

Fredrikson & Byron, P.A.

Attorneys and Advisors

304 East Front Avenue, Suite 400 Bismarck, ND 58504-5639 Main: 701.221.8700 fredlaw.com

June 6, 2024

VIA U.S. MAIL

Mr. Steve Kahl Executive Secretary Director North Dakota Public Service Commission 600 E. Boulevard, Dept. 408 Bismarck, ND 58505-0480

> RE: SCS Carbon Transport LLC Midwest Carbon Express Project Case No. PU-22-391

Dear Mr. Kahl:

Enclosed herewith, please find the following documents for filing with the North Dakota Public Service Commission ("Commission") in the above-referenced case:

- 1. SCS Carbon Transport LLC's Response to Landowner Intervenors' Motion to Strike Testimony of Dan Pickering; and
- 2. Certificate of Service.

An original and seven (7) copies of the foregoing are enclosed herewith. This letter and the above-described documents have been electronically filed with the Commission by e-mailing copies of the same to ndpsc@nd.gov.

Should you have any questions, please advise.

LAWRENCE BENDER

LB/tjg Enclosures

#82714293v1

619 PU-22-391 Filed 06/06/2024 Pages: 7
Response to Landowner Intervenors' Motion to Strike Testimony of Dan Pickering SCS Carbon Transport LLC
Lawrence Bender, Fredrikson&Byron, P.A.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF SCS CARBON TRANSPORT LLC FOR A CERTIFICATE OF CORRIDOR COMPATIBILITY AND ROUTE PERMIT FOR THE MIDWEST CARBON EXPRESS PROJECT IN BURLEIGH, CASS, DICKEY, EMMONS, LOGAN, MCINTOSH, MORTON, OLIVER, RICHLAND AND SARGENT COUNTIES, NORTH DAKOTA

CASE NO. PU-22-391

SCS Carbon Transport LLC's Response to Landowner Intervenors' Motion to Strike Testimony of Dan Pickering

SCS Carbon Transport LLC ("SCS") submitted pre-filed testimony of Dan Pickering with the North Dakota Public Commission (the "Commission") on April 18, 2024. (Doc. ID# 528). Mr. Pickering's testimony related to the indirect economic impacts of SCS's proposed pipeline. *Id*.

At the hearing in Wahpeton on May 24, 2024, Landowner Intervenors' counsel attempted to counteract Mr. Pickering's testimony by introducing irrelevant and duplicative evidence. SCS objected to the introduction of this irrelevant and duplicative evidence and Administrative Law Judge Hope Hogan (the "ALJ") sustained SCS's objection. Landowner Intervenors' counsel then threatened to move to strike Mr. Pickering's testimony in response to the ALJ's decision.

Landowner Intervenors' counsel has now followed up on his threat by filing a motion asking the ALJ to strike any pre-filed testimony of Mr. Pickering "related to any economic projections, assumptions, and opinions arising from [SCS's] proposed carbon dioxide pipeline,

Despite the ALJ excluding the evidence that Landowner Intervenors' counsel attempted to introduce to counteract Mr. Pickering's testimony, that does not mean Landowner Intervenors did not receive an opportunity to counteract Mr. Pickering's testimony. Landowner Intervenors' counsel had a full opportunity to counteract Mr. Pickering's testimony by cross-examining him at the May 28, 2024, technical hearing.

[SCS's] carbon dioxide capture scheme, and [SCS's] proposed carbon dioxide sequestration or storage." (Doc. ID# 585). For the reasons explained below, the ALJ should deny Landowner Intervenors' motion.

ARGUMENT

First, counsel for Burleigh County and the Landowner Intervenors cross-examined Mr. Pickering at the May 28, 2024 technical hearing. Accordingly, in the event Landowner Intervenors' motion to strike Mr. Pickering's testimony is granted, so should all testimony provided by Mr. Pickering on cross-examination.

Second, Landowner Intervenors' motion is untimely. As stated above, the direct written testimony of Mr. Pickering was filed with the Commission on April 18, 2024 and served upon all parties of record that same day. No motion to strike or other attempts were made to preclude or exclude Mr. Pickering's direct testimony until May 24, 2024 when counsel for Landowner Intervenors became upset with a properly sustained objection. Accordingly, Landowner Intervenors' motion to strike should be denied for this reason.

