, Siemens, Mitsubishi, and Solar. Historically, due to the large amount of volume of hydrogen rich fuels necessary to fully meet the heat input requirements for larger frame turbines, smaller frame engines have had greater experience in hydrogen combustion applications. Industrial and aero turbines are largely capable to operate on hydrogen at 65-100% capability by volume. For high hydrogen content fuels, water or steam injection may be required that might require exhaust energy recuperation to supply these engines with this mass flow.

Turbine suppliers offer a range of NO_x emissions levels based on their combustor technologies and control systems including water and steam injection. Depending on the planned operating profile of the turbines, selective catalytic reduction might be required to meet NO_x limits. Due to the lower carbon content of high hydrogen fuels, CO and CO₂ control equipment would not be anticipated for simple cycle turbine applications but will depend on project specific requirements. Supplemental natural gas as required for turbine operation is expected to be the main driver for other potential emissions like sulfur dioxide and particulate matter.

In addition to these performance concerns, costs for simple cycle applications is impacted by potential requirement of on-site hydrogen compression and modifications to the turbine enclosure and fuel conditioning packages.

5.1.5.2 Combined Cycle Gas Turbine

Combined cycle high hydrogen fuel combustion applications share similar performance and cost considerations as the simple cycle details described previously. An area of specific concern is the feasibility of duct firing in combined cycle applications. Safety concerns related to the characteristics of hydrogen gas combustion in duct burners like flame speed are a potential concern. For example, during a flame-out event of the turbine, unburned fuel could be ignited by the duct burner causing the duct burner flame to propagate back and cause a pressure rise that cannot be contained by the exhaust ducting. This is a serious safety concern for which mitigation measures require further detailed field testing. One method that could be used to mitigate this risk is to dilute the gas turbine exhaust with fresh air to increase the velocity of the gas flow. However, this will reduce the exhaust temperature of the gas turbine which has a negative effect on the steam cycle efficiency.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

This Assessment provides information to support Montana-Dakota's power supply planning efforts. Information provided in this Assessment is preliminary in nature and is intended to highlight indicative, differential costs associated with each technology. Estimates and projections prepared by BMcD relating to performance, construction costs, and operating and maintenance costs are based on experience, qualifications, and judgment as a professional consultant. BMcD recommends that Montana-Dakota use this information to update production cost models for comparison of generation alternatives and their applicability to future resource plans. Montana-Dakota should pursue additional engineering studies to define project scope, budget, and timeline for technologies of interest.

Of all technologies evaluated, the 50 MW Solar PV option exhibits the lowest capital cost per kW generated. PV is a proven technology for daytime peaking power and a viable option to pursue renewable goals. PV capital costs have steadily declined for years, but recent import tariffs on PV panels and foreign steel may impact market trends.

Wind energy generation is a proven technology and turbine costs have dropped considerably over the past few years.

In addition to the technologies included in the Summary Table of the Assessment, flow batteries, liquid air energy storage, fuel cells, compressed air energy storage, and hydrogen generation and storage were discussed as emerging technologies for informational purposes. It is recommended that Montana-Dakota Utilities monitor the development of these technologies and their economic viability in the coming years.

APPENDIX A – SCOPE MATRIX

2021 MDU RENEWABLE & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT ASSUMPTIONS

	Wind	PV	PV + Storage
Project Description			
Plant Size(s):	20 MW	50 MW - Single Axis Tracking	Co-Located w/50 MW PV 10 MW / 40 MWh Storage
	50 MW	5 MW Single Axis Tracking PV	Co-Located w/5 MW PV 1 MW / 4 MWh Storage
Fuel:	N/A	N/A	N/A
Project Location:	North Dakota		
Contract Philosophy:	Multiple Contract Approach (EpCM)		
Project COD:	Shown in 2021 (i.e. no escalation)		
Labor Type:	Union		
Labor Incentives:	50 hrs / week & \$80 per day per diem		
Site Description:	Greenfield		
Scope Basis / Assumptions:			
Redundancy:	Reflective of typical utility service. Redundant installed components (2 x 100%, 3 x 50%) where component failure could cause outage of the plant. No spare GSU.		
Site Condition:	Flat, minimal rock, soils stable for spread footings for all foundations except turbines and coal plant stacks.		
Site Elevation:	1690 ft ASML		
Water Supply:	No fresh water supply expected to be required.		
Waste Water Disposal:	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interconnection:			
Switchyard / Interconnection:	Included with position for generators & 2 outgoing lines at 115 kV.	PV scope for EPC includes 34.5 kV collector bus and circuit breaker. Owner Costs include allowance for interconnection at 34.5 kV for 5 MW option and 115 kV for 50 MW option.	
MISO Queue Fees:	Included.		
Network Upgrades:	Included as provided by MDU.		
Miscellaneous Contract Costs:			
Startup Spare Parts:	Allowance included.		
Construction Indirects:	Construction Mgmt, Engineering, Performance testing and start-up, initial fills and consumables, startup, surveys, and site security included.		
Performance Bonds:	Excluded		
Indirect / Owner's Indirect Costs:			
Project Development	Allowance included.		
Owner Operations Personnel Prior to COD	Allowance included.		
Owner's Project Management	Allowance included.		
Owner Engineering	Excluded.		
Owner Legal Council	Allowance included.		
Operator Training	Allowance included.		
Permitting & License Fees	Allowance included.		
Land	Excluded - represented as a lease in O&M costs.		
Labor Camp	Excluded - assumed to not be required and that plant has local towns / housing.		
Temporary Utilities	Allowance included.		
Builder's Risk Insurance	Allowance included.		
Operating Spare Parts	Allowance included.		
Owner's Contingency:	Allowance included.		
Interest During Construction	Provided by MDU		
Sales Tax:	Excluded		

2021 MDU RENEWABLE & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT OPERATING ASSUMPTIONS

	Wind	PV / PV + Storage
General		
Staffing:		
Number of Personnel:	2	2
Labor Cost:	O&M costs associated with labor are expected to be representative of tasks required to maintain assets through contractors or internal employees.	
Operating Hours Considered:	N/A	
Standby Power:	Connection to grid for night-time or non-generating hours.	
Standby Power Cost:	\$21/MWh	
Property Insurance:	Included, rate provided by MDU (0.15% of Total Loaded Project Cost)	
Property Tax:	Included, rate provided by MDU (0.42% of Total Loaded Project Cost)	
Maintenance Considerations		
Maintenance Basis	Storage augmentation and overbuild assumptions included in summary table. Other capital maintenance measures described in summary table notes.	
Scope Basis / Assumptions		
Water Supply Cost:	No fresh water supply expected to be required.	

**APPENDIX B – 2021 RENEWABLES & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT
SUMMARY TABLE**

MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO. 2021 RENEWABLES & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT SUMMARY TABLE
RENEWABLE, AND STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT PROJECT OPTIONS
PRELIMINARY AND CONFIDENTIAL - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

November 2020 - Rev 1

PROJECT TYPE	Wind Energy	Wind Energy	Solar Photovoltaic	Solar Photovoltaic
BASE PLANT DESCRIPTION				
Nominal Output, MW	20	50	50 MW PV Opt: 10 MW / 40 MWh Storage	5 MW PV Opt: 1 MW / 4 MWh Storage
Representative Technology	GE 2.82-127	GE 2.82-127	PV: Single Axis Tracking Storage: Li-Ion Batteries	PV: Single Axis Tracking Storage: Li-Ion Batteries
Number of Turbines	8	18	N/A	N/A
Capacity Factor (%) (Notes 1, 2)	44.9%	44.9%	22.3%	22.4%
PV Inverter Loading Ratio (DC/AC)	N/A	N/A	1.25	1.25
PV Degradation (%/yr) (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	0.50%	0.50%
Equivalent Availability Factor (%) (Note 4)	95%	95%	99%	99%
ESTIMATED PERFORMANCE				
Base Load Performance				
Net Plant Output, kW	20,000	50,000	50,000	5,000
Net Plant Heat Rate, Btu/kWh (HHV)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Heat Input, MMBtu/h (HHV)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ESTIMATED CAPITAL AND O&M COSTS (Note 6)				
Project Capital Costs, 2021 MM\$ (w/o Owner's Costs)	\$25.2	\$61.0	\$53.1	\$9.30
Project Cost Per kW, 2021 \$/kW	\$1,260	\$1,220	\$1,060	\$1,860
Owner's Costs, 2021 MM\$	\$7.4	\$18	\$16	\$3.2
Owner's Project Development	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Owner's Operational Personnel Prior to COD	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Owner's Engineer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Owner's Project Management	Included	Included	\$0.2	\$0.1
Owner's Legal Costs	Included	Included	\$0.0	\$0.0
Owner's Start-up Engineering	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Land (Note 5)	Excluded - Assumes Lease	Excluded - Assumes Lease	Excluded - Assumes Lease	Excluded - Assumes Lease
Temporary Utilities	Included	Included	\$0.3	\$0.1
Permitting and Licensing Fees	Included	Included	\$0.5	\$0.4
Switchyard / Interconnection (Notes 7, 8)	Included	Included	\$2.0	\$0.2
MISO Queue Fees (Note 9)	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.1
Network Upgrades	\$2.3	\$5.6	\$5.6	\$0.6
Site Security	Included	Included	\$0.1	\$0.1
Operating Spare Parts	Included	Included	\$0.4	\$0.1
Permanent Plant Equipment and Furnishings (Note 10)	Included	Included	\$0.3	\$0.3
Political Concessions & Area Development Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Builder's Risk Insurance (0.45% Project Cost)	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.0
Owner's Contingency (10% for Screening Purposes)	\$2.5	\$6.1	\$6.3	\$1.1
Total Project Costs, 2021 MM\$ (Unloaded)	\$33	\$79	\$70	\$13
Total Cost Per kW, 2021 \$/kW (Unloaded)	\$1,630	\$1,580	\$1,390	\$2,500
Loaded Costs				
Interest During Construction, 2021 MM\$ (Note 13)	\$1.1	\$2.2	\$1.8	\$0.5
Total Project Costs, 2021 MM\$ (Loaded)	\$34	\$81	\$71	\$13
Total Cost Per kW, 2021 \$/kW (Loaded)	\$1,680	\$1,620	\$1,430	\$2,600
FIXED O&M COST				
Fixed O&M Cost, 2021\$/kW-mo (Note 10)	\$4.20	\$4.20	\$1.10	\$1.20
Property Tax, 2021 \$/kW-mo (Note 11)	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$0.50	\$0.90
Property Insurance, 2021 \$/kW-mo (Note 12)	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.30
NON-FUEL VARIABLE & MAINTENANCE COST				
Major Maintenance Cost, 2021\$/MWh	Included in FOM	Included in FOM	Included in FOM	Included in FOM
Variable O&M Cost, 2021\$/MWh	Included in FOM	Included in FOM	Included in FOM	Included in FOM
Co-Located Energy Storage			10 MW | 40 MWh	1 MW | 4 MWh
Add-On Costs				
Capital Costs, 2021 MM\$	N/A	N/A	\$15.7	\$2.1
Owner's Costs, 2021 MM\$	N/A	N/A	\$1.50	\$0.40
Incremental O&M Cost, 2021 MMS/Yr	N/A	N/A	\$0.35	\$0.06
Loaded Costs, Interest During Construction, 2021 MM\$	N/A	N/A	\$0.60	\$0.32

MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO. 2021 RENEWABLES & STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT SUMMARY TABLE
RENEWABLE, AND STORAGE TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT PROJECT OPTIONS
PRELIMINARY AND CONFIDENTIAL - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
November 2020 - Rev 1

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Nominal Output, MW	20	50	50 MW PV Opt: 10 MW / 40 MWh Storage	5 MW PV Opt: 1 MW / 4 MWh Storage
Representative Technology	GE 2.82-127	GE 2.82-127	PV: Single Axis Tracking Storage: Li-Ion Batteries	PV: Single Axis Tracking Storage: Li-Ion Batteries

Notes:
Note 1: Wind capacity factor represents Net Capacity Factor (NCF), which accounts for typical system losses. Capacity factor is based on GE 2.82-127 turbines with 89 meter hub height and 8.5 m/s average wind speed.
Note 2: Solar capacity factor accounts for typical losses.
Note 3: PV degradation based on typical warranty information for polycrystalline products. Assuming factory recommended maintenance is performed, PV performance is estimated to degrade ~2% in the first year and 0.5% each remaining year.
Note 4: Availability estimates are based on vendor correspondence and industry publications.
Note 5: Wind and PV projects assume that land is leased and therefore land costs are included in O&M, not capital costs. Land lease and property tax allowances are included in the the Fixed O&M. Wind assumes one acre per turbine. PV assumes eight acres per MW for single axis tracking options.
Note 6: Estimated Costs exclude decommissioning costs and salvage values.
Note 8: PV scope for EPC includes 34.5 kV collector bus and circuit breaker. Owner costs include allowance for interconnection at 115 kV for the 50 MW option only.
Note 9: MISO Queue Fees Owner's Costs includes application fee and Study Funding Deposit. Milestone payments are not included as those would be expected to be utilized for Network Upgrades which are shown separately as provided by MDU.
Note 10: Renewable options include an administrative building for storage and monitoring functions.
Note 11: Property tax rate provided by MDU.
Note 12: Property Insurance rate provided by MDU.
Note 13: Interest During Construction costs are estimated based on previous work performed for MDU for similar scale projects.



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Attachment F

January 17, 2020 Request for Proposal for Capacity and Energy Supply

2020 RFP for Capacity and Energy

Overview

Montana-Dakota issued a Request for Proposal (RFP) on January 17, 2020, for capacity and energy totaling at least 10 MW and no more than 200 MW for the period beginning June 1, 2023.

Process

Once the RFP was issued, companies had until January 31, 2020, to submit a Notice of Intent to Bid (NOIB). Seventeen companies submitted a NOIB. The companies then had until February 28, 2020, to submit their final proposals. This resulted in twelve companies submitting final bids with several companies submitting multiple proposals.

The date for a shortlist was March 27, 2020, and ultimately three projects were shortlisted from the list of proposals that included a demand response program, solar, and small storage. The final selection process was April 30, 2020, which was delayed, and resulted in only the demand response program being selected.

The full RFP issued by Montana-Dakota can be seen in Appendix A of this attachment.

A redacted version of the Company's RFP evaluation spreadsheet can be found in Appendix B of this attachment. Appendix B is redacted to remove confidential information.

Summary of bids

The list below shows the types of responses, and numbers of each, that were received:

- Wind – 3
- Solar – 2
- Distributed Solar/Battery – 1
- Demand Response - 2
- Capacity and Energy – 5
- Solar/ Battery Storage – 2
- Wind/Solar/Battery - 1

Analysis Results

All but three of the proposals received in the RFP failed to meet the minimum bid requests. The reason that many of the proposals did not meet the minimum bid requirements is that projects did not have a final interconnection agreement and the costs of their network interconnection upgrades

were unknown or did not directly tie to MDU's system. With MISO's interconnection queue being backed up and projects dropping out of the queue with high interconnection costs it makes difficult to move forward with projects. Then once the magnitude of network upgrade costs are known, these additional costs would be passed along as an additional charge to Montana-Dakota and its customers. Two of the proposals were greater than the maximum request of 100 MW, ranging from 150 MW to 450 MW in size in which if we were to take smaller amounts the project would be contingent on finding additional partners.

In the final analysis only the demand response program was selected which was an expansion of our current Commercial Demand Response Program to grow from 25 MW up to 50 MW. The solar project was not selected with uncertainty of potential network upgrades costs and location of the project not being on Montana-Dakota's system, and the small storage was tabled for later discussion. The Company will issue a new request for proposal before the start of the next integrated resource plan.

Appendix A

2020 RFP MATRIX

2020 RFP Evaluation Matrix

Bidders / Proposals	1 - Located in MISO LRZ 1	2 - Price	3 - Term	4 - Cost Adders/Adjustment *	5 - Project Size *	6 - Resource Type	7 - Interconnects to MDU *	8 - Location	9 - GIA Status	10 - Met RFP Requirements	11 - Risk of Curtailments	12 - Comments
1 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	25 Years (2023)	Network Upgrades	150-170MW	Solar, Battery	No	Minnesota	Queue	No	Low	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
2 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	N/A years (2021)	None	10-30 MW	Distributed Solar and/or Battery	Yes	North Dakota	N/A	Yes	None	
3 [Redacted] Wind Proposal 1	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years (Q4 2022)	Network Upgrades	54 MW	Wind	Yes	South Dakota	Queue	No	Medium	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
[Redacted] Wind Proposal 2	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years(Q4 2021)	Network Upgrades	100 MW	Wind	No	Minnesota	Queue	No	Medium	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
4 [Redacted] Hybrid 1	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years (Q4 2024)	Network Upgrades	Up to 450 MW	Wind, Solar, Battery	No	North Dakota	Queue	No	Medium	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
5 [Redacted] Solar Proposal 1	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years(Q4 2022)	Network Upgrades	Up to 100 MW	Solar	No	North Dakota	Queue	No	Medium	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
[Redacted] Solar Proposal 2	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years(Q4 2022)	Network Upgrades	52 MW	Solar	Yes	Montana	Not studied	No	Medium	GIA not filed. Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
[Redacted] Demand Response 1	Yes	[Redacted]	N/A (2021)	None	25 MW	Demand Response	Yes	Interconnected System	N/A	Yes	None	
[Redacted] Demand Response 2	Yes	[Redacted]	N/A (2021)	None	2.1 MW	Demand Response	Yes	Interconnected System	N/A	Yes	None	
7 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years (Q4 2022)	Network Upgrades	45-55 MW	Solar, Battery	No	Minnesota	Queue	No	Low	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
8 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	20 Years (2022)	Network Upgrades	100 MW	Wind	Yes	North Dakota	Queue	No	Low	Network Upgrade costs unknown and assigned to off-taker.
9 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	2 Years (2023)	None	25 to 50 MW	Capacity & Energy	No	Western Interconnect	N/A	No	None	Unkown transmission issues across DC tie
10 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	2 or 5 Years (2023)	None	20 to 50 MW	Energy	No	Minnesota Hub	N/A	Yes	None	Only energy
11 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	2 or 5 Years (2023)	None	20 or 100 MW	Capacity & Energy	No	Minnesota Hub	N/A	Yes	None	
12 [Redacted] Proposal	Yes	[Redacted]	10 Years (2023)	None	50 to 100 MW	Capacity & Energy	No	Minnesota	N/A	Yes	None	

* to be determined network upgrade costs assigned to PPA

* several projects larger than RFP request

* Interconnections to MDU's transmission system provide other benefits including
 1. Local Reliability
 2. SPP Membership Transferability (otherwise stranded MISO resource)

Appendix B

2020 REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL FOR CAPACITY AND ENERGY

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.

**Request for Proposal for
Capacity and Energy Supply**

January 17, 2020

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
Request for Proposal - Capacity and Energy Supply

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Exhibit B – Form of Notice of Intent to Bid

Exhibit C – Form of Confidentiality Agreement

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Purpose

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a Subsidiary of MDU Resources Group, Inc. (“Montana-Dakota”), is a public utility with retail electric load in parts of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Wyoming. During the normal course of its business operations, Montana-Dakota continuously evaluates alternatives to fulfill its need to maintain reliable and cost-efficient capacity and energy resources for its customers.

In this Request for Proposal (“RFP”), Montana-Dakota requests competitive proposals (“Proposals”) for capacity and energy resources totaling at least 10 megawatts (MW) and no more than 100 MW beginning June 1, 2023. Persons or entities responding to this RFP are referred to as “Respondents.”

1.2. Product Description and Requirements

Montana-Dakota is seeking Proposals involving the purchase of capacity and energy resources beginning June 1, 2023 totaling at least 10 megawatts (MW) and no more than 100 MW. Company’s most recent load forecast shows a need for 25 MWs of MISO Zone 1 accredited capacity for the 2023-2024 MISO Planning Year growing to 50 MWs for the 2027-2028 MISO Planning Year.

All capacity and energy offered in a Proposal must be deliverable to Montana-Dakota’s integrated system, which consists of its service territories in North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, in order to serve Montana-Dakota retail load customers. Bid pricing should reflect the capacity and energy at the designated delivery point and include all costs to deliver the capacity and energy to such delivery point.

Montana-Dakota’s entire customer load under this RFP is located within the Midcontinent ISO (MISO) Local Resource Zone #1.

Montana-Dakota will consider all Proposals that meet the aforementioned requirements. Montana-Dakota will evaluate the reliability, cost, and customer rate impacts of all Proposals.

If a Proposal involves a generating unit not yet fully operational, in addition to the other requirements outlined in this section, the Respondent must provide Montana-Dakota with sufficient data to establish that the proposed generating unit(s) will achieve the commercial operation date designated in the Proposal, and at that date will be fully capable of producing the capacity and energy stated in the Proposal. The Proposal must provide an overview and detailed description of the proposed generating unit, including status of any and all necessary permits and regulatory approvals, in a separate attachment as part of the Respondent’s response package.

Montana-Dakota is particularly interested in proposals for energy storage, customer demand side management, and energy efficiency programs.

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
Request for Proposal - Capacity and Energy Supply

Montana-Dakota reserves the right to require additional information not identified in this RFP to fully evaluate the costs, impacts, and viability of any Proposal.

1.3. Changes to RFP, Schedules, and Addenda

Montana-Dakota reserves the right to unilaterally revise or suspend the schedule, or terminate this RFP process at its sole discretion without liability to any Respondent.

2. BID SUBMITTAL

2.1. General Instructions

Montana-Dakota's Official Contact for this RFP is:

Mr. Brian Giggee
Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
400 North 4th Street
Bismarck, ND 58501
701-222-7907 OFFICE
701-222-7872 FAX
E-mail: brian.giggee@mdu.com

Respondents should meet all the terms and conditions of the RFP to be eligible to compete in the RFP process. Respondents should follow all instructions contained in the RFP and submit all relevant documents. It is the Respondent's responsibility to advise the Official Contact of any conflicting requirements, omissions of information, or the need for clarification before Proposals are due. Respondents should clearly organize and identify all information submitted in their Proposals to facilitate review and evaluation. **Failure to provide all the information requested in the RFP process or failure to demonstrate that the Proposal satisfies all of the Montana-Dakota requirements may be grounds for disqualification.** Prior to the short-listing of Proposals, all correspondence and communications from the Respondent to Montana-Dakota must be made in writing through the Official Contact.

2.2. Respondent's Qualifications

Montana-Dakota will consider Proposals from any qualified Respondent, including electric utilities (e.g., investor-owned, municipal, cooperative, or tribal), independent power producers, qualified developers of generation (including renewable resources generation, distributed generation, demand side management (DSM)), and power marketers.