Third, Landowner Intervenors' arguments for why they believe the ALJ should strike Mr. Pickering's testimony do not have merit. Landowner Intervenors argue that the ALJ should strike Mr. Pickering's testimony because "the Commission has no jurisdiction over any carbon dioxide capture scheme or process, nor does it have any jurisdiction over proposed carbon dioxide sequestration or storage." (Doc. ID# 585). This is true, but Mr. Pickering made clear in his testimony that his analysis covers the economic impacts of Summit's project as a whole – including the pipeline that the Commission *does* have jurisdiction over.

Contrary to Landowner Intervenors' assertions, the Commission may consider any <u>indirect</u> economic impacts of SCS's proposed pipeline when evaluating SCS's application. *See* N.D.C.C.

§ 49-22.1-09(7). SCS's proposed pipeline will enable a CCUS project. This CCUS project will have several economic impacts on North Dakota. For example, the project should

generate 30-50 full time North Dakota jobs, with 2x-3x full time North Dakota jobs coming from suppliers/vendors and their associated impact (or 60-150 additional jobs). Thus, the total North Dakota jobs impact will be 90-200, most likely at above average income generation. Ernst & Young estimates ~\$50 million of economic impact or roughly \$100,000-\$200,000 per person employed, which, from prior experience, is consistent with other energy projects across the country.

(Doc. ID# 528).

All these economic impacts of the CCUS project that SCS's pipeline will enable are indirect economic impacts of SCS's pipeline. Thus, it is entirely proper for the Commission to consider these economic impacts even though it does not have jurisdiction over CCUS projects more broadly.

Landowner Intervenors next argue that the ALJ should strike Mr. Pickering's testimony because "[a]t the May 24, 2024, Wahpeton hearing Landowner [I]ntervenors attempted to develop evidence to contradict Mr. Pickering's claims and such attempts were object to by [SCS] and said objections were sustained by the [ALJ]." (Doc. ID# 585). SCS simply fails to see why the ALJ correctly excluding duplicative and irrelevant evidence Landowner Intervenors attempted to develop is a reason for the ALJ strike Mr. Pickering's non-duplicative and relevant testimony from the record.

Finally, Landowner Intervenors argue that the ALJ should strike Mr. Pickering's testimony because, according to Landowner Intervenors, "no alleged economic benefits of the 'project' are relevant to these proceedings." (Doc. ID# 585). However, the various intervenors in this case, including Landowner Intervenors, have repeatedly alleged that SCS's project only benefits the Tharaldson Ethanol plant and that a carbon dioxide pipeline does not serve the energy needs of

North Dakota. Regardless, "[t]he direct and indirect economic impacts of the proposed facility" is one of many factors that the North Dakota Legislature has set forth for the Commission to consider when evaluating SCS's application. N.D.C.C. § 49-22.1-09(7).

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the arguments put forth by Landowner Intervenors are meritless and the ALJ should deny Landowner Intervenors' motion to strike.

Dated this 6th day of June, 2024.

FREDRIKSON & BYRON, P.A.

By:

LAWRENCE LENDER, ND Bar #03908 304 East Front Avenue, Suite 400 Bismarck, ND 58504 (701) 221-8700 lbender@fredlaw.com

Attorneys for SCS Carbon Transport LLC

#82667751v1

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

SCS Carbon Transport LLC
Midwest Carbon Express CO2 Project
Sitting Application

CASE NO. PU-22-391

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, being of legal age, hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the following:

- 1. Letter to S. Kahl forwarding documents for filing; and
- 2. SCS Carbon Transport LLC's Response to Landowner Intervenors' Motion to Strike Testimony of Dan Pickering.

were, on June 6, 2024, filed with the North Dakota Public Service Commission and served electronically to the following:

Hope L. Hogan hlhogan@nd.gov

John Schuh
jschuh@nd.gov

Zachary Pelham zep@pearce-durick.com

Randall J. Bakke rbakke@bgwattorneys.com

Bradley N. Wiederholt bwiederholt@bgwattorneys.com

David Phillips dphillips@bgwattorneys.com

Steven Leibel steve@bismarck-attorneys.com

David Knoll david@bismarck-attorneys.com

Brian E. Jorde bjorde@dominalaw.com

Kevin Pranis kpranis@liunagroc.com

Derrick Braaten derrick@braatenlawfirm.com

Julie Lawyer bc08@nd.gov

Patrick Zomer Pat.Zomer@lawmoss.com Dated this 6th day of June, 2024.

FREDRIKSON & BYRON, P.A.

By:

LAWRENCE BENDER, ND Bar #03908 304 East Front Avenue, Suite 400 Bismarck, ND 58504 (701) 221-8700

(701) 221-8700 lbender@fredlaw.com

#82714320v1