Each Respondent shall respond fully and accurately to the Statement of Financial Conditions and Creditworthiness Qualifications included in Exhibit A to the RFP. In addition to that information, during the Proposal review process, Montana-Dakota may require each Respondent to provide further credit and financial information in order to assist Montana-Dakota in addressing and weighing the creditworthiness of each Respondent.

Montana-Dakota invites Proposals from all potential suppliers who are capable of meeting the conditions of the RFP, and Montana-Dakota will evaluate all responsive bids.

2.3. RFP Communications

Prior to the Proposal submission deadline, all communications should be directed to the Official Contact's e-mail. Based upon the nature and frequency of questions received, Montana-Dakota may respond to questions individually or to all bidders.

2.4. Schedule

The following schedule and deadlines apply to this RFP:

ACTIVITY	DATE*
Issue RFP	January 17, 2020
Bidder's Conference	None
Notice of Intent to Bid Due	January 31, 2020
RFP Responses Due	February 28, 2020
Shortlist Notification	March 27, 2020
Selection Process Complete	April 30, 2020

* Dates may be advanced or delayed at Montana-Dakota's sole discretion.

2.5. Bidder's Conference

Montana-Dakota does not plan to hold a Bidder's Conference for this RFP. Questions regarding this RFP should be sent directly to the Company's Official Contact.

2.6. Notice of Intent to Bid

In order to identify persons or entities interested in submitting a Proposal, and to assure that all those having such an interest receive any subsequent information distributed in the RFP process, interested parties are requested to submit via e-mail or FAX, a non-binding notice of intent to bid (NOIB) on or before 5:00 P.M. CDT on January 31, 2020. The form for the NOIB is included in Exhibit B to this RFP.

2.7. Proposal Content and Submission Instructions

2.7.1 In addition to the information described elsewhere in this RFP, all Respondents must include as part of their Proposal all relevant information requested in the response package. Proposals that do not contain all required information or do not fully reflect the bid requirements may not be considered at Montana-Dakota's sole discretion. In addition to the required information, Respondents should include with their Proposals any other information that may be needed for a thorough understanding or evaluation of their Proposals.

2.7.2 Complete Proposals, including all exhibits, must be received on or before 5:00 p.m. CDT on February 28, 2020 by Montana-Dakota's Official Contact. Respondents shall submit one hard copy of the original Proposal as well as one electronic version of their response package on a compact disc or DVD. **Montana-Dakota will not accept late Proposals or Proposals delivered by**

e-mail, FAX or other electronic means. Only sealed Proposals will be accepted. On the envelope, Respondent shall indicate **“Response to Montana-Dakota 2020 RFP re. Capacity and Energy Supply Resources.”** Any Proposals received after the scheduled date and time will be disqualified and a notice will be sent to the Respondent.

2.7.3 All Proposal terms, conditions, and pricing should be valid through the completion of the selection process, currently planned for the close of business (5:00 p.m. CST) on April 30, 2020. Any accepted Proposal will become binding in accordance with the executed definitive agreement (see Section 4.3), including through the Regulatory Approval Process described in Section 4.4.

2.7.4 Respondents will be notified by March 27, 2020 if their bid has been selected for the short list and further negotiation. This date may be advanced or delayed at Montana-Dakota’s sole discretion. Respondents will be notified if the date is changed. Respondents with Proposals not selected for the short list will be notified. None of the material received by Montana-Dakota from Respondents in response to this RFP will be returned. All Proposals and exhibits will become the property of Montana-Dakota, subject to the confidentiality provisions of Section 2.8.

2.7.5 Prices and dollar figures must be stated in U.S. Dollars.

2.8. Confidentiality

With each Respondent’s Proposal, Montana-Dakota will require all parties to sign the Confidentiality Agreement, contained in Exhibit C to this RFP. Montana-Dakota will sign and execute the Confidentiality Agreement upon receipt from each Respondent. Montana-Dakota will use commercially reasonable efforts, in a manner consistent with the Confidentiality Agreement, to protect any claimed proprietary and confidential information contained in a Proposal, provided that such information is clearly identified by the Respondent as “PROPRIETARY AND CONFIDENTIAL” on the page on which proprietary and confidential material appears.

2.9. Requirements of the Proposals

2.9.1 Proposals should be provided in the format outlined in Section 2.9. Montana-Dakota requests that all exhibits, documents, schedules, etc. submitted as a part of a proposal be clearly labeled and organized in a fashion that facilitates easy location and review.

2.9.2 All proposals must conform, as applicable, to the requirements within this RFP.

2.9.3 Proposals must be for the sale to, and purchase by Montana-Dakota, of a firm, unit-contingent supply of capacity and energy, and/or system participation capacity and energy. The proposals must identify the resource and location supplying the capacity and any special regulatory status that may be claimed.

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
Request for Proposal - Capacity and Energy Supply

- 2.9.4 A single Respondent may submit more than one proposal.
- 2.9.5 The pricing, as set forth in Section 2.9.11.5, contained in each proposal shall reflect all present applicable local, state, and federal environmental regulations and requirements. Montana-Dakota reserves the right to estimate the impacts of future environmental regulations on the Respondent's proposal. Montana-Dakota will not be responsible for any "stranded costs" that the Respondent may incur, but are not identified in the proposal. Any exit fees must be explicitly stated in the Respondent's proposal.
- 2.9.6 Proposals that rely upon supply resources located outside of the Montana-Dakota system must provide for the delivery of the full capacity amount to Montana-Dakota's system.
- 2.9.7 Transmission service that the Respondent acquires for the purpose of delivering said capacity should be Firm, Point-to-Point, or Network service. Said transmission service shall be continuously reserved for the duration of the capacity transaction. If Firm, Point-to-Point, or Network Transmission service is not obtained prior to the time the Respondent submits his proposal, the burden will be on the Respondent to identify all known fixed and variable costs for delivery to Montana-Dakota's system as well as any known transmission constraints.
- 2.9.8 The Respondent shall be responsible for the providing and contracting of all transmission related services for delivery to the Montana-Dakota system. At some point during the evaluation process, Montana-Dakota, in its sole discretion, will require a Respondent to demonstrate the ability to acquire transmission services if necessary. If the Respondent is unable or fails to demonstrate such ability to obtain transmission services, or if obtaining such service requires system upgrade or interconnection costs that Montana-Dakota, in its sole discretion, determines to be excessive, Montana-Dakota may terminate further consideration of the Respondent's proposal.
- 2.9.9 Proposals should address any contractual and operational constraints such as cycling, minimum load, minimum run time, minimum down time, start-up fees, etc., that the Respondent intends to impose under its proposal.
- 2.9.10 Respondents are advised that prior to Montana-Dakota signing a power purchase agreement, the Respondent will be required to provide substantial evidence of credit assurance as detailed in Section 2.9.11.9 of this RFP. Montana-Dakota will approve all forms of credit assurance before entering into the agreement.
- 2.9.11 All Proposals must include the following minimum components in the order provided:

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
Request for Proposal - Capacity and Energy Supply

- 2.9.11.1 "Executive summary" which indicates the highlights and special features of the Proposal including a description of the source for the capacity and energy.
- 2.9.11.2 Statement from the Respondent which clearly indicates the time period during which the proposal will remain effective. Montana-Dakota requires that proposals remain effective at least until April 30, 2020.
- 2.9.11.3 Comprehensive listing and description, including a rationale if warranted, of all material contract terms and conditions that the Respondent would seek during contract negotiations.
- 2.9.11.4 Listing of any economic, operational, or system conditions (including sensitivities to anticipated dispatch levels) that might affect the Respondent's ability to deliver capacity and energy, as proposed.
- 2.9.11.5 Information on the cost of the capacity and energy shall be provided including:
 - 2.9.11.5.1 Designated delivery point including applicable MISO Local Resource Zone.
 - 2.9.11.5.2 Firm price bid. The capacity price must be fixed for the time period(s) quoted and the energy price must be either fixed or based on known and easily measurable indices.
 - 2.9.11.5.3 In addition to a firm price bid, the Respondent may submit alternative non-firm price bids. However, these bids must specifically describe the risks that the Respondent is passing on to Montana-Dakota and its customers.
 - 2.9.11.5.4 The Respondent should specify the basis (i.e. annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.) and type of all payments it expects to receive. In the case of a fully dispatchable generating resource, such payments might include start-up payments (\$/start) or spinning and supplemental reserve payments (\$/operating hour).
 - 2.9.11.5.5 As applicable, the Respondent's proposal should include all formulas that will be used to calculate the full capacity and energy rate, or any other rate that the Respondent may specify, with all its respective components well defined. A sample calculation illustrating the application of each formula is also required.

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.
Request for Proposal - Capacity and Energy Supply

- 2.9.11.5.6 The Respondent must provide a printed schedule projecting for each contract year, quarter, or month, as appropriate, depending upon how frequently the Respondent's rate(s) or its respective components will be updated, for the full term of the proposed contract of the following:
- a. Full capacity rate and all components (\$/kW-month, etc.).
 - b. Contract capacity amount in MW.
 - c. Capacity payment (\$/month).
 - d. Total energy rate and all its components (\$/MWh).
 - e. Projected values of any independent variables (e.g. fuel price, heat rates, operating hours, and number of starts) that are to be used in the calculation of payments.
 - f. Sufficient information to allow Montana-Dakota to replicate the proposed contract term data.
 - g. Any proposed revisions to the pricing scheme if the Respondent intends to offer a contract extension option.
- 2.9.11.6 Information on the makeup of the Respondent and its parent organization, if any, shall be provided along with the more recent financial report, the current audited annual financial report, and if Respondent or its parent organization is publicly traded, SEC Form 10-K.
- 2.9.11.7 Site locations of the proposed generating units and other drawings that are helpful in describing proposed generation resources shall be included.
- 2.9.11.8 The Respondent must certify that any identified generating unit is or will be built and maintained in good working order, free of material defects, and has been and will be operated in accordance with good utility practice and applicable maintenance schedules and in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- 2.9.11.9 Montana-Dakota requires secure and reliable physical delivery of the capacity and associated energy corresponding to all proposals. Security and reliability of physical delivery will be guaranteed by either (1) contractual credit assurance by a third party, (2) corporation commitment accompanied by an investment level credit rating from a major rating agency, or (3) combinations of 1 and 2. All forms of credit assurance will be approved by Montana-Dakota before entering into a power purchase agreement. (Credit Assurances shall include a letter of credit or performance bonds for an amount equal to the costs associated with one year of the contract or as mutually agreed.)
- 2.9.11.10 The Respondent must certify that it has or will have all necessary permits in effect for the identified generating unit. The Respondent

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shall provide a description of the resource's ability to comply with all presently applicable and anticipated environmental regulations and requirements (including, but not limited to, EPA Greenhouse Gas Clean Air Act permitting requirements for New Source Performance Standards, New Source Review and Prevention of Significant Deterioration, and the Affordable Clean Energy Rule or replacement rule) and any additional environmental benefits that the resource would, or presently does, afford; a listing of expected emissions (as applicable) and the status of all permit applications; and a listing of any and all potential and known environmental liabilities that may be associated with the generating unit or its sites. If the Respondent is unable or fails to obtain permits, or if obtaining a permit or certification requires costs or fees that Montana-Dakota, in its sole discretion, determines to be excessive, Montana-Dakota may terminate further consideration of the Respondent's proposal.

2.9.11.11 Montana-Dakota prefers proposals offering full dispatchability of energy for all hours during the term of the contract. This would permit Montana-Dakota to schedule quantities of energy, from a minimum of zero to a maximum equal to the quantity stated in the Respondent's proposal. Montana-Dakota prefers to have the option of connecting any generating units whose output may be offered as part of this solicitation to its automatic generation control system. However, full dispatchability is not a requirement for any proposals.

2.9.12 Montana-Dakota encourages Respondents to provide Proposals for year-round capacity and energy.

2.9.13 Proposals for variable capacity resources such as DSM, wind, solar, run-of-river hydro, and landfill gas should include, for each calendar month, a schedule of expected capacity factors, maximum capacity, and hourly capacity (for each hour of the month).

2.9.14 Montana-Dakota will entertain proposals which contain the provision for an asset sale or option for an asset sale from the Respondent to Montana-Dakota as part of the Respondent's bid.

3. EVALUATION PROCESS

3.1. Proposal Review

3.1.1. Respondents are advised that price will be a major factor in Montana-Dakota's evaluation, with due consideration given to dispatchability, operational performance, reliability, deliverability, credit, environmental impacts, contract considerations and other criteria. Respondents shall include sufficient detail to evaluate all costs associated with the Proposal(s). To ensure that Proposals will provide customer benefits, Montana-Dakota will

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compare Proposals with the benefits, including costs and reliability, of alternative resource scenarios. Proposals also will be compared and evaluated in terms of other non-price characteristics; therefore, the lowest price submittal may not necessarily be selected. The evaluation of Proposals will be based on the information provided by the Respondent and available industry information, with special emphasis on Montana-Dakota being able to provide reliable service and maximize the economic value to its customers. Montana-Dakota shall evaluate all Proposals in terms of price and non-price attributes and may reject any Proposal that, in Montana-Dakota's sole discretion:

- a)** Does not meet the minimum requirements set forth in the RFP;
- b)** Is not economically competitive with other Proposals or resource alternatives;
- c)** Is submitted by Respondents who are determined by Montana-Dakota to have insufficient creditworthiness, insufficient financial resources and/or insufficient technical qualifications to provide dependable or reliable service; or
- d)** Fails to meet the resource and reliability needs of Montana-Dakota.

In order to assess the feasibility and viability of the Proposals, the evaluation will determine the technical, physical and operational capability of the applicable generating unit(s) to meet the operating parameters specified in the Proposal. Such technical analysis will include, but not be limited to, a review of transmission access (including existing transmission contracts), fuel access and transportation (including existing fuel contracts), environmental conditions, certification and permit conditions and/or restrictions, unit location, maintenance history and schedules, and operational flexibility and history.

- 3.1.2. Montana-Dakota shall evaluate responsive Proposals and select for further review and negotiation a Proposal or Proposals, if any, that Montana-Dakota believes provides the greatest value to its customers. In the event negotiations with a Respondent or Respondents do not produce a final and fully executed contract satisfactory to Montana-Dakota, Montana-Dakota reserves the right to pursue any and all other resource options available to it.
- 3.1.3. Montana-Dakota reserves the right to accept or reject any or all Proposals for any reason at any time after submittal without explanation to the Respondent, or to make an award at any time to a Respondent who, in the sole opinion and discretion of Montana-Dakota, provides a Proposal Montana-Dakota deems favorable. Montana-Dakota also reserves the right to make an award to other than the lowest price Respondent, if Montana-Dakota determines that to do so would result in the greatest value to its customers.

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- 3.1.4. All Proposals related to renewable resources, energy storage, distributed generation and DSM are invited to participate in this RFP process and will be evaluated in a consistent manner with all other bids, with consideration given to projections as to life-cycle costs, operational compatibility, reliability and availability of the resource(s).
- 3.1.5. Those Respondents who submit Proposals do so without legal recourse against Montana-Dakota or its directors, management, employees, agents or contractors based on Montana-Dakota's rejection, in whole or in part, of their Proposal or for failure to execute any agreement tendered by Montana-Dakota. Montana-Dakota shall not be liable to any Respondent or to any other party, in law or equity, for any reason whatsoever relating to Montana-Dakota's acts or omissions arising out of or in connection with the RFP.
- 3.1.6. If a selected Proposal involves a generating unit not yet operational, the Respondent must provide Montana-Dakota with a full financial guarantee, including performance bonds and/or letters of credit, up to the level of product commitments and in an amount and at a level determined by Montana-Dakota in its sole discretion, expressly including replacement capacity and energy costs and any related penalty fees, in the event the generating unit does not become commercially operational as scheduled.
- 3.1.7. In reviewing and considering Proposals, Montana-Dakota will analyze potential credit and risk concerns in any comparison of Proposals. As part of its detailed evaluation phase, Montana-Dakota will specifically weigh the credit- and risk-related factors and costs underlying each of the Proposals. To assist Montana-Dakota in this review, Montana-Dakota requires that each Respondent include with its response package a detailed description of the proposed credit support. The pricing provided shall expressly include the costs of such credit support. Montana-Dakota will review and assess the sufficiency and adequacy of the proposed credit support, and if Montana-Dakota, in its sole discretion, determines such credit support is insufficient, it shall assess additional costs and/or expenses to any such Proposal.
- 3.1.8. Selection and elimination of Proposals and subsequent notification of Respondents at all stages of the evaluation will remain entirely at Montana-Dakota's discretion.
- 3.1.9. Montana-Dakota reserves the right to award multiple contracts if combinations of proposals provide the lowest overall cost, highest level of reliability, and greatest value to its customers.

3.2. Proposal Threshold Requirements

The Respondent should provide complete and accurate information to ensure that its Proposal satisfies the Threshold Requirements listed below. Montana-Dakota, at its sole discretion, may reject a Proposal for further consideration if the Proposal fails to meet the Threshold Requirements or provides incomplete and/or inaccurate responses. Montana-Dakota may seek clarification and/or remedy of a Respondent's Proposal.

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3.2.1. General Threshold Requirements

- a. The Proposal is received on time and complies with the submission instructions.
- b. The Proposal is bona fide, and the Respondent (or its guarantor) has sufficient financial capacity to support the Proposal.
- c. Complete and accurate answers are provided to all questions in the RFP.
- d. Capacity and energy must be available for delivery no later than June 1, 2023 and fully deliverable to Montana-Dakota's system.
- g. The project size is at least 10 MW and no more than 100 MW.
- h. PPA's of a term shorter than twenty years will be considered in this RFP. Preference will be given to Proposals with an initial term of twenty years or longer.

3.2.2. Operating Performance Thresholds

- a. The Respondent must certify that it has or will have all necessary permits in effect for the identified generating unit.
- b. The Respondent must certify that any identified generating unit is or will be built and maintained in good working order, free of material defects, and has been and will be operated in accordance with good utility practice and applicable maintenance schedules and in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- c. If a PPA, the Respondent must be willing to coordinate the generating unit's maintenance scheduling with Montana-Dakota.

3.2.3. Transmission Threshold

- a. Deliverability to Montana-Dakota's integrated system, which consists of its service territories in Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota, will be taken into account.
- b. Preference will be given to generating unit(s) which connect to Montana-Dakota's integrated system. If the generating unit(s) is or will be located outside of Montana-Dakota's integrated system, the Respondent must provide a transmission plan for deliverability to wheel the generating unit's power to Montana-Dakota's integrated system. Transmission costs to deliver to Montana-Dakota's integrated system are the responsibility of the Respondent.

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- c. If the generating unit is not yet in-service, but has a completed Generator Interconnection Study, a copy of this study must accompany the Respondent's Proposal.
- d. If the generating unit is not yet in-service and will be interconnected to Montana-Dakota's transmission system, the Respondent must complete an Application for Generator Interconnection Request with MISO. A copy of this application must accompany the Respondent's Proposal.
- e. For an unfinished resource, the final agreement between Montana-Dakota and the Respondent will require the Interconnection Study to be completed, or will be contingent upon such a study being completed.

3.3. Screening Process

On or before March 27, 2020, Montana-Dakota intends to select Proposals that will be included on a short list. This date may be advanced or delayed at Montana-Dakota's sole discretion. Through the short-listing process, those Proposals that are inferior to other Proposals in terms of overall cost and level of reliability, in Montana-Dakota's sole discretion, will be eliminated from further consideration. Montana-Dakota will notify all short-listed Respondents that they have been included on the short list. Similarly, Montana-Dakota intends to notify Respondents of those Proposals that are eliminated from further consideration within a reasonable amount of time.

Montana-Dakota plans to analyze the short-listed Proposals in detail by assessing their impact on its customer electric service rates, comparing their costs to those of other resource alternatives, and examining their compatibility with Montana-Dakota's resource needs.

Montana-Dakota may elect to schedule meetings or conference calls with each short-listed Respondent to review and clarify its Proposal. After the selection of the short-listed Proposals, Montana-Dakota will begin contract negotiations with such Respondent(s).

Montana-Dakota may select a final Respondent(s) based on the detailed evaluation of the short-listed Proposals. This selection will not automatically be based on the lowest price alternatives available amongst the Proposals. The price and non-price attributes described in part in this RFP solicitation document will be considered in their totality for each Proposal. Montana-Dakota will use its sole discretion, judgment and analyses in making the final selection(s) in the RFP process. Montana-Dakota's objective is to select resources that have the potential to offer the maximum reliability and value, based on cost and non-cost attributes.

4. CONTRACTS AND REGULATORY APPROVAL

4.1. General

The Respondent(s) whose Proposal is selected, if any, will be responsible for acquiring and verifying that they are in compliance with all necessary licenses, permits, certifications, reporting requirements and approvals required by federal, state and local government laws,

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regulations and policies, including if applicable, for the design, construction and operation of the generating unit. In addition, the Respondent shall fully support the regulatory approval process associated with any potential acquisition or power supply arrangement.

The Respondent shall be liable for all, and Montana-Dakota shall not be responsible for any, of the costs that the Respondent incurs to prepare and submit its Proposal, negotiate any subsequent contract, and any related activity including applicable permitting and governmental approvals.

4.2. Contract Modifications

It is anticipated that the contract format for an award in response to this RFP will be based on the North American Energy Markets Association (NAEMA) Capacity and Energy Tariff which can be found at <https://www.naema.com>. Respondents may expressly identify and include proposed changes to the NAEMA Capacity and Energy Tariff in their response packages. Such proposed revisions will allow Montana-Dakota to assess in its evaluation process the significance and impact to any Proposal of the changes requested by Respondents. Montana-Dakota reserves the right to utilize a different contract format, based on its sole discretion, for power purchase agreements under this RFP.

4.3. Definitive Agreement

As soon as practicable after Montana-Dakota completes negotiations, Montana-Dakota expects the selected Respondent(s), if any, to execute a definitive agreement. Failure of the Respondent(s) to promptly execute a definitive written agreement after notification of an award will result in rejection of the Proposal.

4.4. Regulatory Approval Process

At Montana-Dakota's sole discretion, any final negotiated contract may be conditioned upon regulatory actions and approvals by regulatory authorities. All consents and approvals of governmental authorities required for the consummation of the contemplated transactions shall have terms and conditions acceptable to Montana-Dakota.

4.5. Collusion

By submitting a Proposal to Montana-Dakota in response to this RFP, the Respondent certifies that the Respondent has not divulged, discussed or compared its Proposal with any other Respondents and has not colluded whatsoever with any other Respondents with respect to this Proposals.

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Exhibit A – Form of Statement of Financial Conditions and Creditworthiness

The following information shall be completed as appropriate and will be used to assess the applicant's financial conditions and creditworthiness.

1. Company Information

Type of Business

- Corporation
- Limited Liability Company
- Partnership
- Other (describe)

Applicant Organization

Legal Corporate Name:

Street Address:

City, State, Zip Code:

Dun & Bradstreet Number:

Federal Tax ID Number:

Applicant Credit Contact

Name:

Title:

Phone Number:

Email Address:

For Corporation/Limited Liability Companies

Date and State of Incorporation/Registration:

Street Address:

City, State, Zip Code:

For General Partnerships

Name of General Partner:

Address of General Partner/Registered Agent:

City, State, Zip Code:

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2. Guarantor

Guarantor Company

Legal Corporate Name:

Street Address:

City, State, Zip Code:

Dun & Bradstreet Number:

Federal Tax ID Number:

3. Credit Information

The company and/or company's guarantor (if applicable) is required to submit the most recent 2 years of audited financial statements and accompanying notes. Indicate below what statements are being submitted.

10K

8Ks to the extent they address any information set forth in the 10Ks
or 10Qs

10Q

Other (describe)

All submitted information must be in the English language, and financial data denominated in United States currency, and conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. If the offering entity's financial information is consolidated with other entities, then it is the offering entity's responsibility to extract and submit as separate documents all data and information related solely to the offering entity. This must include all financial information, associated notes and all other information that would comprise a full financial report conforming to GAAP.

Has the offering entity or predecessor company declared bankruptcy in the last 5 years?

Yes

No

Are there any pending bankruptcies or other similar state or federal proceedings, outstanding judgments or pending claims or lawsuits that could affect the solvency of the offering entity?

Yes

No

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If the answer is “Yes” to either of the above questions, please provide an addendum to this application describing the situation and how it affects the offering entity’s ability to meet or not meet its credit obligations.

Respondent/Guarantor Credit Rating

Standard & Poor’s

Last Rating Date:

Corporate Rating:

Senior Unsecured Long term Debt Rating:

Other:

Moody’s

Last Rating Date:

Corporate Rating:

Senior Unsecured Long term Debt Rating:

Other:

Fitch

Last Rating Date:

Corporate Rating:

Senior Unsecured Long term Debt Rating:

Other:

In the event the above information is inadequate or fails to completely meet Montana-Dakota’s need for financial security for a given bid, the entity must provide evidence of its capability to provide collateral instruments.

Please detail all credit related issues and concerns that Montana-Dakota should be aware of prior to negotiation of a formal power purchase agreement document:

Bank Reference Information

Bank Name:

Street Address:

City, State, Zip Code:

Contact Name:

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Phone Number:

Fax Number:

Account Number:

4. Project-specific Information

For project-specific supply proposals, please provide the following information:

Owners and percentage of ownership in generation unit(s):

Amount and source(s) of equity financing:

Amount and terms of financing, including:

- Amount of loan(s)
- Term of loan(s)
- List of conditions
- Amortization schedule

5. Authorization

The Offering Entity hereby represents and warrants that all statements and representations made herein, including any supporting documents, are true to the best of Offering Entity's knowledge and belief. The undersigned authorized official of the Offering Entity warrants that the Offering Entity agrees to be bound by these representations. The Offering Entity authorizes the above listed entities to release data requested by Montana-Dakota necessary to perform a credit check in connection with Offering Entity's interest to bid on this RFP.

Offering Entity's Company Name: _____

Signature of Authorized Official: _____

Name of Authorized Official (print): _____

Title of Authorized Official (print): _____

Date Signed: _____

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Exhibit B – Form of Notice of Intent to Bid

Date: _____

Our organization intends to submit a proposal in response to the Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. Request for Proposals for Capacity and Energy Supply.

Contact Name: _____

Name of Firm: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

E-mail: _____

Alternate Contact: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

E-mail: _____

Project Description: _____

Signature: _____

Exhibit C – Form of Confidentiality Agreement

MUTUAL CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a Subsidiary of MDU Resources Group, Inc., having its principal place of business at 400 North 4th Street, Bismarck, ND 58501 ("Montana-Dakota") and _____, having its principal place of business at _____ ("Respondent"), are discussing details related to the Respondent's reply to a Request for Proposal ("RFP") that Montana-Dakota has issued regarding the purchases of capacity and energy dated January 17, 2020. In the course of the discussions about the RFP each party may disclose certain confidential or proprietary information ("Proprietary Information") to the other party.

For purposes of this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement, Proprietary Information shall mean all information, technical data or know-how, whether written, oral, visual, electronic or in any other form (which may include, without limitation, strategic project development plans, financial information, business plans and records, and project information and records,) disclosed, acquired, or generated as a result of or in connection with the RFP process. Proprietary Information shall also include this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement and the terms and conditions set forth herein.

A. In consideration of Montana-Dakota and Respondent agreeing to supply each other Proprietary Information relating to the RFP process and in consideration of both parties entering into the exchange of information and/or discussions relating to the RFP process, Montana-Dakota and Respondent each agree that it, its corporate affiliates, and each of their respective directors, officers, employees, lenders, and professional advisors (each individually "Representatives"):

1. Will keep secret and confidential the Proprietary Information supplied to the other party and any discussions and negotiations about the RFP process except as herein provided and in a manner no less restrictive than the manner that the receiving party protects its own confidential information;
2. Will use the Proprietary Information only for the purpose of participating in, evaluating and negotiating the RFP process;
3. Will disclose the Proprietary Information only to its Representatives who need to know the Proprietary Information for the purpose of participating in, evaluating and negotiating the RFP process;
4. Will not, whether or not the Parties enter into definitive agreements, disclose to any third party (other than its Representatives) any of the

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Proprietary Information, other than the Proprietary Information which is in, or independently comes into, the public domain;

5. Will not, engage in any transactions of any kind or description whatsoever with regard to or using the Proprietary Information during the term of this Agreement without the written consent of the other party;
 6. Will, if requested in writing, promptly destroy or return any of the Proprietary Information provided without keeping any copies, except portion of the Proprietary Information that is found in analyses, compilations, studies or other documents prepared by Montana-Dakota and its employees, representatives, consultants and counsel may be held by Montana-Dakota and kept subject to the terms of this Agreement, or destroyed; and
 7. Will promptly notify the other party if any of the Proprietary Information conveyed to it is required to be disclosed by reason of law or legal process and will cooperate with the other party regarding any action which the other party (at the other party's sole cost and expense) may elect to take to challenge the legality or validity of such requirement.
- B. Montana-Dakota and Respondent also acknowledge and agree:
1. Proprietary Information which is provided will not be considered to be Proprietary information if that information is (i) in the other party's possession prior to disclosure, (ii) is in the public domain prior to disclosure, or (iii) lawfully enters the public domain through no violation of this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement.
 2. No agreement for a power purchase agreement or other transaction shall be deemed to exist unless and until a Definitive Transaction Agreement has been executed and delivered by the parties. The term "Definitive Transaction Agreement" does not include this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement, a letter of interest or any other preliminary written agreement, nor does it include any verbal agreement;
 3. Neither party makes any representation or warranty regarding the completeness or accuracy of any information provided to the other; any and all such representations and warranties shall be made in a written, executed agreement and will then be subject to the provisions thereof;
 4. Money damages would not be a sufficient remedy for a breach of this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement and the injured party is entitled to specific performance and injunctive or other equitable relief and remedies for any breach; such remedies shall not be the exclusive

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remedies but shall be in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity;

5. Neither party will make any announcement of the status of the Respondent's reply to the RFP or of any negotiations with respect to a possible power purchase agreement without the prior written consent of the other;
6. This Mutual Confidentiality Agreement is governed by the laws of the state of North Dakota; and
7. The obligations under this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement shall be continuing and shall survive the termination of the RFP process and any discussion or negotiations between the parties, but that all obligations of the parties hereunder will expire two years from the date of this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement.

The parties have executed this Mutual Confidentiality Agreement as of _____, 2020.

MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO.
a Subsidiary of MDU Resources Group,
Inc.

By: _____

By: _____

Jay Skabo

Title: _____

Title: Vice President Electric Supply

Attachment G

TRANSMISSION SERVICE CHARGE IMPACTS

TRANSMISSION SERVICE CHARGE IMPACTS

Montana-Dakota's electric service customers in the Interconnected System will continue to see increased transmission service charges resulting from (1) the termination of the Transmission Services Agreement (TSA) with Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) on December 31, 2015; (2) WAPA and Basin Electric Power Cooperative (BEPC) joining Southwest Power Pool (SPP) as a transmission owning member on October 1, 2015; (3) revenue credits provided to BEPC for facilities used by Montana-Dakota's customers; (4) the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. (MISO) allocation of cost sharing for baseline reliability and market efficiency projects under Regional Economic Criteria Benefit (RECB) I and II criteria; (5) the allocation of MISO Multi-Value Projects (MVP); and (6) allocation of Long-Range Transmission Plan (LRTP) projects.

Transmission Services Agreement with Western Area Power Administration

Montana-Dakota and WAPA had a long history of sharing transmission facilities and providing service across each other's systems using a reciprocal wheeling arrangement. This arrangement expired on December 31, 2015. On October 1, 2015, WAPA and BEPC joined Southwest Power Pool (SPP) as a transmission owning member and, as such, transmission service across their facilities are now covered under the SPP Tariff. As part of a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) settlement that Montana-Dakota entered into with SPP, WAPA, and BEPC regarding WAPA and BEPC's integration into the SPP footprint, Montana-Dakota agreed to take Network Integrated Transmission Service (NITS) under the SPP Tariff for service that was historically provided under the WAPA TSA, which basically covers Montana-Dakota's customer load west of Beulah, ND and west of Glenham, SD. Montana-Dakota has only a single 115kV transmission path west of Beulah to provide a connection back to the rest of Montana-Dakota's interconnected service territory and MISO. In return for taking NITS service under the SPP Tariff, Montana-Dakota is eligible for Facility Credits under Section 30.9 of the SPP Tariff for transmission facilities that WAPA and BEPC require service from Montana-Dakota which were previously provided under the WAPA TSA and BEPC Interconnection and Common Use Agreement (ICCUA). The impacts of the SPP NITS service is reduced by the Section 30.9 Facility Credit arrangement whereby Montana-Dakota is able to net a significant portion of its SPP transmission bill. BEPC is required to take MISO NITS service in areas that Montana-Dakota does not rely on SPP transmission facilities to serve its customer load providing additional offsets to the SPP NITS payments. Montana-Dakota received approval from FERC in 2021 for a Settlement

Agreement in docket ER20-108 and an Amendment to a Partial Settlement Agreement in ER21-169 which provides for additional future Section 30.9 Credits to Montana-Dakota.

Montana-Dakota continues to see greater value in remaining a MISO transmission owning member as compared to exiting MISO and joining SPP as a full member. The greater MISO membership value is largely related to a difference in resource adequacy requirements between MISO and SPP. SPP requires each load serving entity to carry capacity resources for their full forecasted customer load plus a planning reserve margin while MISO includes a diversity factor reduction as not all MISO customer load experiences their peak at the same time. Montana-Dakota receives a significant benefit from being the western most transmission owning member in MISO. As such, Montana-Dakota's customers currently only need to supply 81.1% of their full capacity requirements which provides 120 MWs of capacity savings. If Montana-Dakota were to join SPP, Montana-Dakota would have to add approximately 75 MW of additional capacity resources to its generation portfolio as SPP has a lower planning reserve margin than MISO. Using the MISO Cost of New Entry (CONE)¹ value of \$254.27 per MW-day for 2021/2022, the resource adequacy diversity value that Montana-Dakota receives in MISO is equal to \$11.1 million versus having to carry one hundred percent non-coincident peak requirements. The monetary value of MISO's resource adequacy requirements versus SPP's resource adequacy requirements is \$7.0 million per year if Montana-Dakota would exit MISO and join SPP as a transmission owning member and move all its load and generation into SPP's energy market.

To verify that the current netting arrangement is in the best interest of serving its customer obligations, Montana-Dakota annually calculates the cost differential of the two options: 1) continuing to take both SPP and MISO NITS service, versus, 2) withdrawing from MISO membership and switching to SPP.

Based on Montana-Dakota's 2021 load forecast, the estimated cost of taking MISO transmission service is \$8.2 million per year. Using the company's Plexos modeling software and removing the MISO market energy purchase option, the increased cost for Montana-Dakota to self-schedule its own generation without access to the MISO energy market is \$6.1 million. This value is used as a rough estimate of MISO market benefits that the Company receives versus the self-scheduling of only resources owned by the Company. Additional MISO membership benefits include reliability oversight through Reliability Coordinator services, resource adequacy diversification (\$11.1

¹ 2020/2021 Planning Resource Auction (PRA) Results. Page 9. [PowerPoint Presentation \(misoenergy.org\)](https://www.misoenergy.org)

million benefit as calculated above), tariff management, coordinated transmission planning studies, and generator interconnection queue management.

In 2020, the total net cost of taking both MISO and SPP transmission services is estimated at \$15.4 million or \$9.1 million above MISO only tariff costs. This estimate includes the SPP Section 30.9 Facility Credits provided under the SPP Tariff as well as the payments from Basin Electric for Transmission Service taken from MISO and the Basin Electric Facility Sharing Agreement. Montana-Dakota also received an additional \$2.1 million in market revenues from SPP in 2020 for real-time asset losses, congestion, and auction revenue rights associated with the SPP network transmission service reservation. For Montana-Dakota to have its load and generation in MISO's resource adequacy requirements versus SPP, provides a net savings of \$7.0 million using the current MISO CONE value for capacity resources calculated above. The FERC approval of dockets ER20-108 and ER21-169 will provide Montana-Dakota an additional \$2.5 million in Section 30.9 Credits from SPP in 2021. If Montana-Dakota would exit MISO and join SPP as a transmission owning member, it would continue to make annual transmission investment payments of \$6.2 million (2020 amount) to MISO for Schedule 26 and 26a projects that it has on-going cost responsibility to make under the MISO Tariff.

MISO Allocation of Cost Sharing under RECB I Criteria

The MISO RECB I cost allocations allow for the cost sharing of approved network transmission facilities with the benefiting transmission owners or with the entire MISO footprint. Contained in MISO's FERC Order 1000 compliance filing was the removal of the requirement to cost share future MISO RECB I projects, also referred to as baseline reliability projects, from the MISO Tariff beginning with MTEP 2014. Previously approved MISO RECB I projects will continue to be cost shared as before. Schedule 26 allocations are directly assigned revenue requirements for approved projects to an individual Transmission Owner or all MISO load through a system-wide postage-stamp rate. The CapX2020 Alexandria to Fargo 345 kV transmission line was approved in 2008 as a baseline reliability project eligible for cost sharing under the MISO Tariff and was placed into service in 2015. As defined in RECB I, eighty percent (80%) of the revenue requirements for these projects are allocated under a line outage distribution factor (LODF) calculation to determine beneficiaries, and the remaining twenty percent (20%) are allocated to all MISO load through a postage-stamp rate. Montana-Dakota's allocated investment share of the Alexandria to Fargo 345 kV line is \$6.6 million. Annual revenue requirements for all RECB I projects allocated to Montana-Dakota's transmission pricing zone in MISO are forecasted to equal \$1.3 million dollars in 2021, which includes the cost of the Mandan 230 kV Junction Substation. Montana-Dakota also receives RECB I (MISO Schedule 26) revenues from Otter Tail Power for

the reliability benefits they are assigned for the Mandan 230kV Junction Substation.² The MISO NITS transmission service that BEPC takes for its customer load in Montana-Dakota's transmission pricing zone is allocated a load ratio portion of the Montana-Dakota RECB I cost responsibilities. Montana-Dakota also receives Schedule 26 revenues as part of its ownership of the Twin Brooks 345 kV substation in South Dakota which is located on the Ellendale 345kV substation to Big Stone South substation transmission line. The Twin Brooks Substation was the cost allocation responsibility of the interconnecting generator and because the voltage of the network upgrade is 345 kV, ten percent of the project cost is allocated to the MISO system wide postage allocation for which Montana-Dakota receives Schedule 26 revenues.

MISO Allocation of Cost Sharing under RECB II Criteria

The MISO RECB II cost allocation allows for the cost sharing of approved market efficiency projects (MEPs) with the benefiting transmission owners or with the entire MISO footprint.

To qualify as a MEP, network transmission upgrades must be shown to have regional economic benefits as demonstrated through multi-future and multi-year planning. MEP's currently involve transmission facilities operating at voltages of 345kV and higher. Project costs must be at least \$5 million or more with at least 50% of the project cost associated with 345kV or above facilities. MEPs must have a benefit-cost ratio of 1.25 or higher with annual benefits calculated using 100% adjusted production cost savings for multiple future scenarios with the present value of benefits and costs calculated over the first 20 years after the in-service date, but not to exceed 25 years from the project's approval year.

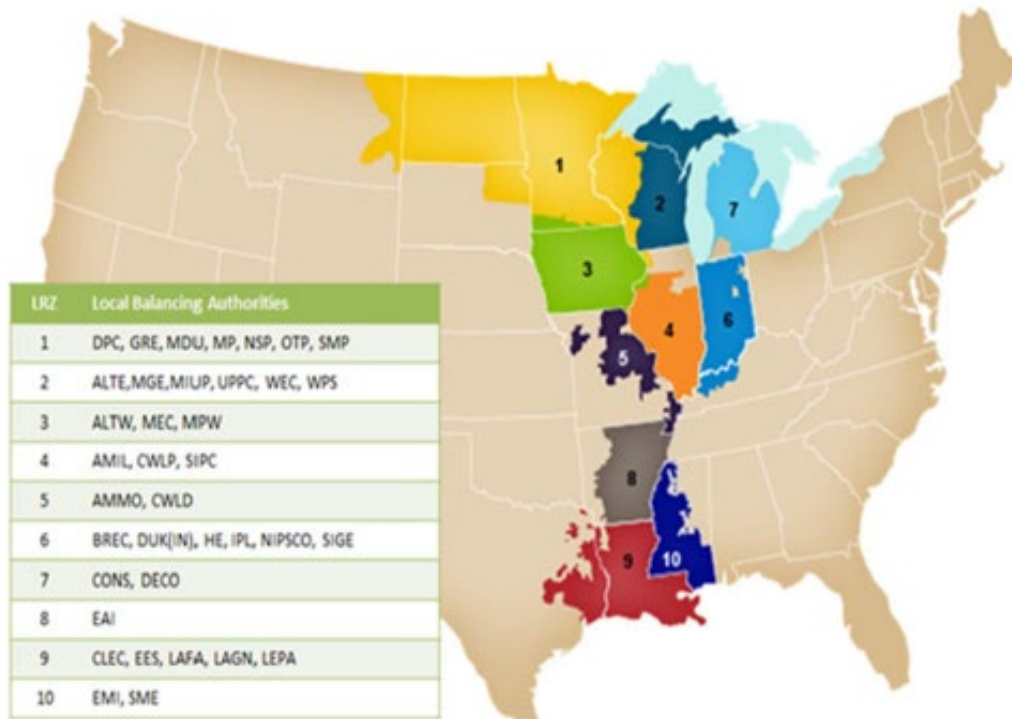
Revenue requirements for MEP's are allocated 80% to all load within the MISO Local Resource Zone that receives benefits with the remaining 20% allocated to the MISO footprint wide postage stamp.

On February 25, 2019, MISO filed FERC Docket No. ER19-1124-000 to modify cost allocation for MEP's using existing and newly adopted metrics that allow for added precision in allocating costs and facilitate 100% allocation of MEP costs to benefitting Transmission Pricing Zones (eliminating the 20% allocation to all of MISO on a postage stamp basis). The filing also provides an expanded framework for the designation of MEPs at lower voltages, including lowering the

² MISO Indicative Annual charges for approved Baseline Reliability Projects (Schedule 26). [Schedule 26 and 26A Indicative Reports \(misoenergy.org\)](https://www.misoenergy.org/Schedule-26-and-26A-Indicative-Reports)

voltage threshold from 345 kV to 230 kV and the creation of a new local economic project category between 230kV and 100kV.

Local Resource Zones (LRZ)



MISO continues to engage stakeholders through the RECB Task Force to review the MEP metrics and potential additional benefit calculations for things like (1) reduced planning reserve margin, (2) reduction in transmission losses, (3) avoided costs by deferring or eliminating future baseline reliability transmission investments, and (4) avoidance of market-to-market settlement payments. Montana-Dakota believes the current cost allocation for MEPs is sufficient and no changes are needed. If changes to voltage threshold or additional benefit criteria are implemented, then MISO should also look to allocate the costs for MEPs to local transmission pricing zones which benefit directly from the MEPs.

Allocation of MISO Multi-Value Projects

On December 17, 2010, the FERC approved a joint application filing by MISO and various MISO Transmission Owners to create a new cost allocation methodology for qualifying multi-value high-voltage transmission facilities called Multi-Value Projects (MVPs). MVPs are one or more network transmission upgrades that, when considered as part of a portfolio, provide widespread

regional benefits, respond to documented public policy requirements, and/or provide multiple benefits such as reliability and economic value. Network transmission projects classified as MVPs will be cost-shared on a one hundred percent (100%) basis to all MISO load and system exports to PJM.

MVP Eligibility Criteria

To be eligible as an MVP, the project must meet at least one of the following:

- A project that enables the transmission system to deliver energy in support of documented energy policy mandates or laws that have been adopted through state or federal legislation or regulatory requirement and deliver such energy in a manner that is more reliable and/or more economic than it otherwise would be without the transmission upgrade.
- A project that provides multiple types of economic value across multiple pricing zones with a total project benefit-to-cost ratio of 1.0 or higher.
- A project that addresses at least one transmission issue associated with a projected reliability violation and at least one economic-based transmission issue, and that provides economic value across multiple pricing zones and generates financially quantifiable benefits in excess of the total project cost.

2011 MVP Portfolio

MTEP 2011 approved \$5.6 billion for 17 Multi-Value Projects that were selected as part of a regional portfolio to improve reliability of the transmission system, meet public policy targets, and distribute economic benefits across the entire MISO footprint.³ The MTEP 2011 Report identified potential benefits of at least 1.8 to 3.0 times their cost for all MISO Local Resource Zones. The MTEP 2014 MVP Triennial Review Report calculates potential benefits from the 2011 MVP Portfolio of at least 2.6 to 3.9 times their cost for all MISO Local Resource Zones. The MTEP17 results provide benefits in excess of its costs, with its benefit-to-cost ratio ranging from 2.2 to 3.4; an increase from the 1.8 to 3.0 range calculated in MTEP11.⁴

³ MISO Transmission Expansion Plan 2011.

<https://cdn.misoenergy.org/2011%20MVP%20Portfolio%20Analysis%20Full%20Report117059.pdf>

³ MTEP17 MVP Triennial Review.

<https://cdn.misoenergy.org/MTEP17%20MVP%20Triennial%20Review%20Report117065.pdf>

One of the 2011 MVP Portfolio projects is a 345 kV transmission line from Big Stone, SD to Ellendale, ND. Montana-Dakota completed this project in partnership with Otter Tail Power Company in February 2019 with a constructed cost of \$247 million.

The 2021 forecasted MISO Schedule 26-A (MVP Cost Adder) charge is \$1.67 per MWh.⁵ Assuming a 2021 Total Energy Requirements of 3,350,642 MWh, this would result in a total charge of \$5,595,572 to Montana-Dakota's customers.

Montana-Dakota's cost allocation share of all MVP investments is less than one percent.

Long-Range Transmission Planning

A key part of MISO's Reliability Imperative is the need for additional high voltage electric transmission across the MISO footprint as plant retirements and increasing renewables continue to transform the grid. MISO is responding to this need with the Long-Range Transmission Planning (LRTP) effort. LRTP provides as a road map for investment decisions as the grid evolves.

LRTP is designed to assess the region's future transmission needs holistically, in concert with utility and state plans on where to site and build new generation resources.

The model building process used for LRTP is representative of the MTEP process but has a different data set and time frame of study. Load and renewable availability are dependent on time of day that is accounted for in the reliability base model set. The dispatch method for LRTP captures the ability to realize the target renewable energy levels with the various MISO Futures.

MISO is working with the Organization of MISO States (OMS) and stakeholders to develop and/or adjust cost-allocation methodologies that may be needed to support projects identified by LRTP. MISO is moving through a multi-phase approach of LRTP with the first phase only targeted towards MISO MTEP Future One. The estimated investment associated with MISO Future One is approximately \$30 billion with the first phase of LRTP projects included in the MISO MTEP21 study approved by the MISO Board of Directors in December 2021. The total cost of all LRTP projects associated with all three MTEP futures could be in the range of \$100 billion.

⁵ MISO Indicative Annual charges for approved Multi-Value Projects (Schedule 26-A). [Schedule 26 and 26A Indicative Reports \(misoenergy.org\)](#)

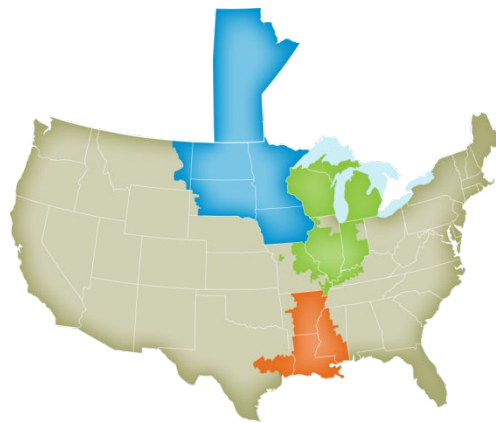
Attachment H

**MIDCONTINENT INDEPENDENT
SYSTEM OPERATOR (MISO)
REGIONAL TRANSMISSION
ORGANIZATION (RTO)**

MISO OVERVIEW

Formed in 2002, the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) is a not-for-profit, member based organization. MISO ensures the reliable delivery of electricity, at the lowest cost, across high-voltage power lines in 15 U.S. States and the Canadian province of Manitoba. MISO also conducts transmission planning and manages the buying and selling of wholesale electricity in one the world's largest energy markets.

MISO Footprint



MISO Scope of Operations¹

1. Generation Capacity
 - 184,287 MW (market)
 - 198,933 MW (reliability)
2. Generation Fuel Mix
 - 42% Gas
 - 29% Coal
 - 19% Renewables (22,082 MW of in-service wind generation)
 - 8% Nuclear
 - 2% Other
3. Historic Summer Peak Load (set July 20, 2011)
 - 127,125 MW (market)
 - 130,917 MW (reliability)
4. Historic Winter Peak Load (set January 6, 2014)
 - 109,336 MW (market)
 - 117,903 MW (reliability)
5. Transmission

¹ MISO Fact Sheet Updated January 2021 [Corporate Fact Sheet \(misoenergy.org\)](https://www.misoenergy.org/Corporate-Fact-Sheet)

- 65,800 miles
- 6. Balancing Authorities
 - 38 Local Balancing Authorities in MISO
- 7. Network Model
 - 294,467 SCADA data points
 - 6,726 generating units

MISO has four main areas of services that it provides to its members²

1. Tariff Administration

As a Regional Transmission Organization (RTO), MISO is responsible for administering its Open Access Transmission, Energy and Operating Reserve Markets Tariff and rate. Administration of the tariff includes:

- Calculating available transfer capability (ATC)
- Evaluating and approving all requests for transmission service
- Performing transmission system impact studies
- Communicating with transmission customers
- Coordinating use and administration with other transmission providers in the region

2. Reliability Assurance

MISO's State Estimator and Contingency Analysis tools are the foundation for reliability and market operations. With these tools, MISO's reliability coordinators see actual flows, voltages against limits, breaker changes and alarms.

Solving every 60 seconds or less, MISO's State Estimator processes more than 294,000 real-time measurements, giving their reliability coordinators a continuous assessment of the transmission system including all flows, voltages, and angles.

MISO's real-time Contingency Analysis runs more than 11,500 "what-if" scenarios every four minutes providing MISO system operators and engineers the information they need to reliably operate the system and feed system status information to the energy markets.

3. Competitive Markets

The Day-Ahead Energy and Operating Reserve Market is a forward market that simultaneously clears energy and operating reserves on a co-optimized basis for each hour of the next Operating

² MISO Website. "What We Do." <https://www.misoenergy.org/WHATWEDO/Pages/WhatWeDo.aspx>

Day. Security-Constrained Unit Commitment (SCUC) and Security-Constrained Economic Dispatch (SCED) computer programs satisfy the Energy Demand Bids and Operating Reserve requirements of the Day-Ahead Energy and Operating Reserve Market to ensure scheduling of adequate resources to meet the next day's anticipated load.

MISO's Real-Time and Operating Reserves Market continuously balances supply and demand at the least-possible cost while also recognizing current system conditions. MISO uses the SCED algorithm that simultaneously:

- Balance injections and withdrawals
- Meet operating reserve requirements
- Manage congestion of the transmission system
- Produce real-time Locational Marginal Prices (LMPs) and Market Clearing Prices (MCPs)

The primary function of MISO's FTR Market is the allocation of Auction Revenue Rights (ARRs) and the auction of Financial Transmission Rights (FTRs). ARRs/ FTRs get issued based on transmission capacity and as a means to provide a financial hedging mechanism to the Load Serving Entities (LSEs) and other Market Participants against congestion charges in MISO's Day-Ahead Market. An ARR is a Market Participant's entitlement to a share of revenue generated in annual FTR auctions. A Market Participant's firm historical usage of MISO's transmission system determines its share, and depending upon the FTR auction clearing price of an ARR path, the share could result in revenue or a charge. MISO facilitates annual and monthly FTR Auctions.

4. Transmission and Resource Planning

The transmission system expansion plans produced through the MISO planning process must ensure the reliable operation of the transmission system, support achievement of state and federal energy policy requirements, and enable a competitive electricity market to benefit all customers. The planning process, in conjunction with an inclusive, transparent stakeholder process, must identify and support development of transmission infrastructure that is sufficiently robust to meet local and regional reliability standards, enable competition among wholesale capacity and energy suppliers in the MISO markets, and allow for competition among transmission developers in the assignment of transmission projects.

Projects listed in Appendix A of the MTEP Report constitute the transmission projects recommended to the MISO Board of Directors for review and approval. In aggregate, these projects will:

- Ensure the reliability of the transmission system
- Provide economic benefits such as increased market efficiency
- Facilitate public policy objectives such as integrating renewable energy
- Address other issues or goals identified through the stakeholder process

MISO Generation Interconnection Studies

As part of its tariff, MISO manages generator interconnection requests and studies for those transmission facilities which functional and non-functional control has been turned over to MISO.

Generator interconnection are studied in groups under MISO’s Definitive Planning Process (DPP) which are scheduled bi-annually. Due to the high number of interconnection requests for wind and solar projects associated with the expiration of the Federal tax credits for renewable energy, study times to complete group interconnection requests are running 24 to 36 months to complete.

MISO’s generation interconnection queue currently consists of 557 projects totaling 83.3 GW of generation. By comparison, MISO all-time peak system load is 130 GW. A breakdown of the interconnection requests by local planning regions³ can be found in Figure 1. Montana-Dakota’s service territory is contained within the West Region.

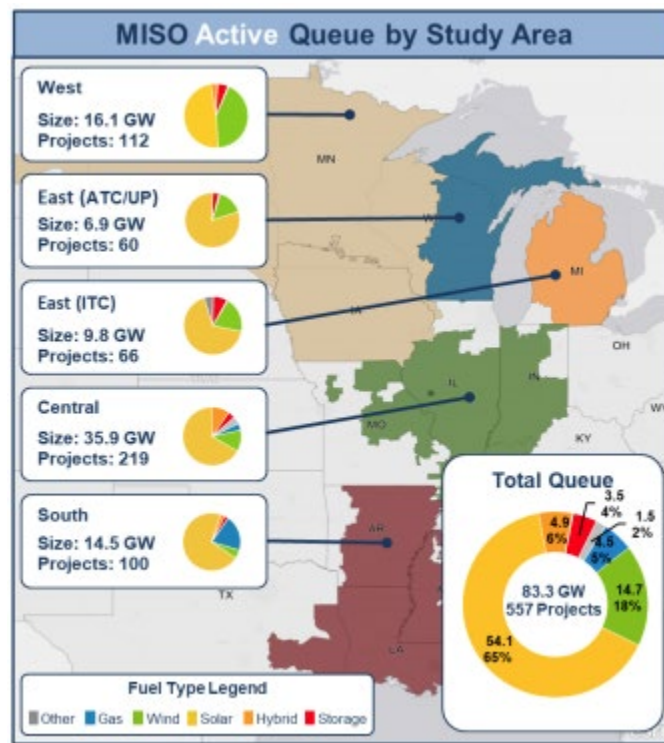


Figure 1 – MISO Generation Queue Summary

MISO has made changes to their tariff and interconnection study process to ensure projects meet higher milestone requirements before they are studied to reduce uncertainty and the need for

³ MISO Website. Generation Interconnection Queue Summary updated 4/1/2021. [GIQ_Web_Overview272899.pdf](https://www.misoenergy.org/GIQ_Web_Overview272899.pdf) ([misoenergy.org](https://www.misoenergy.org))

restudies if speculative projects with approved interconnection agreements are ultimately not constructed.

The delay in completing interconnection studies and assignment of network upgrade costs creates many uncertainties in all future new generation resource projects. The potential magnitude of assigned network upgrades costs can run from several hundreds of dollars per installed kW to almost a thousand dollars per kW which essentially doubles the capital cost of a wind, solar, or natural gas-fired generation project that want to locate in Montana-Dakota's service territory in Montana, North Dakota and South Dakota.

FERC recently approved a generator replacement process under its tariff whereby an existing generator can be retired and its interconnection rights transferred to new generator projects following an 180 day system impact study and does not have to go through the interconnection queue. The new generator must commence operation within three years of the retirement of the existing generator. Montana-Dakota is utilizing this new generator replacement process for the retirement of Heskett 1 and Heskett 2 and the construction of Heskett 4. The use of MISO's generator replacement process will provide certainty in the interconnection timing and costs for Heskett 4.

MISO Generation Shifts

As part of the annual MISO transmission expansion planning (MTEP) process, MISO looks at different future generation portfolios within the MISO footprint to ensure the transmission system meets the future needs of its members.

MISO future MTEP 2020 studies analyzed the following scenarios: Limited Fleet Change, Continued Fleet Change, Accelerated Fleet Change, and Distributed & Emerging Technologies. A breakdown of the MTEP 2020 Futures⁴ is illustrated in Figure 2.

⁴ MISO Website. MTEP 2020 Full Report. [MTEP20 Full Report485662.pdf \(misoenergy.org\)](https://www.misoenergy.org/MTEP20-Full-Report-485662.pdf)

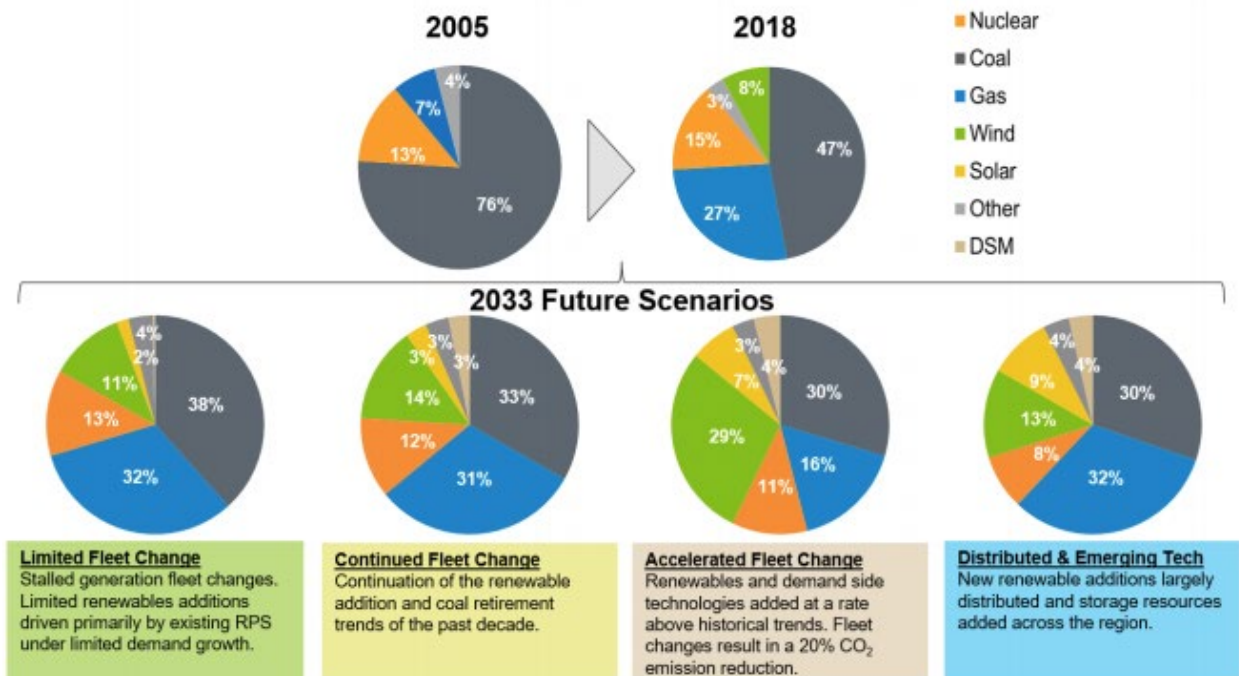


Figure 2 – MTEP 2020 Futures

Though most new generation resources additions in MISO are natural gas-fired, wind, or solar; nuclear, coal, and hydro (other) still make up a significant portion of the MISO generation fleet.

MISO has updated the MTEP 2021 future methodology and the MISO Futures Report⁵ published in April 2021, captures an eighteen-month collaboration between MISO and stakeholders to develop three Future scenarios that bookend the uncertainty over the next twenty years. When carried forward into the transmission planning models, this set of Futures will enable the diverse goals and policies of MISO’s states and utilities.

A. FUTURE 1

This future reflects substantial achievement of state and utility announcements and includes a 40% carbon dioxide reduction trajectory. While Future 1 incorporates 100% of utility integrated resource plan (IRP) announcements, state and utility goals that are not legislated are applied at 85% of their respective announcements to hedge the uncertainty of meeting these announced goals and respective timelines. Future 1 assumes that demand and energy growth are driven by exiting economic factors, with small increases in EV adoption,

⁵ MISO Website. MISO Futures Report. <https://cdn.misoenergy.org/MISO%20Futures%20Report538224.pdf>

resulting in an annual energy growth rate of 0.5%. Modeling Future 1 results in the retirement of 77 GW and the addition of 121 GW of resources in the MISO footprint.

B. FUTURE 2

This Future incorporates 100% of utility IRPs and announced state and utility goals within their respective timelines, while also including a 60% carbon dioxide reduction. Future 2 introduces an increase in electrification, driving an approximate 1.1% annual energy growth rate. Modeling of Future 2 results in the retirement of 80 GW and addition of 160 GW of resources to the MISO footprint.

C. FUTURE 3

This Future incorporates 100% of utility IRPs and announced state and utility goals within their respective timelines, while also including an 80% carbon dioxide reduction. Future 3 requires a minimum penetration of 50% wind and solar and introduces a larger electrification scenario, driving an approximate 1.7% annual energy growth rate. Modeling of Future 3 results in the retirement of 112 GW and addition of 330 GW of resources to the MISO footprint.

A breakdown of the generation shift in the MTEP 2021 Futures is illustrated in Figure 3⁶.

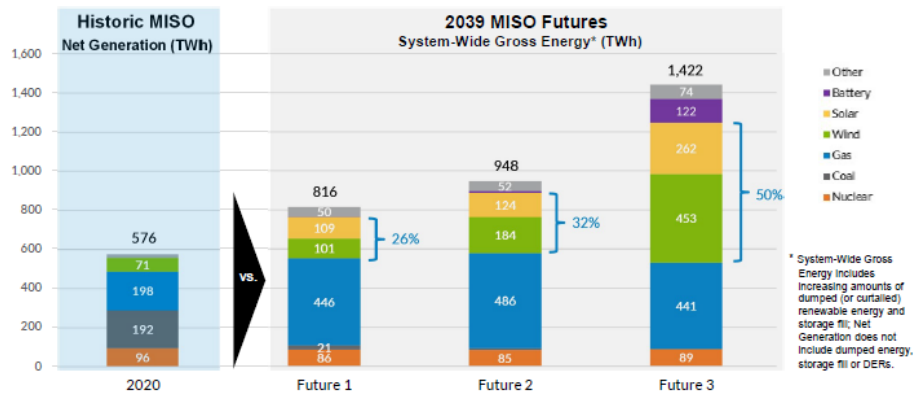


Figure 3 – Summary of MTEP 2021 Future generation shift.

⁶ MISO Long-Range Transmission Plan Roadmap. https://www.eenews.net/assets/2021/04/16/document_ew_02.pdf

Value Proposition

As a means of providing a measurement of value related services to its members, MISO annually updates its Value Proposition. The 2020 MISO Value Proposition consists of the following benefits:

A. IMPROVED RELIABILITY

MISO's broad regional view and state-of-the-art reliability tool set enable improved reliability for the region as measured by transmission system availability.

B. DISPATCH OF ENERGY

MISO's real-time and day-ahead energy markets use security constrained unit commitment and centralized economic dispatch to optimize the use of all resources within the region based on bids and offers by market participants.

C. REGULATION

With MISO's regulation market, the amount of regulation required within the MISO footprint dropped significantly. This is the outcome of the region moving to a centralized common footprint regulation target rather than several non-coordinated regulation targets.

D. SPINNING RESERVES

Starting with the formation of the Contingency Reserve Sharing Group and continuing with the implementation of the Spinning Reserves Market, the total spinning reserve requirement declined, freeing low cost capacity to meet energy requirements.

E. WIND INTEGRATION

MISO's regional planning enables more economic placement of wind resources in the region. Economic placement of wind resources reduces the overall capacity needed to meet required wind energy output.

F. COMPLIANCE

Before MISO, utilities in the MISO footprint managed FERC and NERC compliance. With MISO, many of these compliance responsibilities have been consolidated. As a result, member responsibilities decreased, saving them time and money.

G. FOOTPRINT DIVERSITY

MISO’s large footprint increases the load diversity allowing for a decrease in regional planning reserve margins. This decrease delays the need to construct new capacity.

H. DEMAND RESPONSE

MISO enables demand response through transparent market prices and market platforms. MISO-enabled demand response delays the need to construct additional capacity.

I. MISO COST STRUCTURE

MISO expects administrative costs to remain relatively flat and to represent a small percentage of the benefits.

The 2020 Value Proposition study indicates that MISO provides approximately \$3.5 billion in annual economic benefits to its members and the surrounding region.

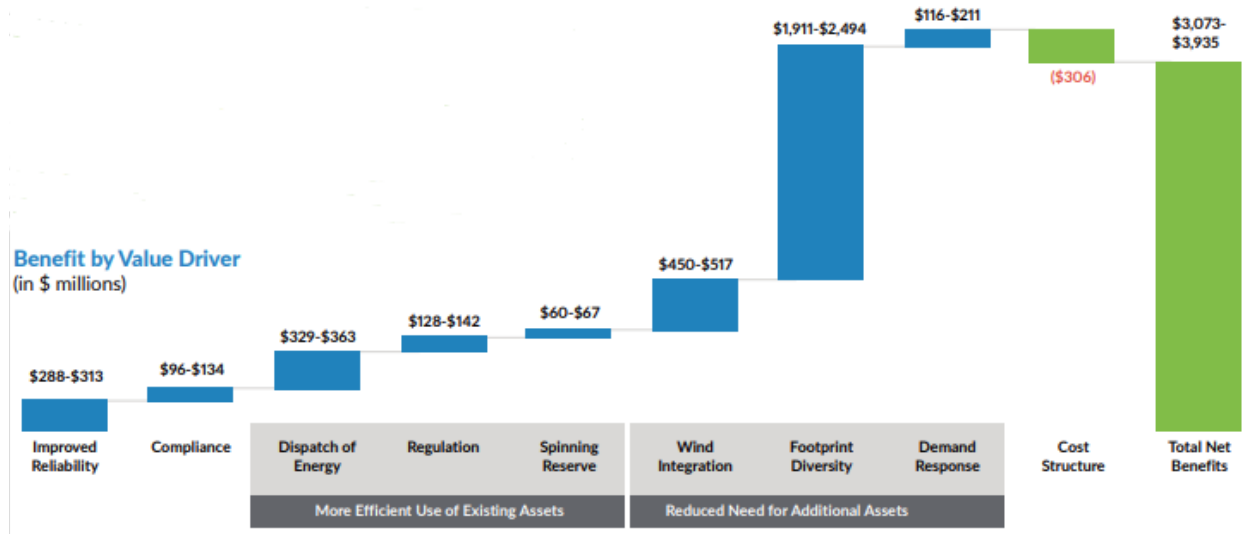


Figure 4 – MISO 2020 Value Proposition